

Para(h) = Īiva (1000 names²).

Para(m) = Īiva (1000 names²).—Do.² = Vishṇu (1000 names).

Parā¹, a goddess. § 270 (Brahmasabhāv.): II, 11, 458 (in the palace of Brahmán).

Parā², a river. § 574 (Jambūkh.): VI, 9A, 327 (only C., B. has *Venām*).

Pārā, another name of the river Kauçiki. § 134 (Viçvāmītra): I, 71, 2926 (Viçvāmītra changed the name of the river into P.).

Parāçara¹, a ṛshi, son of Çakt(r)i and Adṛçyantī, and father of Vyāsa. § 70 (Ādivamçāvātāranap.): I, 60, 2209 (*janayām asa yaṃ Kālī Çaktreḥ putrāt P^oat*, sc. Vyāsa).—§ 77 (Vyāsa): I, 63, 2399, 2415 (begot Vyāsa on Satyavatī).—§ 156 (Pūruvamç.): I, 95, ††3802 (do.).—§ 171 (Vicitravīryasutotpatti): I, 105, 4229 (*paramarshih*, do.).—§ 226 (cf. Vāsishṭha): Then *Adṛçyantī* (the widow of Çakt(r)i) in the hermitage of *Vāsishṭha* brought forth a son, *Parāçara* (so named because he had hindered *Vāsishṭha*, when he was *parāsu* (i.e. resolved upon self-destruction)), who knew *Vāsishṭha* as his father. *Adṛçyantī*, however, told him that his father had been devoured by a *Rākshasa*. P. then in his anger resolved to destroy the whole creation, but was restrained by *Vāsishṭha* (*Maitrāvāruni*): I, 178, 6794.—§ 227 (Aurvop.): I, 180, 6864 (Vāsishṭha told P. the story of Aurva).—§ 228 (do.): I, 181, 6866 (*Çaktreyah*), 6874, 6877, 6881 (P. then controlled his wrath, but performed a *Rākshasa* sacrifice; Pulastya prevailed upon him to make an end of it).—§ 266 (Çakrasabhāv.): II, 7, 292 (in the palace of Indra).—§ 637 (Rājadh.): XII, 477, 1597 (among the ṛshis who surrounded Bhīshma).—§ 638b (Rāmo-pākhyāna): XII, 49, 1792 (protected the son of Saudāsa).—§ 702 (Mokshadh.): XII, 291, 10699 (10702); 292, (10723); 293, (10747); 294, (10770); 295, (10791); 296, (10822); 297, (10863), (10872), (10880), (10892), (10896); 298, (†10900); 299, 10942, (10944) (instructed Janaka).—§ 707 (do.): XII, 319b, 11782 (*viprarshoh*, had instructed Viçvāvasu).—§ 709b (Sulabhā-Janakasamv.): XII, 321, 11875 (*ṣagotrasya . . . Pañcaçikhasya*).—§ 717b (Nārāyaṇīya): XII, 350, 13639 (begot Vyāsa on Satyavatī), 13642 (*Çaktriputraḥ*), 13643 (*ṣya dayādah Kṛshṇa-Dvaipāyano munih*), †13687 (*maharshih*).—§ 730 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 18, (1336), 1341 (obtained the son Vyāsa by gratifying Īiva).—§ 746 (do.): XIII, 66, 3369 (*aha*, a sentence of his is quoted).—§ 770 (do.): XIII, 151a, †7088 (*Vedanidhiṃ*), 7153 (*ṣmatam*, about the Sāvitrī mantras). Cf. Çāktra, Çaktreḥ putraḥ, Çaktreya, Çaktrija, Çaktriputra.

Parāçara², a serpent. § 67 (Sarpasattra): I, 57, 2160 (of Dhṛtarāshṭra's race).

Parāçaraçarīraja ("the son of Parāçara") = Vyāsa: XIII, 1679.

Parāçarasuta (do.) = Vyāsa: II, 1637 (*Kṛshṇa-Dvaipāyano Vyāsah*); VII, 9645; XII, 8806, 10484 (V^o), 12369, 12421, 13030 (V^o); XIII, 680 (*Vedavyāsah*).

Parāçarātmaja (do.) = Vyāsa: I, 55; XII, 12353 (V^o).

Pārāçarya¹ (do.) = Vyāsa: I, 541 (*muninā*), 2414, 4235 (*mahān ṛshih*); III, 1438; VI, 594 (*pitus tava*, sc. Dhṛtarāshṭra's); XII, 12336 (V^o), 12344 (*mahāmuniḥ*); XIII, 7670 (one of the ṛshis of the north), 7718 (V^o); XVIII, 157 (*munih*).

Pārāçarya², one or two ṛshis of Parāçara's race. § 264 (Sabhākriyāp.): II, 4a, 108 (*Sarikaḥ?*).—§ 266 (Çakra-

sabhāv.): II, 7, 295 (*Kṛshibalaḥ?*, in the palace of Çakra).

pāraçava, name of a caste: XIII, †2566 (son of a brahman and a çūdra woman). Cf. *pārasava*.

Paraçu, an ancient king. § 6 (Anukram.): I, 1a, 228 (in Sañjaya's enumeration).

[**Paraçu-**]Rāma, v. Rāma.

Paraçuvana, name of a hell (?). § 710 (Mokshadh.): XII, 322, †12075 (*ṣayo nipātitaḥ*).

Paraçvadhāyudha = Īiva (1000 names²).

Pārada, pl. (ṣaḥ), a people. § 295 (Dyūtap.): II, 51, 1832; 52, 1859, 1869 (brought tribute to Yudhisṭhira).—§ 585 (Bhīshmavadhap.): VI, 87, 3853 (in the army of Duryodhana, followed Droṇa).—§ 599 (Jayadrathavadhap.): VII, 93a, 3379 (attacked Arjuna); 121a, 4818 (attacked Sātyaki).

Parā ḡati(h) = Īiva (1000 names²).

Parahan, an ancient king. § 6 (Anukram.): I, 1a, 232 (in Sañjaya's enumeration).

Parākrama, a Kuru warrior. § 600 (Ghaṭotkacavadhap.): VII, 156a, 6850.

Parakrāthin, a Kuru warrior. § 600 (Ghaṭotkacavadhap.): VII, 156a, 6852.

Paramahamsa = Mahāpuruṣa (Mahāpuruṣastava).

Paramakrodhin, a Viçvadeva. § 749 (Ānuçāsanik.): XIII, 917, 4357 (enumeration).

Paramam brahma = Īiva (1000 names²).

Paramam havih = Agni: I, 8416.—Do.² = Skanda: III, †14640.

Paramam padam = Kṛshṇa: XII, 1626.

Paramam pavitraṃ = Skanda: III, †14639.

Paramam tapah = Īiva (1000 names²).

Paramaspasṭha = Vishṇu (1000 names).

Paramatigmāṃçu = Sūrya (the Sun): III, 16977.

Paramātman ("the Supreme Soul," often identified with Brahmán, Īiva, or Vishṇu (Kṛshṇa, Nārāyaṇa)): III, 10915 (*Vishṇuna*), 10931 (= Vishṇu), 10955 (*Vishṇuna*), 11174 (*nirguṇah*); V, †1675; VI, 1343, 1352, 1399 (*uttamah puruṣah*), 4462 (= Kṛshṇa); VII, 6466 (do.); XII, 6921 (= Brahmán?), 7108, 7192 (*sthānasya P^onah*), †7400 (*ṣkari*), 7743, 8822, †8943 (*ṣtāṃ*), †8949, 11174, 11175, 11194, 11720, 12889 (*Vasudevah*, = Nārāyaṇa (Kṛshṇa)), 12982 (= do.), 12989 (= do.), 13012 (*dehinām*, = do.), 13034 (= do.), 13139 (= do.), 13335 (= do.), 13350 (= do.), 13354 (= do.), 13358 (= do.), 13369 (= do.), 13374 (= do., *ṣah sthānasya*), 13387 (= do.), 13402 (= do.), 13449 (= do.), 13684, 13753, 13754 (*Nārāyaṇah*): XIII, 1252 (= Īiva (1000 names²)), 4104 (*Brahmaṇah*), 6865 (= Kṛshṇa), 6951 (Vishṇu's 1000 names), 7743 (= Kṛshṇa); XIV, 1491 (do.)

Parameçvara ("the Supreme Lord," often identified with Brahmán, Īiva, or Vishṇu (Kṛshṇa, Nārāyaṇa)): III, 8353 (*Kshetrājñah* = Kṛshṇa); V, 3870 (= Kāla); VI, 1348, 2941 (= Kṛshṇa); XII, 2398 (*Nārāyaṇam*), 12875 (= Nārāyaṇa), 13005 (do); XIII, 595 (= Īiva), 792 (do.), 795 (do.), 797 (do.), 842 (do.), 913 (do.), 922 (do.), 1119 (do.), 1360 (do.), 3621 (*Brahma*), 6908 (identified with Kāla), 6990 (Vishṇu's 1000 names); XIV, 1320, 1592 (= Kṛshṇa).

Paramayañjika = Mahāpuruṣa (Mahāpuruṣastava).

Pāramesṭha ("son of Parameshthin [i.e. Brahmán]") = Nārada: XII, 12700 (B. *Pāramesṭhya*).

Parameshṭhija (do.) = Nārada: XII, 13326 (N.), 13330 (N.), 13399 (N^o).

Parameshthin¹ = Brahmán (Prajāpati): I, 32, 61, 935.