

(IE 8-3; CII 3, 4), generally mentioned along with *bhaṭa*; sometimes replaced by *cāra* (spy) and *chātra* (literally, 'umbrella-bearer', but really, a constable, i.e. a *Pāik* or *Piāda*); probably indicates the leader of a group of *Bhaṭas*, i.e. *Pāiks* and *Piādas*; a policeman leading a group of *Pāiks*. See *caṭṭa*. Yājñavalkya, I. 336, speaks of the duty of the king to protect people from the harassment caused by *cāṭas*, robbers and *Kāyasthas* and the *Mitākṣarā* explains *cāṭa* as persons who deprive people of their wealth after creating false confidence in them. According to Bṛhaspati quoted by Aparārka, 'dangers common to all are those arising from the *cāṭas* and thieves'. The word *cāṭa* in the passage *tārkika-cāṭa-bhaṭa-rāj-āpraveśya* in Śaṅkara's *Bhāṣya* on the *Bṛhadāranyaka Upaniṣad* is explained by Ānandagiri by saying that the *cāṭas* are those that transgress the rules of conduct for decent people and that *bhaṭas* are servants telling falsehood (*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. IX, p. 296). But *cāṭa* is used in inscriptions in the sense of a royal official.

*caṭāpaka* (LP), 'increasing [the rent already fixed]'; cf. Gujarātī *caḍhāvo*.

*caṭāpya* (LP), 'to be entered [on the back of the bond]'; cf. Gujarātī *caḍhāvavā*.

*ca-ṭi* abbreviation of an expression probably meaning 'a mound suitable for planting fruit trees'. See *Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXX, p. 56. Cf. *ṭi*.

*caṭita* (LP), one who makes an attack.

(LP), accumulated.

Cf. *khaṇḍa-sphuṭita-caṭita-pratiṣaṃskāra*; a crack.

*Caṭṭa* (EI 25), Tamil corruption of Sanskrit *Chātra*; a student.

(IE 8-3), cf. *a-caṭṭa-bhaṭṭa-praveśa* (IE 8-5); same as *Cāṭa* of earlier records.

*caṭṭanā* (LP), food; sauce; cf. Gujarātī *caṭṭuṃ*, licking.

*cāṭu* (IA 15), probably, a spoon.

(EI 32), a eulogistic stanza.

*catuḥ-śāla*, *catuḥ-śālā* (EI 20; SITI), a cloister.

(SITI), a meeting hall; see *catuś-śālā*.

(EI 24), same as *catur-ālaya*.

*cātu-ṭaḍi* (CITD), Telugu; an offering of food to the deity.

*catura*, cf. *caturaka*; a square.

*caturaka* (LP), same as Sanskrit *catvara*; Gujarātī *coro*;