dvāra-koṣṭhaka (Lüders, Mathurā Inscriptions, p. 135, text line 4), translated as 'gateway'; gate-chamber.

dvāra-maṇḍapa (HA), a hall or pavilion on the entrance

or door of a shrine.

Dvāranātha (IE 8-3; HD), superintendent of the passes leading into the kingdom, according to Stein (Rājataranginī, V. 214); same as Dvār-ādhipa, Dvārapati, etc.

Dvārapāla (EI 22), a door-keeper.

Dvāra-parīkṣā (IE 8-3; EI 28), Odiyā; Sanskrit Dvāra-parīkṣaka; same as Pratīhāra. Cf. Parīkṣā.

Dvārapati (IE 8-3; HD), 'lord of the gate'; a commander of forces under the Kampanāpati [in Kashmir]; the guardian of a pass [leading into the Kashmir valley]; same as Dvāranātha, Dvār-ādhipa, etc.

dvāroṣṭha (EI 1), meaning doubtful; probably a mistake for dvāra-koṣṭha, a gate-chamber.

dvaya (IE 7-1-2), 'two'.

Dveda (EI 24, 29), contracted form of Dviveda.

dvesa (CII 3), an epithet applied to land; a term of uncertain significance.

Dvi (EI 11), abbreviation of Dviveda.

(IE 8-1), abbreviation of dvitīya.

dvi-bhūmika (LP), two-storied.

dvi-garbha (LL), a two-celled building.

dvijāti-dāya (EI 22), same as brahma-dāya.

 $dvik\bar{a}$ , double measure (*Ep. Ind.*, Vol. XXXVI, p. 52, note 5).

dvipa (EI (7-1-2), 'eight'.

 $dv\bar{\imath}pa$  (IE 7-12), 'seven'.

dvi-vallakya (LP), [coins] in which there is a mixture of two vāls (6 ratis) of a base metal. Cf. JNSI, Vol. XXII, p. 197.

Dviveda (CII 4), also called Dvivedin; epithet of Brāhmanas; later stereotyped as a Brahmanical family name.

dvyardha (CII 1), one and a half.

*dyu* (IE 7-1-2), 'cypher'

dyu-maṇi (IE 7-1-2; EI 25), 'twelve'.

dyūta (HRS), gambling; the king's dues collected by the superintendent of gambling.

Dyūtasabhāpati (BL), superintendent of the gambling hall.