Jhillin, a Vṛshṇi prince. § 232 (Svayaṃvarap.): I, 186, 7000 (present at the svayaṃvara of Draupadī). — § 253 (Haraṇāharaṇap.): I, 221, 7992 (came to the nuptials of Arjuna and Subhadrā).—§ 589 (Droṇābhishekap.): VII, 11 \(\xi\$, 409. Jillika (Jh°, B.), pl. (°āh), a people. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9\(\nu\$, 367 (in the south).

 $Jim\bar{u}ta^{1} = S\bar{u}rya$ (the Sun): III, 152.

Jīmūta², name of an athlete. § 550 (Samayapālanap.): IV, 13, 347 (mallam), 362 (vanquished and slain by Bhīmasena).

Jimuta³, a rshi. § 565 (Gālavacarita): V, 111, 3843 (viprarsheh, a gold-mine of Himavat presented itself to J., after whom gold is named jaimuta).

Jirnadamshtra = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Jishnu 1 = Arjuna, q.v.

Jishnu² = Vishnu (Kṛshṇa): V, 2571 (= Kṛshṇa, etymology); VI, 2074 (°r Vajrabhṛteva, sc. uktaḥ, only C.; B. has Vi°); VII, 2963 (Vishṇo, = Kṛshṇa); VIII, †4060 (Vishṇoḥ, = Kṛshṇa); XII, 1503 (Vishṇo, = Kṛshṇa), 1602 (Vishṇuṃ, = Kṛshṇa); XIII, 7106 (Vishṇuḥ); XIV, 1085 (Vishṇuḥ, = mahān ātmā).

Jishnu³, a Pāṇḍava warrior. § 608 (Karṇap.): VIII, 56νν, 2739 (slain by Karna).

Jishnukarman, a Pāṇḍava warrior. § 608 (Karṇap.): VIII, 56 νν, 2739 (slain by Karṇa).

Jita = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Jita² = Vishnu (1000 names).

Jitakāma = Civa (1000 names 2).

Jitakrodha - Vishnu (1000 names).

Jitamanyu = Vishnu (1000 names).

Jitāmitra = Vishnu (1000 names).

Jitāri, son of Avikshit and grandson of Kuru. § 154 (Pūruvamç.): I, 94, 3741 (the eighth son of Avikshit).

Jitātman, a Viçvadeva. § 749 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 91, 4356 (enumeration).

Jitavatī. § 164 (Āpavop.): I, 99, 3940 (daughter of Uçīnara and friend of the wife of the Vasu Dyaus).

Jitendriya = Çiva (1000 names 2).

Jīva 1 = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Jīva 2 = Vishņu (1000 names).

Jīvala, a charioteer of Kiug Rtuparna. § 349 (Nalopā-khyānap.): III, 67, 2640, 2641, 2644.

Jīvana 1 = Sūrya (the Sun): III, 152.

Jīvana² = Civa (1000 names ²).

Jīvana 3 = Vishņu (1000 names).

Jñanagamya = Vishnu (1000 names).

 $J\tilde{n}ana(m)$ uttama(m) = Vishnu (1000 names).

Jñānapāvana, a tīrtha. § 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 84, 7081.

Jñānātman = Kṛshṇa: XII, 1666.

Jñevātman = Kṛshna: XII, 1629.

Jṛmbhaka, pl. (°āḥ), a kind of being. § 506 (Skandayuddha): III, 231, 14548 (followed Rudra, grahaviçeshaiḥ, Nīl.).

Jrmbhikā ("yawning," personif.). § 555 (Indravijaya):
V, 9, 282 (Vrtranāçinīm, created by Indra), 283 (tatah prabhrti lokasya Joā prāṇasamṣritā).

Jrmbhita = Çiva (1000 names 1).

Jvālā, daughter of Takshaka. § 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3778 (Takshakaduhitaram, wife of Rksha and mother of Matināra).

Jvālājihva, a companion of Skanda § 615*u* (Skanda): IX, 45, 2535 (given to Skanda by Agni; C. has by error om.

Jvalana = Agni, q.v.

Jvalanāstra ("the weapon of Fire"). § 608 (Karņap.): VIII, 89, 4542 (employed by Arjuna). Cf. Agneya².

Jvalanasūnu = Skanda: IX, 2554.

Jvalanātmaja = Skanda: IX, 2459; XIII, 4202.

Jvalin = Civa (1000 names²).

Jvara ("fever"). § 694b (Jvarotpatti): XII, 284, 10255,

10259, 10262, foll.

[Jvarotpatti(h)] ("the origin of fever"). (Mokshadh.): Bhīshma said: In days of yore there was a summit of Meru, named Jyotishka, belonging to Savity (Sāvitram). There Çira used to sit with Pārvatī, waited upon by D., V., etc. (a). After some time the Prajapati Daksha commenced to perform a sacrifice, whither all the gods headed by Indra, with the permission of Civa, repaired mounted on their chariots, proceeding to that spot whence the Gangā is said to issue. Pārvatī asked why Çiva did not himself proceed thither, and was told that in days of yore the deities made an arrangement in consequence of which no share was assigned to Civa of offerings in sacrifices. He was filled with grief. *Çiva* ordered *Nandin* to wait there, and summoning all his yoga force, he, with all his terrible followers, came and destroyed that sacrifice (description); it assumed the form of a deer and tried to fly away through the skies, pursued by Civa with bow and arrow. A drop of sweat fell from his forehead down on the earth; there appeared a terrible fire, whence issued a dreadful being of very short stature, etc. (description), who consumed the embodied form of sacrifice and then attacked D. and R., who fled in all directions. The earth began to tremble, etc. Brahmán appeased Civa by promising him a share of the sacrificial offerings; the being that had sprung from his sweat should be distributed among all creatures as fever (description of the distribution). Blessing upon the reader (XII, **284**).

Jyaishtha, name of a month. § 759 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII,

109, 5378.

Jyeshtha¹, a brahman. § 717b (Nārāyaṇiya): XII, **349**, I), 13593 (sāmavedagatam dvijam J^onāmābhivikhyātam, obtained the cult of Nārāyaṇa from the Barhishads and communicated it to King Avikalpana).

Jyeshtha² = Civa (1000 names 1).

Jyeshtha 3 = Vishnu (1000 names).

Jyeshthā, a nakshatra (v. Su. Si.). § 569 (Bhagavadyānap.):
V, 143θ, 4841 (kṛtvā cāngārakaṃ vakraṃ J°āyāṃ, omens).—
§ 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 3, 83 (çveto grahaḥ prajvalitaḥ sadhūma
iva pāvakaḥ | Aindraṃ tejasvi nakshatraṃ J°ām ākramya tishthati, omens).— § 746 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 64, 3274
(result of making gifts under the constellation of J.).— § 749
(do.): XIII, 88a, 4263 (result of performing a çrāddha
under the constellation of J.).— § 752b (Chattropānahotpatti):
XIII, 95, 4609 (madhyāhnam ārūḍhe J°mūle divākare).—
§ 759 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 106β, 5156 (°mūlaṃ . . .
māsaṃ, i.e. the month of Jyaishṭha); 110, 5393 (description
of the cāndravrata). Cf. Aindra.

Jyeshthapushkara, a tīrtha. § 471 (Mārkandeyas.):
III, 200, 13415 (kapilāyām dattāyām yat phalam J°s).—
§ 766 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 130, 6107, 6132 (tasmāt tu

kapilā deyā Kaumudyām Joe). Cf. Pushkara

Jyeshthasāman, name of a sāman. § 717b (Nārā-yanīya): XII, 349, VI), 13593 (°vrato Hariḥ).—§ 730y (Upamanyu): XIII, 14 ϕ , 876 (sung by Nārāyaṇa).—§ 749 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 90, 4296 (°gaḥ).