Devāsuragaṇādhyaksha = Çiva: VIII, 1574; XIII, 1259 (1000 names²). Devāsuraganāgranī = Çiva (1000 names 2). Devāsuraguru = Brahmán: XIII, 7634. Devāsuraguru 2 = Çiva (1000 names 2). Devāsuramahāmātra = Civa (1000 names 2). Devāsuramaheçvara = Çiva (1000 names 2). Devasuranamaskrta = Çiva (1000 names 2). Devāsuraparāyana = Civa (1000 names 2). Devāsurapati = Çiva (1000 names 2). Devāsuravaraprada = Civa (1000 names 2). Devāsuravinirmātr = Çiva (1000 names?). Devāsureçvara = Çiva (1000 names 2). Devasya tirtham = Brahmasaras: XIII, 4553. Devatātman = Çiva (1000 names 2). **Devātideva** = Brahmán : XII, 10681 (B°). Devātideva² = Civa (1000 names²). Devātithi, a prince. § 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3775 (son of Akrodhana and Karambhā), ††3776 (husband of Maryada and father of Ariha). Devavana, name of a sacred place. § 377 (Dhaumyatīrthak.): III, 87, 8322 (rāmyam tāpasair upaçobhitam, in the east). Devavara 1 = Sūrya: III, 161. Devavara = Vishnu: III, 13580. Devavara - Brahmán: XIII, 4949. **Devavara** $^{\prime}$ = Civa: XII, 10805 (C°). Devavrata - Bhishma, q.v. Devāvrdha, a prince. § 6 (Anukram.): I, 1a, 228 (in Sanjaya's enumeration of departed kings).—§ 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 850', †4307 (Krātha-D'au, among the Kuru warriors; but should we not read Daivāvrdha? cf. Devāvrdhasūnuh, v. 4322).—§ 677 (Mokshadh.): XII, 235, 8595 (by having given a costly umbrella to a brahman D. attained to heaven). § 767 (Ānuçās.): XIII, 137a, 6251 (do.). Devāvrdhasūnu = Babhru: VIII, †4322. Devayājin, a warrior of Skanda. § 615m (Skanda): IX, **45**η, 2572. *DevayāLa, subst. (or adj., sc. pathin) ("the way that leads to the gods "): I, 3681; III, 123 (sc. caturvargah?), 10100, 10104, 10106, 15442 (°carah); V, †793; XII, 525, 9609 (pl.), 12394 (°carah); XIII, 1081 (°ānām ādityo dvāram uoyate), †4312, †4318; XIV, 980 (pl.); XV, 930 (pl.). Devayānī, daughter of Uçanas (Çukra) and wife of Yayāti. § 143 (Nahusha): I, 75, 3159 (mother of Yadu and Turvasu). - § 145 (Kaca): I, **76**, 3186, 3197, 3198, 3205, 3206, 3207, 3208, 3212, (3213), 3222, 3226, †3229, (†3231), †3233, †3239, (†3240), †3241 (prevailed upon Uçanas to revive Kaca); 77, (3256), 3263, (3264), (3271), 3273, 3276 (Kaca would not accept her as his wife, because he, being a disciple of Uçanas, regarded her as his sister; D. then cursed Kaca).—§ 146: When Kaca had imparted to the gods the Sanjivani they set out with Indra at their head to defeat the Asuras. In a wood like Castraratha, Indra transformed himself into wind and mixed up the clothes of some bathing maidens. A quarrel about the clothes resulted in D.'s being thrown into a well by Carmishtha, the daughter of Vrshaparvan. Yayati found her and drew her up by her right hand, and then returned to his capital. Devayant sent Ghurnika to inform Çukra of what had passed (I, 78-79). Cukra threatened Vrsha-

parvan that he would leave the Asuras, until Carmishtha,

together with 1,000 maidens, was given to D. (I, 80).

Surrounded by Carmishtha and 2,000 maidens, Dovayani one

day again met Yayati, who at her request received her

in marriage from Cukra, and promised that he would never invite Carmishthā to share his bed (I, 81): I, 78, 3284, 3285, (3285), 3290, (3297), 3302, (3303), 3307, (3309), 3314; 79, 3319, 3321, (3326); 80, 3341, 3343, 3344, (3345), 3346, (3347), 3348, 3350, 3351, (3354), 3356, (3357); 81, 3359, 3363, 3364, (3367), (3370), (3373), (3375), 3376, (3377), (3379), (3382), (3385), 3386, (3388), 3392, 3395. § 147: Devayant gave birth to a son. After 1,000 years had elapsed, Çarmishthā attained to puberty and prevailed upon Yayāti to beget a son also with her (I, 82); to Dovayānī she said that she had born the child to a rehi whose name she had not dared to ask. The sons of Dovayani were Yadu and Turvasu, those of Çarmishthā were Druhyu, Anu, and Puru. One day, when Devayant was walking in the wood together with Yayati, she met the children of Carmishtha and asked them: "Who is your father?" They then pointed to Yayati. Devayani in anger withdrew to Uçanas, followed by Yayāti. Uçanas cursed Yayāti to be overcome by decrepitude, yet with the permission of transferring it to someone else, and he added that that son of Yayati who would give him his own youth should succeed Yayāti on the throne, etc. (I, 83): I, 82, 3397, 3398, 3400, 3401, 3404, 3411, 3419; 83, 3424, 3425, (3425), (3428), (3430), 3432, 3434, (3436), (3437), 3439, (3442), 3446, (3451), 3461.- § 148 (Yayāti): I, 85, 3519 (°yāh sutam Yadum). — § 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3761 (Uçanaso duhitā), 3762 (Yaduñ ca Turvasuñ caiva De vyajāyata).—§ 569 (Bhagavadyānap.): V, 149, 5045 (Yaduh D'yāh sutah).- § 595 (Shodaçarāj., v. Yayāti): VII, 63, 2297 (wife of Yayāti).—§ 5996 (Çini): VII, 144, 6030 (Yayater D'yan tu Yadur jyeshto 'bhavat eutah). Cf. Auçanasī, Bhārgavī, Çukratanayā. **Devayuga** = Krtayuga. I, 1073; II, 421; III, 8492, 8686; X, 786; XII, 93; XIII, 3903. Deveça ("lord of the gods") = Brahmán: I, 1647; III, 10949 (B°); VI, 5770 (Pitāmaham); VII, 2081; IX, 1964 (B°), 2494; XII, 9218, 10187, 10195; XIII, 1113 (B°), 2256, 3890, 4925, 4948, 6845 (Pitāmahah).

Deveça 2 (do.) = Çiva: I, 1932 (Çulapānih), 2315, 7322; III, 1545, 1631, 7034 (Sthānuh); VII, 1758, 1759 (all. to Jayadrathavimokshanaparvan); VIII, 1457, 1465, 1512, 1516, 1536, 1541, 1544, 1545, 1590, 1601, 1612; IX, 2050 (?), 2483 (Culahastam); X, 251; XII, 10675, 12172; XIII, 744, 794, 796, 876, 922, 923, 6665, 6760, 6804 (read

Deveça³ (do.) = Daksha: IX, 2044.

Deveçah with B.).

Deveça (do.) = Indra: I, 3844 (?), 4409, 8225 (Çatakratum Sahasrāksham); III, 1771 (Pākaçāsanam), 8413, 12010 (Maghavān), 14374, 14376, 16990 (Purandaram); V, 525, 3664, 3682; VII, 37, 3861; VIII, 1670; IX, 2832; XII, 8414; XIII, 2307, 5972 (Cacipate).

Deveça 6 (do.) = Kṛshṇa or Vishṇu: III, 10120 (not = Kṛshṇa?), 12947 (do.?), 15535; V, 411 (not = Kṛshṇa); VI, †1271, †1283, †1291, †2604, 2963; XII, 12714, 12804, 12874, 13001, 13363, 13415, 13581 (Harim Nārāyanam), 13657, 13658; XIII, 1113 (according to the reading of C.; B. has Deveçah = Brahman), 6887 (Yadacam), 7801 (Vishnu's 1000 names).

Deveça 6 (do.) = Yama: III, 16757.

Deveça , dual (°au) = Brahmán and Çiva: III, 499.

Deveçaya = Mahāpurusha (Mahāpurushastava).

 $\mathbf{Devec}_{\mathbf{i}} = \mathbf{Um}_{\mathbf{i}} : \mathbf{XII}, 10301.$ Devecvara 1 = Civa: VIII, 1469.