koṭha-vyāpāra (EI 28), same as koṣṭha-vyāpāra; the revenue department.

koți-homa (EI 12, 33), name of a rite.

koțikā, a load [of cloth] (Ep. Ind., Vol. XIV, p. 309).

(EI 14), a measure.

koțta (EI 24), a fort. See koțțai and koțțam of the South Indian inscriptions.

koţţai (ASLV), a fort.

koṭṭaka, see koṭaka.

koṭṭam (IE 8-4; EI 27), Tamil; a district; a district within a maṇḍala or province.

(ASLV), a division of the $r\bar{a}jya$; sometimes subdivided into $n\bar{a}dus$.

Koţṭa-nigraha (EI 8; IA 30; BL), commander of a fort; same as Koṭṭapāla. Cf. Koṭṭanigrahin.

Kottanigrahin (IA 30), probably, the commander of a

fort; same as Kottanigraha.

Koṭṭapāla (IE 8-3; EI 12, 18, 25, 30; BL), officer in charge of a fort; governor of a fort. Cf. the Bhagalpur plate of Nārāyaṇapāla (Ind. Ant., Vol. XV, p. 306); sometimes spelt Koṭapāla (cf. the Nalanda plate of Devapāla in Ep. Ind., Vol. XVII, p. 321). Same as Koṭṭapati.

(EI 25), the city prefect; same as Kotwāl.

Koţṭapati (IE 8-3), same as Koṭṭapāla.

koṭṭa-viṣaya (IE 8-4; CII 1), a viṣaya or district around a fortress; a district with its headquarters in a fort. See koṭaka.

Kotwāl (IE 8-2, 8-3), same as Talāra or the prefect of the city police; the chief police officer of a city or town.

kovai (SITI), Tamil; name of a gold coin.

kovera (IE 8-5), cf. karane koveram; probably, some levy at the court of law.

Koyil-nāyakam (EI 25), Tamil; temple officer.

Koyil-śrīkāryam (EI 25), Tamil; a temple officer.

Kramāditya (IE 8-2), see āditya. The word krama here seems to mean vikrama.

Kramaka (EI 5), also called Kramavid, Kramayuta; epithet of Brāhmaṇas. Cf. Krama-vitta.

Kramavid (EI 5), epithet of Brāhmanas; same as Kramaka, Kramayuta. Cf. Krama-vitta.