cowherds; gauda is the same as gokuta meaning a cowherd or milkman.

go-grāsa, troughful of fodder for the cattle (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXV, p. 108).

gohara, gohārā (Chamba), a path.

gohari (EI 31), Odiyā; cattle track or pasture land; or probably, a road (cf. gohara, gohārā).

goja, the moon (Ep. Ind., Vol. XVI, p. 58).

gojha (Chamba), pocket; pocket money; personal property.

gokara (IE 8-5; EI 4, 8, 13), probably, grazing tax.

gokarṇa (EI 9), gokarṇa-kuśa-kusuma-karatal-odaka-pūrṇa (EI 23), gokarṇa-kuśalatā-pūta-hast-odakena (Ind. Ant., Vol. XV, p. 10, note 57), referring to an elaborate form of the ritual relating to donation generally indicated by the expression udak-ātisargeṇa; same as gaṇḍūṣa (in Bengali); palm hollowed to hold water and resembling a cow's ear.

gokula (EI 9), cf. 'officer in charge of the gokulas'; cf. Gokul-ādhikārin, Gokulika, Gomaṇḍalika.

(SITI), a temple of Kṛṣṇa; also called āyappāḍi in Tamil. Gokul-ādhikārin (EI 24), superintendent of cattle; officer in charge of the royal cattle and cowpens (Ep. Ind., Vol. XIV, p. 194). See Gokulika, Gomanḍalika. Cf. Vivīt-ādhyakṣa, Vrajabhūmika, Gomahiṣāj-ādhyakṣa.

Gokulika (Ep. Ind., Vol. XIX, p. 71), same as Gokul-ādhi-kārin, Gomaṇḍalika.

Gokuța (IE 8-5; EI 28), same as Odiyā Gauda; a milkman or cowherd.

golā (IA 21), a district.

(EI 31), a granary.

 $golak\bar{a}$  (SITI), also called  $gulik\bar{a}$ , golakkai, kolakkai, kuligai; name of a coin, probably circular in shape.

Golla (EI 3), a cowherd.

(IE 8-4), a small territorial unit.

 $\it Golla-v\bar{a}ru$  (CITD), Telugu; a caste of watchmen [employed as treasure-guards], generally herdsmen.

Go-mahiṣ-āj-āvikā-va dav-ādhyakṣa (IE 8-3), cf. Kiśora-va davā-go-mahiṣ-āj-āvik-ādhyakṣa, etc.

Go-mahiṣy-aj-ādhyakṣa (EI 28), official designation; cf. Go-mahiṣ-āj-āvikā-vadav-ādhyakṣa.