

Jarāsandha).—§ 280 (Bhīmasena): II, 30, 1096 (*Puṇḍra-dhipan*, vanquished by Bhīmasena on his digvijaya).—§ 287 (Rājasūyikā): II, 34, 1270 (*Paṇḍrakah*, came to the rājasūya). Cf. Paṇḍraḥ, Puṇḍrādhipa.

**Vasudevapitr** ("the father of Vasudeva") = Āura: I, 2764 (C°), 4382 (C°).

**Vāsudevapriya** ("dear to Vāsudeva") = Skanda: III, 14636.

**Vasudevaputra** ("the son of Vasudeva") = Kṛṣṇa, q.v.

**Vāsudevāsahodarā** ("the sister of Vāsudeva [i.e. Kṛṣṇa]") = Subhadrā: IX, 258.

**Vasudevāsuta** ("the son of Vasudeva") = Kṛṣṇa, q.v.

**Vasudevāsutā** ("the daughter of Vasudeva") = Subhadrā: I, 7919 (S°).

**Vasudevātmaja** ("the son of Vasudeva") = Kṛṣṇa, q.v.

**\*Vasudhā** ("the earth", personif.): VII, 2407, (2408).

**Vasudhādhara** ("supporting the earth") = Cēsha: XIII: 6866 (*Anantah*).

**Vasudharman**, a Kuru warrior, a Trigarta (?). § 605 (Karnap.): VIII, 27λλ, 1079 (only C., attacked Arjuna).

**Vasuhoma**, an Āṅga king. § 641 (Rājadh.): XII, 122, 4469 (*Āṅgashu*), 4475, 4476, 4477, 4478 (4482) (on Muñja-prsthā V. discoursed to Māndhātṛ on chastisement).

**Vāsuki**, king of the serpents. § 26 (Jaratkāru): I, 14, 1053, (1056) (gave his sister Jaratkāru to the ascetic Jaratkāru, cf. § 53).—§ 28 (Amṛtamanthana): I, 18, 1124, 1127 (*nāgasya*, V. served as a cord at the churning of the ocean).—§ 47 (Sarpanāmak.): I, 35, 1550 (enumeration).—§ 49 (of Āstikā): V. held a consultation with his brothers how to render the curse of *Kādrū* abortive; several means were proposed and rejected (I, 37); *Elāpatra* then told that he had heard *Brahmān* say to the gods that the harmless serpents would be saved by *Āstika*, who should be begotten by *Jaratkāru* on V.'s sister *Jaratkāru* (I, 39). V. carefully brought up his sister. After the churning of the ocean V. addressed *Brahmān*, who confirmed the words of *Elāpatra*. V. gave order to watch the ṛshi *Jaratkāru* (I, 39): I, 37, 1589 (*pannagottamaḥ*), (1591), 1617 (*pannagottamaṇ*); 38, 1622, 1637 (°ḥ *sarparājasya Jaratkāruḥ svasā*), 1639; 39, 1644 (*nāgah*), 1645, 1652 (*nāgendrah*).—§ 50 (Jaratkāru): I, 40, 1658 (°er *bhaginī*, i.e. Jaratkāru).—§ 51 (Āstikā): I, 40, 1661.—§ 53 (Jaratkāru): I, 46, 1864, 1866 (*nāgendrah*), 1868; 47, 1869, 1880 (°ḥ *svasā*, i.e. Jaratkāru) (V. gave his sister Jaratkāru to the ascetic Jaratkāru).—§ 54 (do.): I, 47, 1884 (°er *bhaginī*, i.e. Jaratkāru), 1896 (*bhaginī . . . V°oh*, do.), 1905.—§ 55 (Āstika): I, 48, (1914), 1919 (*pannageṣvaran*), 1924 (*nāgendrah*). (Jaratkāru bore Āstika, who was reared in the house of V.).—§ 60 (Sarpasattra): I, 53, 2059, 2060 (*pannagottamaṇ*); 54, 2067 (*nāgarājasya*), 2075, 2077 (*rājānā*), 2078 (*nāgarājah*), 2080 (*pannagottamaḥ*), 2083, 2084 (*pannagottama*), (2089), 2092 (Āstika promised V. to save the serpents from the curse).—§ 63 (do.): I, 57, 2145 (enumeration of the serpents of V.'s race who fell into the fire), 2148 (°jā *nāgah*).—§ 100 (Amṛvat.): I, 65, 2549 (among the *Kādraveyas*, sons of *Kādrū*).—§ 191 (Arjuna): I, 123, 4828 (present at the birth of Arjuna).—§ 197 (Bhīmasenarasapāna): I, 128, 5022 (*sarparājānaṇ*), 5025, 5027, 5028, 5031.—§ 268 (Varuṇasabhāv.): II, 9, 360 (among the serpents in the palace of Varuṇa).—§ 370 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 85, 8176 (°er *lokam*).—§ 374 (do.): III, 85, 8228 (*Bhogavatlī nāma V°es tīrtham*).—§ 549c (Arjuna): IV, 2, 41 (*sarparājasya*; Arjuna had ravished the sister of V.).—§ 564 (Mātaliyop.): V, 103,

3617 (*Bhogavatlī . . . V°pālītā*), (ṛ), 3625 (enumeration of serpents).—§ 565 (Gālavacarita): V, 109, 3797 (*Bhogavatlī . . . V°pālītā*); 117, 3976 (*reme . . . yathā . . . V°ih Ḍatacīrahāyān*).—§ 576 (Bhagavadgītāp.): VI, 34, 1232 (*sarpānām asmi V°ih*, says Kṛṣṇa).—§ 603d (Tripura): VII, 202, 9568 (Āura made V. his bowstring (*guṇa*)).—§ 606 (Tripurākhyāna): VIII, 34, 1475 (became the pole (*kūbara*) of Āura's chariot; *bhujagottamaḥ*).—§ 608 (Karnap.): VIII, 87x', 4414 (sided with Arjuna).—§ 615g (Nāgadharvan): IX, 37, 2148 (*pannagarājasya*, resided in Nāgadharvan), 2150 (*pannagottamaṇ*, installed as king of the pannagas).—§ 615u (Skanda): IX, 45ṛ, 2518 (*nāgarājah*), 2555 (*pannageṣvarah*, gave two serpents as companions to Skanda).—§ 770 (Ānuṣānik.): XIII, 151κ, 7119 (among the seven dharanīdharāḥ).—§ 784b (Uttanka): XIV, 58, 1740 (°pramukhānān ca nāgānān), 1748 (do.).—§ 793 (Mausalap.): XVI, 4ṛ, †119. Cf. Nāgarāj, Nāgarāja, Nāgendra, Pannaga, Pannagarāja, Pannagarājan, Pannageṣvara, Pannagendra, Sarparāja, Sarparājan.

**Vasumanas**<sup>1</sup>, an ancient king [of Ayodhyā], son of Haryaṣṭra and Mādharī and grandson of Yayāti. § 267 (Yamasabhāv.): II, 8, 323 (in the palace of Yama).—§ 378 (Tīrthayātrāp.): III, 94, 8504 (had practised austerities and visited tīrthas).—§ 467 (Rājanyamahābhāgya): III, 198, ††13302, ††13312 (did not give Nārada his flowery chariot, though he praised it).—§ 552 (Goharanap.): IV, 56ζ, 1768 (came from heaven to see the encounter).—§ 565 (Gālavacarita): V, 121, 4057; 122, 4080 (the daughter's sons of Yayāti caused him to ascend again to heaven by means of their good deeds).—§ 641 (Rājadh.): XII, 68, 2536, 2537 (*Kauṣalyah*), (2540) (Bṛhaspati's discourse to V.).—§ 92, 3465 (instructed by Vāmadera). Cf. Vasumat, Kausalya<sup>2</sup>.

**Vasumanas**<sup>2</sup> = Viṣṇu (1000 names).

**Vasumat**<sup>1</sup> (Aushadācvi) = Vasumanas<sup>1</sup>. § 149 (Yayāti): I, 86, 3539 (*rājānā*); 92, †3663; 93, (†3664), †3664 (*Aushadācviḥ*), (†3666), (†3668) (when Yayāti fell from heaven his daughter's sons, among them V., offered him their worlds; they then all ascended to heaven). Cf. Aushadācvi.

**Vasumat**<sup>2</sup>, a king at the time of Yudhishthira. § 264 (Sabhākriyāp.): II, 4β, 127 (waited upon Yudhishthira).—§ 554 (Sainyodyogap.): V, 4ṛ, 84.

**Vasumat**<sup>3</sup>, a rite (according to Nil.). § 270 (Brahmasabhāv.): II, 11, 447 (in the palace of Brahman).

**Vasumat**<sup>4</sup>, a fire, v. Dasyumat (III, 14203).

**Vasumat**<sup>5</sup>, a king, son of Janaka. § 706 (Mokshadh.): XII, 310, 11519 (*Janakātmaḥ*).

**\*Vasumatī** = the earth: III, 10938; XII, 918; XIII, 4096.

**Vasumitra**, a king. § 130 (Amṛvat.): I, 67, 2677 (incarnation of the Asura Vikshara).

**\*Vasundh** (the earth, personif.): I, 2500; XII, 1676, 1850.

**Vasunandini**, the wife of the Vasu Dyaus. § 164 (Āpavop.): I, 99, 3935.

**Vasuprada**<sup>1</sup>, a warrior of Skanda. § 615u (Skanda): IX, 45ṛ, 2565 (B. *Vasuprabhah*).

**Vasuprada**<sup>2</sup> = Mahāpurusha (Mahāpurushastava).—Do.<sup>2</sup> = Viṣṇu (1000 names).

**Vasuretas**<sup>1</sup> = Agni: I, 1021, 2168, 8221 (only B.), 8319.—Do.<sup>2</sup> = Āura: VII, 2878; XIV, 206 (only C., °*surapushe* (?)).—Do.<sup>3</sup> = Viṣṇu (1000 names).

**Vasurūpa** = Āura: XIV, 205 (only C., B. has *Bahurūpaya*).

**Vasusambhava** ("originating from the Vasus") = Bhīṣma: VIII, 35.