karaṇa, hastiśālā-karaṇa, aśvaśālā-karaṇa, kalabhaśālā-karaṇa, śreṇi-karaṇa, vyāpāra-karaṇa, tantra-karaṇa, koṣṭhāgāra-karaṇa, upakrama-karaṇa, karākara-karaṇa, sthāna-karaṇa, deva-karaṇa, sandhi[vigraha]-karaṇa, mahākṣapāla-karaṇa, mahārasa-karaṇa, jayanaśālā-karaṇa, sattrāgāra-karaṇa, antaḥpura-[karaṇa] and koṣṭhikā-[karaṇa].

(CII 3, 4), a document.

Cf. Karanam (SII 1; SITI), Tamil; also spelt Karnam; a document; an accountant, also called Kanakkan or Karanikka. (IA 17), name of the half of a tithi.

kāraņa, cf. aham kāraṇam karomi (LP), 'I shall prove'.

karaṇa-daṇḍa (SITI), fine imposed by the karaṇa (court). Kāraṇaka (EI 32), a scribe.

karaṇa-karman (EI 30), the profession of the scribe.

Karaṇa-kāyastha (EI 7; HD; BL), official designation of a scribe; a writer of legal documents. Cf. Vogel, Ant. Ch. St., p. 133.

(IE 8-3), mentioned as a Pātra.

kāraṇa-pūjā (IA 9), translated as 'occasional worship'.

Karanattār (SII 12), same as Kāranavan.

 $K\bar{a}$ raṇavan (SITI), Tamil; an accountant; also called  $K\bar{a}$ raṇika and Karaṇatt $\bar{a}$ r.

Karaṇika (CII 4; BL), official designation of a scribe; the writer of legal documents; explained by some as 'an officer in charge of a State department or office' (HD); but really, a scribe. Cf. Karaṇika-ṭhakkura (i.e. a Karaṇika who enjoyed the dignity of a Ṭhakkura) in Ep. Ind., Vol. XX, p. 44; Vol. VIII, p. 158; and Karaṇika-Brāhmaṇa (i.e. a Karaṇika who belonged to the Brāhmaṇa community) in Bhandarkar's List, No. 350. See Mahākaraṇika.

 $(EI\ 6;\ ASLV)$ , same as Karṇam or Senabova; a village accountant.

Cf.  $V\bar{a}$ śal-karaṇikam (SITI), same as  $V\bar{a}$ śal-kaṇakkam (°gaṇaka).

Kāraņika (EI 31), same as Karaņika.

Karanikka-jodi (SII 2; SITI), the quit-rent of the Karanam or Karnam.

Karanika-thakkura (EI 33), see Karanika and Thakkura.

Karaṇin (HD), same as Karaṇika. Cf. karaṇi-parikara (Harṣacarita, VII, para. 2).

karańka (EI 30), a cup made of coconut shell, used in