Hasty-aśv-oṣṭra-nau-bala-vyāpṛtaka (IE 8-3; EI 24, 29; HD), military officer or officers in charge of the elephant force, cavalry, camel corps and navy. See Vogel, Ant. Ch. St., p. 166; Ep. Ind. Vol. XVII, p. 321. Cf. Hasty-aśv-oṣṭra-go-mahiṣ-āj-āvik-ādhyakṣa. It has to be noted that these two are never mentioned together while, on the other hand, one is used in place of the other. See Naubala-hasty-aśva-go-mahiṣ-ājāvik-ādi-vyāpṛtaka, etc.

hatha-pamni, hatha-pāni, hatha-pānī (Chamba), libation of water; from Sanskrit hasta-pānīya. See hast-odaka.

hațța (EI 1, 30, LP), a market or market-place.

haṭṭa-dāna (EI 3), name of a tax; tolls collected at the market place. Cf. aṭṭapati-bhāga.

haṭṭa-mārga (EI 19), the main bazar.

 $hatta-rathy\bar{a}~({\rm EI}~30),~{\rm passage}~{\rm between}~{\rm rows}~{\rm of}~{\rm stalls}~{\rm in}~{\rm the}~{\rm market}.$ 

 $hatta-vyavaharam\bar{a}na$  (LP), probably, 'current in the market (hatta)'.

haṭṭikā (LP), a market.

 $(EI\ 4)$  probably 'market-dues', mentioned along with  $talap\tilde{a} taka$  or  $talav\tilde{a} taka$  .

havana (SII 3), a burnt oblation.

havir-bali (SITI), same as śrī-bali; bali offered with cooked food; same as Tamil ti-yeriśoru; tax payable for meeting the expenses of the same in a temple.

Hayapati (EI 1, 24, 29; BL; CII 4), same as Aśvapati; 'the lord of horses'; keeper of horses or a leader of horsemen.

he (IE 8-1), abbreviation of hemanta (q.v.).

heda, cf. hedau, hedavālā (LP), a man who wanders along with a herd of cattle (heda) for selling them.

hedavika (EI 12), also called hedavuka; a horse-dealer. See heda.

Hěggadě (IE 8-3; EI 28; ASLV) Kannada; official designation indicating a chief, superintendent or director; same as Věrgadě, Pěrgadě, Adhyaksa, etc.

hějjunka (EI 21), Kannada; name of a tax; also called pěrjunka; Sanskrit mahāśulka or bṛhac-chulka.

 $\it hema$  (IE 8-1), abbreviation of  $\it hemanta$ . See also  $\it hema-dh\bar{a}nyaka$ .