udgrantha (IE 8-5), same as udranga.

udharita (IA 18), meaning uncertain.

Udicipati (BL), literally, 'the ruler of the north (i.e.

the northern province of an empire)'; title of a viceroy.

udranga (IE 8-3; 8-5; EI 22; CII 3, 4; HRS), explained as 'the fixed tax', 'the land tax', 'the principal tax' or 'the tax on the permanent tenants'; generally mentioned along with uparikara, i. e. minor taxes or the tax on temporary tenants; same as klpta. Udranga may have been paid in grains at least in some regions since the Audrangika (collector of udranga) is sometimes separately mentioned together with the Hiranyasāmudāyika (collector of revenue in cash). In one case, the land is said to have been granted after making it udranga, i. e. s-odranga. See s-odranga (IA 10), dranga, uttāra. Cf. mah-odranga in pravartita-mahodrang-ādi-dāna-vyasan-ānupajāta-santoṣa (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXII, p. 118, text line 40).

udrangīkṛtya (IE 8-3), same as s-odrangīkṛtya; used in respect of a gift land. Cf. udranga.

udrava (EI 27), name of a tax.

udumbara (LP), 'threshold'; cf. grh-odumbara-madhye, 'into the house'; cf. umbara-bheda.

udvasa, cf. udvasa-kuṭumbika (LP), cultivators who have come from outside and settled.

udvāta (EI 13), tempest; cf. bhūta-vāta-pratyāya.

udyāma (CII 1), used in the sense of udyama or exertion.

 $udy\bar{a}na$ (CII l), march; a garden.

ukka, $ukk\bar{a}$ (Chamba), the total sum; a lump sum.

ukkoda, a kind of levy; probably, periodical presents; same as utkota. See Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXIII, p. 56.

ukkoṭa-bhanga, same as khoṭa-bhanga (q.v.) according to the Abhidhānarājendra, s.v. parihāra; cf. utkoṭa and ukkoḍa, periodical presents (Ep. Ind., Vol. XXXIII, p. 56).

ukkuţţhī (IE 8-8), Prakrit; see utkṛṣṭi.

ukta-niyoga (EI 33), doubtful expression probably indicating an official designation. Cf. uttara-niyoga.

ukthya, (EI 22; CII 3), name of a sacrifice.

ullanbana (IE 8-8), a crime, the real nature of which is uncertain.

ullekha, 'high-flashing' (Ep. Ind., Vol. XVI, p. 36).