Tila-pişaka (CII 4; LL), an oil-miller.

timmira (EI 11), a land measure; cf. timpira, etc.

timpira (IE 8-6; EI 23, 24, 29), also spelt timpira, timpira, etc.; a land measure mentioned in Orissan records.

tippanaka (LP), a certificate.

tirama (EI 24), Tamil form of dramma.

Tirna-danda (CII 1), 'one who has been convicted'.

tīrtha (IE 8-3, 8-4; EI 3; SII 1; CII 4; LL), a place of pilgrimage; a holy place or holy waters; a bathing place; a flight of steps for descent into a river; a ferry; sometimes suffixed to the names of localities.

Tīrthakara (BL), epithet of the Jinas; same as Tīrthan-kara (q.v.).

Tīrthankara (CII 3; EI 9); epithet of the 24 great leaders of the Jain faith; propagator of the Jain faith or tīrtha; creator of the four sections, viz. monk, nun, layman and laywoman (sādhu, sādhvī, śrāvaka and śrāvikā); same as Jina; sometimes spelt Tīrthakara; also called Ādikartṛ.

Tirthika (EI 9), Buddhist; teacher of a religion other than one's own; a non-Buddhist (especially, Saiva) teacher.

(EI 32), same as Tairthika, 'a priest'.

 $Tirth-op\bar{a}dhy\bar{a}ya$  (BL), title of a family priest at Jagannātha-kṣetra (Purī).

Tirumeni-kāval (ASLV), watchman in a temple.

tiruvidaiyāttam (EI 30), Tamil; a gift.

tithi (CII 3; IA 17), a lunar day; one mean tithi is equal to 0.9843529572 of a mean solar day and night; the mean tithis in a solar year are 371, and 3 ghatīs and 53.4 palas; generally the term tithi means the end of a tithi, not its beginning or duration, and the week-day of a tithi is the week-day on which that tithi ends; the tithis given in the Pañcāṅgas are apparent, not mean, and they are intended to be given from apparent sunrise.

Cf. Tamil tiyadi, tedi (SITI), a date.

(IE 7-1-2), 'fifteen'.

(EI 16), same as mahā-tithi, an auspicious tithi; cf. saptamī called the tithi of the sun-god and asṭamī that of the god Śiva (Ep. Ind., Vol. V, p. 168, note 4).

tithi-bhoga (CII 3; IA 16), duration of a tithi.

tithi-dhruva (CII 3; IA 16), constant of a tithi; a term