

the words of the ascetic may be rendered true." Then he placed the insect on his neck and was bitten by *Takshaka*, who coiled round his neck and uttered a tremendous roar (I, 43): I, 40, 1664 (*Kauravavañçajah*), 1670, 1673 (*rājā . . . Abhimanyujah*, ^o*ri* also B.); 41, 1692, 1696 (*rājā . . . Abhimanyujah*), 1709, 1716; 42, 1737, 1762 (*nṛpam Kurukulotpannamp*).—§ 56 (do.): The ministers of *Janamejaya* told him about *P.*, that he was virtuous, a pupil of *Cāradavata* (i.e. *Kṛpa*) in the science of arms and dear to *Govinda* (i.e. *Kṛṣṇa*), and that he had got his name because he was born by *Uttara*, "parikṣīneshu Kurushu," and that he ruled sixty years; that being addicted to hunting he made over all affairs of state to his ministers; then how he insulted *Camika*, and his death (cf. § 51); they also mentioned that *Takshaka* had insulted the *rishi Uttanka*: I, 49, 1934, 1947 (*Saubhadrasyātmajah*); 50, 1980 (*rājā Kurucreshthah*).—§ 160 (*Pūrvavamç.*): I, 95, ††3836 (*parikṣīne kule jātah*), ††3837 (married Mādravatī).—§ 617 (*Aishikap.*); X, 16, 724 (*parikṣīneshu Kurushu putras tava bharishyati | stad arya Pōtvam*), 725, 734, 737 (being still a fetus *P.* was slain by Aśvatthāman, but Kṛṣṇa promised to revive him).—§ 785 (*Anugitāp.*): XIV, 66, 1943 (was still-born); 70, 2044 (was revived by Kṛṣṇa); *parikṣīne kule yasadd jāto 'yam Abhimanyujah | Pōd iti nāmasya bhavishyati*; 78, 2288 (*Abhimanyor yathā jātah*).—§ 788 (*Ācramavāsap.*): XV, 21, 591 (*Vairātyātanayām . . . pitaram te*, i.e. *Janamejaya's*).—§ 790 (*Putradarçanap.*): XV, 35, 944 (*Janamejaya wished to see P.*, Vyāsa then summoned him from the other world).—§ 791 (*Mahāprasthānikap.*): XVII, 1, 7, 9, 15, 28 (when the Pāṇḍavas left this world *P.* was installed as king in Hāstina-pura. *Kṛpa* became his preceptor). Cf. *Abhimanyoh sutah*, *Abhimanyuja*, *Bharataçreshtha*, *Kirīṭanayātmaja*, *Kuruçreshtha*, *Kurukulādhama*, *Kurunandana*, *Kururāja*, *Kuruvardhana*, *Pāṇḍaveya*.

Parikshit² or **Parikshit**, son of Avikshit. § 154 (*Pūrvavamç.*): I, 94, 3741 (son of Avikshit; ^o*ri* both C. and B.), 3743 (father of *Janamejaya*³, etc.; ^o*ri* both C. and B.).

Parikshit⁴ (C.) or **Parikshit** (B.), a king of Ayodhyā. § 461 (*Vāmadevac.*): III, 192, ††13145 (*Ayodhydyām Ikshvākuḥ*, married the daughter of the frog king, etc.).

Parikshit, son of Anaçyan. § 156 (*Pūrvavamç.*): I, 95, 3794 (son of Anaçyan), 3795 (husband of Suyaçā Bahudā, and father of Bhimasena⁵).

Pārikshit (B. ^o*ri*) = *Janamejaya*¹⁰; XII, 5596 (*J^o*).

Pārikshita or **Pārikshita** = *Janamejaya*¹, q.v.

Parinirmita = Mahāpurusha (Mahāpurushastava).

Pāripātra (C.) or **Pāriyātra** (B.), a mountain. § 269 (*Vaiçravānasabhāv.*): II, 10, 412 (among the mountains present in the palace of Kubera).—§ 459 (*Mārkandeyas.*): III, 188, 12920 (seen by Mārkandeya in the stomach of Nārāyaṇa).—§ 548 (*Āraneyap.*): III, 313, 17295 (*uttare*; b: there the beings had sung that Arjuna should be invincible), 17318.—§ 574 (*Jambūkh.*): VI, 9_a, 319 (one of the *kula-parvatāḥ* of Bhāratavarsha).—§ 641 (*Rājadh.*): XII, 129, 4719 (*girīm*, there Gotama had his hermitage).—§ 643b (*Kāyavyac.*): XII, 135, 4856 (*carab*, sc. Kāyavya; ^o*ya*^o, both C. and B.).—§ 782g (*Guruçishyas.*): XIV, 43_η, 1173 (enumeration of the principal mountains).

Pāriplava, a tirtha. § 362 (*Trīthayātrāp.*): III, 83, 5082.

***pārīshada**, mostly pl. (^o*ā*), said of the followers of Civa and Skanda: II, 414 (surround Civa in the palace of Kubera), 416 (do.); III, 9949 (sc. Civa's), 14330 (sc. Skanda's), 14387 (*Skanda-^oān*), 15856 (sc. Civa's); VII, 9611 (do.); VIII,

1542 (do.); IX, 2526 (*māhā^o*, sc. Skanda's), 2552 (dual, do.), 2553 (*māhā^o*, dual, do.), 2579 (*māhā^o*, do.), 2580 (do.), 2606 (do.), 2610 (do.), 2614 (*māhā^o*, do.), 2615 (do.), 2672 (do.); X, 283 (sc. Civa's)

Pārīshadapriya = Civa: X, 258.

Parivaha, name of a wind. § 714m (*Çukakṛtya*): The wind who bears the celestial waters and supports the celestial Gāṅgā, who causes the Sun with its thousand rays to appear as a luminous body of only one ray, and who causes the Moon to increase after his waning, that wind is named *P.*; XII, 329, 12412

Parivyādha, a ṛshi. § 665 (*Mokshadh.*): XII, 2080, 7596 (one of the ṛshis of the west).—§ 770 (*Ānuçāsanik.*): XIII, 1510, 7114 (one of the seven *Varuṇasya rteijah* in the west).—§ 775 (do.): XIII, 166_a, 7667 (among the ṛshis of the west).

Pāriyātra, v. **Pāripātra**.

Parjanya¹, the god of rain = Indra, q.v.

Parjanya², a Devagandharva. § 101 (*Amṛcāvat.*): I, 65, 2552 (the fourteenth son of Muni).—§ 191 (*Arjuna*): I, 123_a, 4812 (*caturdaçah*, among the Devagandharvas present at the birth of Arjuna).

Parjanya³ = Vishṇu (1000 names).

Parjanya, adj. ("belonging to Parjanya"). § 208 (*Astraradarçana*): I, 135, 5365 (^o*māṣṭṛjad* [sc. ^o*astrēṇa*] *ghandā*, sc. Arjuna). Cf. next.

Pārjanyāstra ("the Parjanya-weapon"). § 588 (*Bhīshma-vadhap.*): VI, 121, 5784 (employed by Arjuna in order to get water).

Parnacirapata = Civa (1000 names¹).

Parnāçā, a river. § 268 (*Varuṇasabhāv.*): II, 9, 373 (among the rivers present in the palace of Varuṇa).—§ 298 (*Dyūtap.*): II, 65, †2146 (*yat kimcid anu Pōām prāk Sindhoḥ*, sc. *gavāçvam*, belongs to Yudhīṣṭhīra).—§ 574 (*Jambūkh.*): VI, 9_a, 339 (C. has by error *Purnāçām*).—§ 599b (*Çrutāyudha*): VII, 92, 3305 (*mālānañi*, by Varuṇa, mother of Çrutāyudha).—§ 599 (*Jayadrathavadhap.*): VII, 92, 3319 (^o*āyāh priyah sutah*, i.e. Çrutāyudha).—§ 775 (*Ānuçāsanik.*): XIII, 166_a, 7647 (enumeration).

Parnaçālā, name of a village. § 746 (*Ānuçāsanik.*): XIII, 68, 3398 (between the Gāṅgā and the Yamunā, at the foot of the mountain Yāmuna, inhabited by brahmans).

Parnāda, name of one or more brahmans. § 264 (*Sabhā-kriyāp.*): II, 4_a, 108 (waited upon Yudhīṣṭhīra).—§ 351 (*Nalopākhyānap.*): III, 70, 2744 (*dvijah*), 2757, 2761 (sent to seek for Nala).—§ 353 (do.): III, 74, 2893; 76, 2978 (*brāhmaṇah*, the same).—§ 686 (*Mokshadh.*): XII, 273, 9818 (only B., *Çukrasya punar ajñābhīḥ Pō nāma-advayādhyāñat tu puṇār ajñāti*, C.—*dharmavit*).

pārshada, v. **parçvada**.

Pārshata¹ ("the son of Pṛshata") = Drupada: I, 5462, 5474, 6334, 6348 (*Drupado nāma*), 7255; V, 7398, 7405, 7411, 7443.

Pārshata² ("the grandson of Pṛshata") = Dhṛṣṭadyumna: I, 7273 (*Dh^o*); II, 2349 (^o*rya wasā*, i.e. Draupadi), 2665; III, 897 (*Dh^o*); V, 57 (do.), †725 (*Dh^oṇi . . . Yāñasenīm*), †732, 2262 (*Dh^o*), 4220 (do.), 5152 (do.), 5175 (do.), 7548 (do.), 7598 (do.); VI, 1655 (do.), 1837 (do.), 1866 (do.), 1962 (do.), 2062 (do.), 2064, 2071, 2072, 2082 (*Dh^o*), 2128 (do.), 2149 (do.), 2194 (*Pāñcālyah*), 2202, 2213, 2226, 2228, 2229, 2327, 2329, 2334, 2340 (*Dh^o*), 2481, 2499, 2706 (*Dh^o*), 2714, 2715, 2724, 2733 (*Dh^o*), 2742, 2755 (*Dh^o*), 2760, 2788 (*Dh^o*), 3063 (do.), 3353 (do.), 3362 (do.), 3373,