dandā (EI 31), Odiyā ; a boundary line or road. See danda.

Dāndabhogika (HD), same as Dāndapāśika (q.v.), or the police magistrate. See Ep. Ind., Vol XIII, p. 339.

daņļa-daś-āparādha (CII 4), fines including those imposed for the ten offences; same as daś-āparādha. See daņļadoṣa-daśāparādha, daņļa-śulka, etc.

daņd-ādāya (EI 20), fines; see Ghoshal, H. Rev. Syst., pp. 253-54.

Daņdādhinātha (EI 16; SII 1; HD), same as Daņdapāla, Daņdanāyaka, etc. See Ind. Ant., Vol. XIV, p. 55.

Daņdādhināyaka (SII 1), a general; same as Daņdādhinātha.

Dandādhipa (BL; HD), the commander of forces; same as Dandapāla, Dandādhipati, etc. See the commentary on the Yaśastilaka, I, p. 91; Ep. Ind., Vol. IX, p. 151.

Daņdādhipati (EI 26), cf. Daņdanāyaka, etc.

(LP), explained as 'a governor'.

Daņdādhīśvara (EI 5), same as Daņdādhipati, etc.

danda-dosa, cf. sa-dandadosa (EI 23); fines. See danda.

dandadosa-dasāparādha (HRS), same as danda-dasāpa-rādha; cf. sahya-das-āparādha; sa-dasāparādha means 'with the privilege of remission for the ten offences', according to some; seems to mean 'with the right to enjoy fines for the ten offences'; cf. das-aparādha.

dandaka (EI 30), probably, a regulation.

(IE 8-8), meaning uncertain; probably, fines.

Cf. dandaku (IA 16), a boundary mark or land-mark. danda-kkānam (SITI), Sanskrit-Tamil; amount imposed as fine; cf. dandam kurram (EI 30; SITI), a levy of fines; fine and penalty imposed.

danda-mārga (ASLV), military route.

Dandanātha (EI 16; CII 4; SII 1), commander of an army. See Ep. Ind., Vol. V, p. 31. Cf. Dandanāyaka, etc.

Daņdanāyaka (IE 8-3; EI 30; CII 4; BL), probably a translation of Greek Strategos; a general; a leader of forces, an army officer; a military commander; also called Daņdanātha, Dandanetr, etc.; sometimes also called Mahāsāmanta, Senādibāhattaraniyogādhisthāyaka, Mahāpradhāna, Sarvādhikārin, Mahāpasāyita, etc., additionally; see Mahādandanāyaka, Sarvadandanāyaka, Mahāsarvadandanāyaka.