

a blazing mountain in the welkin . . . of celestial workmanship . . . with various hues; looking like a rising comet it could not be obstructed by trees. The Kurus were afraid and seemed to melt away. Arjuna encountered Droṇa (ξ). Duryodhana urged 25,000 to slay Arjuna, who, however, slew them all. The Matsyas and Kekayas surrounded Arjuna and Abhimanyu. At sunset both parties withdrew their troops.—§ 583 (do.), VI, 75-80: SIXTH DAY: 75, 3303, 3310: The next day the Pāṇḍavas were arranged in the Makara-array, headed by Drupada and Arjuna. The Pāṇḍava army was protected by A.; the Kauravas fled, mangled by Bhīma and Arjuna.—§ 584 (do.), VI, 81-86: SEVENTH DAY: 81, 3572; 82, 3584; 84, 3743, 3748; 85, 3760; 86, 3828, 3834: The next day Yudhisṭhira disposed his troops in a vajra-array; many kings attacked Arjuna, among others the Trigarta king with his brothers; Arjuna invoked the Aindra weapon; the foes fled and were rescued by Bhīshma. When the Kuru army had been routed by Arjuna, and Bhīshma had proceeded against the chariot of Arjuna, Duryodhana exhorted the kings to protect Bhīshma. Fighting with Alambusha, Sātyaki employed the Aindra weapon which he had obtained from Arjuna, and destroyed the productions of Alambusha's illusive force. Arjuna caused Kṛṣṇa to drive the chariot towards Bhīshma; A. fought with Suçarman, and slew many. The Trigarta king and thirty-two others attacked Arjuna, who slew sixty of them and then hastened to slay Bhīshma. The Trigarta king attacking Arjuna, Çikhaṇḍin, etc., came to his aid. Arjuna shot at them with the Gāṇḍīva. Duryodhana and Jayadratha, etc., came in order to protect Bhīshma against Arjuna; A. fought against many foes. At sunset Arjuna (having vanquished Suçarman, etc.), etc., proceeded to their tents.—§ 585 (do.), VI, 87-98: EIGHTH DAY: 89, 3949, 3965; 90, 3977, 3979, 3981, 3983, 3986, 4022, 4040, 4048, 4052; 95, 4243, 4322; 96, 4358; 98, 4476, 4495: Dhṛṣṭadyumna formed a Çṛṅgāṭaka-array: Bhīmasena and Sātyaki, etc., in the wings, next to them Arjuna and Kṛṣṇa, etc. A., etc. (ξ), rushed against all the kings under the command of Duryodhana with horses of the Kāmboja, etc. (ρ), breed. Arjuna's son Irāvāt (b) attacked the Kauravas, but was slain by the Rākshasa, Rshyaçṛṅga's son [Alambusha]. Arjuna, etc., slew many; he complained of Irāvāt's death before Kṛṣṇa; he fought Bhīshma, etc. (ηη). When dark night set in, both parties withdrew their armies. "Yudhāmanyu protects Arjuna's left wheel, Uttamaújās his right wheel, and Arjuna protects Çikhaṇḍin"; A. told Dhṛṣṭadyumna to place Çikhaṇḍin before Bhīshma; he would himself be his protector.—§ 586 (do.), VI, 99-107: NINTH DAY: 101, 4589, 4597, 4622, 4642; 102, 4650, 4655; 104, 4729; 106, 4848, 4871; 107, 4912, 4924, 4968, 4976, (4989): A. fought Bhīshma, Kṛpa, and Droṇa; then the Trigarta king and his son; A. employed the Vāyavya weapon; the Trigarta division turned their backs; Duryodhana, etc. (ι), surrounded A. A. slew all the followers of Suçarman; fought Duryodhana. Kṛṣṇa urged Arjuna to slay Bhīshma; Kṛṣṇa left the chariot and rushed at Bhīshma, whip in hand, but was brought back by Arjuna. When the sun set, both parties withdrew their forces. Kṛṣṇa said that Arjuna, etc. (χ), were invincible; they went to Bhīshma himself in order to ask him about the means of killing him; Bhīshma advised A. to fight with him, placing Çikhaṇḍin before him; A. grieved at the prospect of killing Bhīshma, but was reminded by Kṛṣṇa of his vow to

slay Bhīshma. The Pāṇḍavas and Kṛṣṇa went away with rejoicing hearts.—§ 587 (do.), VI, 108-120: TENTH DAY: 108, 5011; 110, 5094, 5114, 5115, 5125, 5139; 111, 5195; 112, 5213, 5218; 113, 5284, 5287, 5289, 5290; 114, 5298, 5308, 5324; 115, 5340, 5341; 116, 5428, 5429, 5430, 5433, 5434, 5435; 117, 5455, 5459, 5465, 5470, 5472; 119, 5627, 5632, 5642: The Pāṇḍavas went out for battle, placing Çikhaṇḍin in their van; Bhīmasena and Arjuna became the protectors of his wheels, etc.; headed by Arjuna, they proceeded against Bhīshma; Arjuna urged Çikhaṇḍin to slay Bhīshma, while he himself would check Droṇa, etc. (ε); A. defeated the Kuru army; Duryodhana complained of A. before Bhīshma, etc. Urged by A., Çikhaṇḍin, etc., attacked Bhīshma; Duḥçāsana attacked Arjuna and Çikhaṇḍin; A. could not advance further than to the chariot of Duḥçāsana; A. compelled Duḥçāsana to turn back, and then crushed the Kuru troops; Duḥçāsana again resisted him; Arjuna and Çikhaṇḍin approached Bhīma (for aid); Duryodhana urged the Trigarta king Suçarman to slay Arjuna and Bhīmasena; A. fought Çalya, etc. (κ); Droṇa, etc., fought Arjuna and Bhīmasena; so did Bhīshma; Droṇa, etc. (ξ), fought the Pārthas, especially Arjuna, etc. (ο); the sons of Dhṛtarāshṭra fought with Çikhaṇḍin and A.; A. fought with Bhīshma and Bhagadatta, and urged Çikhaṇḍin to slay Bhīshma; the Kurus attacked Arjuna; no chariot-warrior ventured to approach Bhīshma except Arjuna and Çikhaṇḍin; Bhīshma did not defend himself against Çikhaṇḍin, whom Arjuna urged quickly to slay Bhīshma; Duḥçāsana fought with Arjuna and all the Pārthas, but was vanquished by A.; the Videhas, etc. (ρ), attacked Arjuna, who defeated them all by means of celestial weapons; then A. fought with Duḥçāsana, etc., Bhīshma, etc.; Kṛṣṇa urged A. to slay Bhīshma; the Pāñçāla king Dhṛṣṭaketu, etc. (ν), were afflicted by Bhīshma and rescued by Arjuna; protected by Arjuna, Çikhaṇḍin rushed against Bhīshma; A. slew all Bhīshma's followers, and then rushed at him himself; Droṇa, etc. (employing celestial weapons), fought with A.; Bhīshma said to Duḥçāsana that A. was invincible, and that he himself was not able to be vanquished by D., Dā., and Rā.; Dhṛtarāshṭra's sons surrounded Bhīshma, but fled before Arjuna. Bhīshma fell down from his chariot a little before sunset, but put off his death, as the sun was in the southern solstice; both parties desisted from battle; as Bhīshma's head hung down he asked for a pillow; Arjuna supported his head with three arrows shot from the Gāṇḍīva and consecrated by means of mantras, at which Bhīma was highly gratified.—§ 588 (do.), VI, 121-122: ELEVENTH DAY: 121, 5776, 5780, 5781: The next morning, as Bhīshma asked for water, Arjuna mounted his chariot and from the Gāṇḍīva shot an arrow consecrated with mantras and identified with the Pārjanya weapon, therewith piercing the earth, and there arose a jet of pure and cold water; Bhīshma praised Arjuna: "even Nārada spoke of thee as an ancient ṛshi . . ."; he said to Duryodhana that the weapons appertaining to Agni, etc., were known only to Arjuna and Kṛṣṇa. Bhīshma tried to win over Karṇa to the side of his uterine brothers, but he said that he would fight Arjuna, etc., though protected by Kṛṣṇa.—§ 589 (Droṇābhish.), VII, 1-11: 2, 67, 82; 3, 110; 6, 164; 7, 197; 8, 226; 10, 327; 11, 419, 422: Karṇa waited upon Bhīshma, mentioning the danger menacing the Kurus from Arjuna with the Gāṇḍīva, etc., Arjuna's battle with Çiva, etc. Yudhisṭhira disposed his troops in the form of a krauñca (crane), with Kṛṣṇa and Arjuna at the head. The Pāṇḍavas