pāilā (Ep. Ind., Vol. XI, p. 42), a measure of capacity. Paiņģapātika (LL), a Buddhist mendicant; cf. piņģapāta. paisā, used in Hindi, Bengali, etc., for pāvīsā or pāda-vimsaka-

(vimsopaka); 'a copper coin'; 'money'; also a land measure.

Paitakin (LL), Buddhist; a teacher of the pitakas.

pāka-daņda (EI 14), cf. Kannada kiru-kula.

pākhī (IE 8-6), Bengali; a land measure in parts of Bengal, which is smaller than the bīghā.

pakhila (IA 17), apparently a mistake for upakhila (q.v.); cf. sa-khilam pakhilam wrongly read or written for sa-khil-opakhilam; semi-waste land.

pakṣa (IE 7-1-2), 'two'; sometimes also 'fifteen'.

pakṣa-pāta, 'one who works on behalf of someone else' (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXIV, p. 250).

pakva, cf. pakva-pura, 'a brick-built house', same as Bengali pākā-bādi. See Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXV, p. 184.

pala (EI 9, 21, 30; CII 3), name of a weight.

(IA 26), a weight equal to 320 ratīs; sometimes spelt phala in Pāli.

(CITD), in Telugu-Kannada records, a weight equal to that of 10 pagodas; four karṣas or $_{100}^{10}$ of a tula; the 8th part of a ser, or 3 tolas or rupees; 4 tolas or 320 guñjās.

(CII 3), the sixtieth division of a ghaț $\bar{\imath}$; equal to twenty-four English seconds.

 $p\bar{a}l\bar{a}$ (LP), sheds.

(LP), a foot-soldier; cf. Gujarātī pāļo.

 $p\bar{a}laka$ (EI 3), cf. $gr\bar{a}masya$ $p\bar{a}lakah$, 'the headman of a village'.

(Select Inscriptions, p. 236), escort.

pala-kāya (SITI), sundry spices as pepper, etc., used in preparing curry.

palampulli-mādai (SITI), Tamil; name of an ancient coin; see mādai.

Palaniyāyam (EI 21), official designation.

pālāpana (LP), cf. Gujarātī paļāvavum, 'to compel to obey'.
palārdha, weight equal to half of a pala (JNSI, Vol. XVI,
p. 48).

Pāli, name of a language. pālī (EI 3), embankment.

(CII 3), a bridge,