jātaka-kkudi (SITI), Sanskrit-Tamil; persons who have undertaken to serve for their lifetime in a temple, etc.

jāta-kara (IA 15), explained as 'a tax on things grown'; a mistake for or misreading of jala-kara (q.v.).

jāta-karman (EI 4), a ceremony performed at the birth of a child.

jāti (IE 7-1-2), 'twentytwo'.

jāti-siddh-āya (SITI), communal tax payable in coin; cf. inavari or inavari-kkāśu of Tamil inscriptions.

Jatila (LL), an ascetic.

jāti-smaraṇa-jñāna (HA), knowledge of previous births. jātīya, cf. jñātīya.

jatuka (EI 2), a bat.

jauhar (IA 29), javhar (IA 6), Rājasthānī; funeral pile; commitment of suicide en masse; same as sākā or śākā.

jayā (IA 23), hemp.

(EI 12), name of a tithi.

Jayadhara (IE8-2), royal title; translated from Greek Nikephoros. jaya-ghanṭā (EI 15; IA 12), a gong.

jāyāmya (IA 19), a kind of charm.

 \mathcal{J} ayanapati (EI 13), probably, an officer in charge of armour or the armoury. Cf. jayanaśālā-karaṇa.

jayanaśālā-karaṇa, cf. karaṇa (LP), explained as 'the armour department'. Cf. Jayanapati.

jayantapura (EI 4), probably, the same as brahmapurī.

jayantī (EI 9, IA 26), the twelfth tithi; the 12th tithi of a lunar month joined with the Punarvasu nakṣatra.

jayantī-vrata (IA 6), a festival in which maṇḍapanirmāṇajāgaraṇa-pratimādān-ādi (erection of a shed, watching through the night, distribution of images, etc.) take place.

Jayapāla (SITI), a class of merchants.

Jāyāpara (LL), probably, a householder.

jaya-patra, jayarekha-patra (SITI), a certificate of victory in a dispute; a copy of the judgement. See jayarekha-patrik \bar{a} . (EI 5), a cetificate of success.

 $jayarekha-patrik\bar{a}$ (ASLV), a certificate of victory. See jayapatra, jayarekha-patra.

jaya-skandhāvāra (EI 30, 33; CII 3; BL) 'camp of victory'; the royal camp or capital; epithet of royal camps or residences; same as skandhāvāra.