to dev-āgrahāra (rent-free holding in the possession of a deity), vaiśy-āgrahāra (rent-free holding in the possession of the Vaiśyas), etc.; sometimes spelt agrāhāra (CII 3). See mahāgrahāra, brahmapurī, caturvedi-mangala, etc.; also anga-bhoga.

agrahāra-pradey-āmiśa (EI 33), a small rent payable for land granted to Brāhmaņas and declared rent-free.

Agrahārika, Āgrahārika (IE 3-8; EI 23; HD; CII 3; etc.), the owner of an agrahāra; sometimes probably, the superintendent of agrahāras; same as Agrahārin. Cf. Ep. Ind., Vol. XXIV, p. 127.

Agrahārin, Agrahārīna (EI 23, 24), the holder of an agrahāra; headman or owner of an agrahāra village. Cf. Agrahārika.

Agrahārīņa-mahattara (EI 24), headman among the Agrahārīņas, i.e. owners of an agrahāra (rent-free village in the possession of Brāhmaņas).

āgrahāyaņī (EI 8), Mārgaśīrsa su-di 15.

agraja (EI 23), the elder brother (or cousin); rarely used wrongly in the sense of 'the eldest son' (EI 9).

agrajanman (EI 9), same as agraja (q.v.); wrongly used to mean 'the eldest son' instead of 'the elder brother' (cf. agraja).

(El 24), a Brāhmaņa.

Agra-mahādevī (SITI), chief queen of a king.

Agra-mahāmahişī (IE 8-2), title of a chief queen; cf. Mahişī, Agra-mahişī, Mahāmahişī, Agra-mahādevī.

Agra-mahiși (IE 8-2; EI 22; LL; ML), designation of the chief queen; cf. Mahiși, Agra-mahādevi, etc.

agra-mandapa (SITI), front hall of a temple.

agra-pra,āda, same as tala-vŗtti (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXI, p. 166, note 2).

agra-pratyamisa (EI 23; CII 2-1; ML), principal share; same as agra-bhāga.

agra-pratyāya (EI 23), principal share or income; same as agra-bhāga.

agra-śālā (SII 3), a temple-kitchen.

 $\bar{a}grayana$ (EI 7), the first Soma libration at the *agnisiona* sacrifice; oblation consisting of first-fruits at the end of the rainy season.

agrika (LP), 'the previous one'.