II, 77, 2539 (Arjuna will slay K.), 2544, 2545, 2546.— § 306 (do.): II, 80, 2655, 2656.—§ 307 (do.): II, 81. 2688.—§ 308 (Āranyakap.): III, 1, 14.—[§ 311 (do.): III, 4, †233 (Sūtaputrah).]—§ 313 (do.): III, 7, 288, (298), 300, 301 (K. suggested the slaying of the Pandavas; he and Duryodhana, etc., set out, but on their way they were warned by Vyāsa).—§ 317 (Arjunābhigamanap.): III, 12, 465, 586, 595. — § 322 (Dvaitavanapr.): III, 23, †912. — § 325 (Draupadīparitāpav.): III, 27, 996.—§ 328 (Kāmyakavanapr.): III, 36, 1419, 1428.—§ 330 (Indradarçana): III, 37, 1459.-§ 333c (Brahmaçiras): III, 40, 1645.-§ 334 (Kairātap.): III, 41, 1685 (Arjuna shall slav K.). - § 340 (Indralokābhigamanap.): III, 48, 1922, 1923; 49, 1934, 1945, 1948 (°-Saubalakūdayah).—§ 342 (do.): III, 51, 1995.—§ 343 (Nalopākhyānap.): III, 52, 2024, 2030.—§ 377 (Dhaumyatīrthak.): III, 86, 8285 (Sūtaputraķ), 8288 (°pūvakam, sc. Arjunodirito meghali çamayishyati).—§ 378 (Tirthayatrap.): III, 91, 8426, 8429.—§ 402 (do.): III, 120, †10269.— § 446 (Nivātakavacayuddhap.): III, 174, 12276.- § 512 (Ghoshayātrāp.): III, 236, †14771; 237, 14772, 14795; **238**, 14796, 14797, 14805, 14812, 14813; **239**, 14842; 240, 14851; 241, 14898, 14906 (Vaikartanah); 242. 14913: 245, 14981; 246, 15012; 247, 15043, 15052; 249, 15081, 15092, 15105; 250, (15111), 15123; 251, 15125, 15135 (at the ghoshayātrā K. fled, vanquished by the Gandharvas; when Duryodhana, etc., had been set free with the assi ance of the Pandavas, K., etc., reproached Duryodhana for his atention to leave the world).—§ 513 (do.): III, 252, 15174 hatasya Narakasyatma Komurtim upaçritah), 15177 (Indra will take away his ear-rings and coat of mail, cf. (§ 547) 15187, 15189 (āvishtacittātmā Narakasyāntarātmanā), 15192 Vaikartanah, possessed by Naraka, K. was desirous of slaying Arjuna). - § 514 (do.): III, 252, 15204 (promised to slay Arjuna).- § 515 (Karnadigvijaya): III, 253, 15209, 15215 (Sūtaputrasya), 15216, 15219, (15223), 15231, 15234; **254**, 15237, 15247, 15251, 15260, 15262, 15264, 15267, 15272 (K. subdued the earth for Duryodhana). - § 516 (Duryodhanayajña): III, 255, (15274), 15276, 15279, 15283, 15294; **256**, 15302, 15324; **257**, 15337, 15340, 15342 (advised Duryodhana to perform the rajasūya, swears that he will slay Arjuna). - § 517 (Ghoshayātrāp.): III, 257. 15347, 15350 (Sūtaputreņa). — § 521 (Draupadīharaņap.): III, 262, 15495, 15497, 15509, 15516, 15517, (15517).-§ 546 (Kundalaharanap.): III, 300, 16921, 16923, 16924, 16927, 16986, 16938, (16939), (16941); 301, 16958, 16973, 16976; 302, (16977), 16980, 16992, 16994, 16996 (Sūrya appeared to K. in a dream and dissuaded him from giving away his ear-rings and coat of mail; when K. refused to break his vow,-Surya advised him to ask Indra for the dart Amoghā).—§ 547 (cf. Kundalāharanap.): Asked by Janamejaya, Vaicampāyana related the secret which was not revealed to K. by Surya. Prtha (i.e. Kunti), the sister of Vasudova and the daughter of the Vrshni Cura and adopted by King Kuntibhoja, was ordered by Kuntibhoja to wait upon a brahman of fierce energy (III, 303, 304). After a year the brahman gave her a mantra (Atharvaçirasi crutam), by which she might invoke the gods (III, 305). When she at the time of her seasons saw the sun's orbit she became possessed of celestial power of vision, and beheld Surva with his coat of mail and his ear-rings and invoked him. By way of yoga he divided himself into two, one of whom appeared before Kunti. At first Kunti was frightened (III, 306), but Sarya reassured her, saying: "Thou shalt remain a virgin

after having gratified me, and thy son shall have the ear-rings and the coat of mail, made of amrta, that have been given to me by Aditi," etc.; then he entered her by virtue of yoga (III. 307). This happened in the bright fortnight of the tenth month (cukle dacottare pakshe). Except her nurse nobody else knew about the matter; when the child was born she consulted with her nurse and placed it in a box on the river Açvanadī, imploring protection from Varuna, Sūrya, A., V., R., S., V.-D., M., diçah, digiçvarah, I., etc.; from Açvanadī the basket floated to the river Carmanvatī, thence to the Yamunā, and so on to the Gangā, to the town of Campā, in the country of the Angas (III, 308), ruled by the suta Adhiratha (the husband of Radha), who was childless. They adopted the child and called him Vasushena and Vrsha (only afterwards he was named K.). After having adopted K., Adhiratha had other sons begotten by himself. When K. had grown up he was sent to Hastinapura, and acquired the four kinds of weapons from Drona, Krpa, and Rama, and became the friend of Duryodhana, but was intent on injuring the Pandavas, especially Arjuna. Yudhishthira was afraid of him. When K. after rising from the water at noon worshipped Surya, brahmans used to solicit him for wealth, and there was nothing that he would not give away to the brahmans (III. 309). Indra in the guise of a brahman appeared before him, asked him for his coat of mail, and gave him instead a dart (Vāsavī), which could not be baffled and which, in the hands of Indra, destroyed the Daityas and then returned to him. "This dart can only slay one powerful enemy of thine and then it will return to me, but it will not be that one which thou seekest to slay, for he is protected by Krshna." K. cut the coat of mail and ear-rings off his person, Indra having granted him that his body thus disfigured should not become unsightly. Gods and men and Danavas raised a leonine roar. For this feat he was called Karna. The Dhartarashtras became distressed and the Pandavas were filled with joy. Having rescued Krshna from Jayadratha and listened to the ancient stories recited by Markandeya, the Pandavas returned from Kamyaka to Dvaitavana (III, 310): III, 303, 16998; 309, 17172, 17173 (Sūryasambhavah), 17175; 310, (17183), 17184, 17190, 17196, 17197, (17198), 17199, 17200, (17203), (17206), 17208, 17209, (17211), †17213, †17214, †17215, †17216, †17217.—§ 548 (Araneyap.): III, 315, 17453.— § 551 (Kicakavadhap.): IV, 21, 646.—§ 552 (Goharanap.): IV, 25, 867; 26, 890, 897 (recommended to inquire about the Pandavas); 30, 973, 977, 984, 990 (Vaikartanasya, recommended to undertake the expedition for ravishing the cattle of Virāţa); 35a, 1150; 36, 1176 (Vaikartanam); 38, 1238, 1243; 39, (1299); 47, 1472; 48; (1507) (promised to slay Arjuna); 49, 1540, 1547, 1551; 50, 1554; 51, 1583, 1587, 1599; 52, 1624, 1629 (Sūtaputrah, in the van of Duryodhana's array); 53, 1643; 54, †1666, †1682, †1685, †1687, †1689 (Vaikartanam), †1690, †1692, †1693 (is defeated by Arjuna); 55, 1734, 1735, 1750 (Vaikartanah, on the top of his standard there was the device of an elephant's rope, nagakaksha); 59, 1908, 1917, 1919, 1921 (Arjuna rushed towards K.); 60, 1923, 1924, 1930, (1931), 1939, 1940, 1943, 1944, 1946, 1947 (is defeated by Arjuna); 63, 2021, 2024; 66, †2107, †2117 (stupefied by Arjuna, who caused Uttara to bring K.'s yellow robes away); 68, 2168, 2232 (padam padasahasrena yaç caran nāparā-dhnuyāt).—§ 553b (Yudhishthira): IV, 70, 2286.—§ 554 (Sainyodyogap.): V, [2, †31 (sa-Sūtaputram)]; 3, 60; [4, 65 (Rādheya-Saubalau)]:-§ 555 (do.): V, 8, 214 (Çalya