pañca-karmāra, also called pañca-kammālar (SITI), the five castes of artisans, viz., goldsmith, blacksmith, brassmith, carpenter and stone-mason.

pañcaka-śālā-pratyā (LP), 'at five per cent'.

pañcakula (IE 8-3; EI 5, 25; CII 4; LP; HRS), the Pañcāyat Board; an assembly of administrators and arbitrators, usually consisting of five members; a board of administration charged with control of the customs house, with the deposit of property of persons dying without heirs into the royal treasury, etc.; also called pañcapa (EI 4); members of such a board; according to some, an officer over a certain number of villages (HD). Cf. Ind. Ant., Vol. XI, p. 242. Cf. Pañcavīra, Pāñcakulika, añjaṣṭa-sabhā, etc.

Pāñcakulika (CII 4), the head or a member of a pañcakula or Pañcāyat board; cf. Caturjātakīya.

Pañcāla (EI 3; ASLV), an artisan; members of the artisan classes also called Pañcālamvāru.

*Pañca-lagudika* (BL), title of a warrior who could probably fight with five clubs at a time.

pañcalāngala (IA 18), name of a mahādāna.

Pañcālattār (ASLV), an organisation of the artisans.

Pañcāli (IA 10), same as Pañcālikā; a Pañcāyat board or its members.

pañcālī (EI 27; IA 16), territorial division.

Pañcālikā (IA 9), same as Pañcāli; a Pañcāyat board or its members.

pañca-mahāpātaka (EI 26; CII 3; CITD), the five great sins or heinous crimes, viz., killing a Brāhmaņa, drinking intoxicating liquors, stealing gold, committing adultery with the wife of a guru and associating with any one guilty of these crimes. Cf. daś-āparādha, pañc-ānantarya.

pañca-mahāsabda (IE 8-2; EI 30; CII 3, 4; SITI; CITD; BL), refers to the privilege of enjoying the sounds of five musical instruments, or five titles beginning with mahat; five official designations or musical instruments mentioned in connection with feudatories; five official designations beginning with the word mahā in the North and five kinds of musical instruments in the South; in South India, it was the same as pañca-mahānināda, i.e. the sounds of the five great musical instruments called the pañca-mahāvādya enumerated by some as a