anna, Anglicised form of āṇaka; 16th of a rupee (JNSI, Vol. XV, p. 142).

annaka, annikā, cf. anaka, anikā.

Annanasimha (IE 8-2), Kannada; 'the lion of the brother'; a subordinate title. Cf. Ayyanasimha.

anta (IE 8-4; CII 1), a state beyond the borders of one's territories, or a bordering district; also its people; cf. pratyanta.

(CII 1), cf. Anta-mahāmātra, officer employed in districts bordering on the frontiers of one's kingdom.

(EI 3), a neighbour.

antaḥ-kara (CII 4), explained as 'excise duty'; probably, 'internal revenue' or revenue income; same as antar-āya, antar-ādāya, abhyantar-ādāya, etc.; cf. antaḥ-kara-viṣṭika (EI 6), antara (EI 15), etc.

Antaḥ-pratīhāra (IE 8-3), officer in charge of defending the back gate of the palace or of the palace-gates as distinguished from the gates of the capital city.

antahpura, cf. karana (LP); the royal harem.

(ML), the household; same as avarodhana in Aśoka's edicts.

Antahpur-ādhyakṣa (IE 8-3; EI 13; SII 11-2), superintendent of the royal harem; same as Āntaḥpurika, Stryadhyakṣa, etc., and Sanskrit-Kannaḍa Antaḥpura-vĕrgaḍĕ (IE 8-3); sometimes also called Mahāpradhāna, Mahāpasāyita, Hĕri-Lāḷa-Kannaḍa-sandhivigrahin, Manĕ-vĕrgaḍĕ, etc., additionally.

Āntaḥpurika (EI 13, 14, 18, 19, 23; HD), officer in charge of the royal harem; cf. Antaḥpur-ādhyakṣa, etc. Cf. Ep. Ind., Vol. IX, p. 305.

Antaḥpura-mahāmātra (HD), officer in charge of the royal harem, mentioned in the Masulipatam plates of Amma II (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXIV, p. 276). Cf. Stryadhyakṣa-mahāmātra of Rock Edict XII of A'oka (CII 1).

antaḥ-siddhika (CII 4), same as abhyantara-siddhika.

Anta mahāmātra (IE 8-3; CII 1), executive officers in charge of the bordering districts of an empire and probably not ambassadors at the courts of neighbouring kings. Cf. Antapāla.

Antapāla (EI 9), frontier guard; explained by some as 'an officer in charge of the boundaries' (HD). Cf. Arthaśāstra, I. 12 (one of the 18 tīrthas); II. 21; V, 1; Kāmandaka, XII. 5; Mālavikāgnimitra, Act I. See Anta-mahāmātra.