couch of leaves. - sires f. a hut made of leaves, an hermitage, R. 1. 95, XII. 40.

पर्णल a. (f. ला) Full of leaves, leafy, Bt. vi.143; (the reading of one commentator, however, is पुन्तली).

पर्गेसि m. 1 A lotus; 2 a house enclosed by water; 3 a vegetable; 4 decoration, toilet.

पर्णिन् m. Λ tree.

प**र्णिल a. (/: ला)** The same as पर्णल q. v.

पर्द vi. 1. A (pres. पर्दते) To break wind.

पर्के m. 1 A quantity of hair; 2 a fart.

पदेन n. A fart.

पर्प n. 1 A house; 2 young grass; 3 a wheeled chair on which a cripple moves, (येन पीठेन पंगवधांति स पर्प: S.K.). पर्पतिक m. 1 The sun; 2 fire; 3 a reservoir.

पर्यक्त ind. Round about, h

every direction.

पर्ये (स्यं)क m. 1 A bed, a sofa; 2 a cloth thrown over the back, loins and kneels, while seated on the hams; 3 sitting upon the hams, (a particular posture thus described by Vasishtha:— एकं पादमधैकस्मिन् विन्यस्थारी तु संस्थितम् । इतर्राह्मस्त्रस्थारी तु संस्थितम् । इतर्राह्मस्तर्भे सं विराचनमुन्हातम्), K. S. 111. 45, 59. Comp. —वंध m. sitting in the paryanka posture. See (3) above.—भोगिन m. a kind of serpent.

पर्यटन) n. Wandering about, पर्यटित ∫ peregrination.

भ्येनुयोग m. An inquiry with a view to contradict, एनेना-र्न्याप पर्यनुयोगस्यानवकाज्ञः D. B.

पर्यंत I a. (f. ता) Bounded, c.g. समुद्रपर्यता एथ्वी 'the oceanbounded earth.' II m. 1 Circuit, circumference; 2 skirtsborder, extremity, R. XIII. 38, Rt. III. 3; 3 end, termination; 4 side, flank, R. XVIII. 43. Comp. — देश m., भू f. a neghbouring district. — प्रति m. an adjoining bill.

पर्येतिका f. Loss of good qualities, depravity.

पर्येच m. I Revolution, lapse, expiration, M. 1. 30, x1. 27; 2 change, alteration; 3 confusion, irregularity; 4 deviation from customary or prescribed observances, neglect of duty.

पर्ययण n. I Walking round; 2 a horse's saddle.

पर्यवदात a. (f. ता) Quite pure or clean.

पर्यवरोध m. Obstruction.

पर्यवसान n. 1 End, termination, conclusion; 2 determination.

पर्यवसित व. (f. ता) 1 Finished, compreted; 2 pertahed, lost.

पर्यवस्था f. । 1 Opposition, पर्यवस्थान n.) obstruction ; 2 contradiction.

पर्यश्च a. Bathed in tears, shedding tears, tearful, पर्य-द्वणा मंगलभगभाइने लोचने मील-यित्रं विषेहें Kir. 111. 36, R. X111. 70.

पर्वसन n. 1 Putting off or away; 2 throwing; 3 sending away.

पर्यस्त a. (f. स्ता) 1 Thrown round; 2 surrounded, encompassed; 3 overturned, upset; 4 dismissed, laid aside.

पर्यस्तिका f. Sitting upon पर्यस्तिका the hams. See प-यक (3).

पर्याकुल a. (f. ला) 1 Turbid; 2 confused, disordered; 3 agitated, excited, bewildered, Rt. vi. 22.

पर्याण n. A saddle.

पर्यास I a. (f. सा) 1 Obtained, gained; 2 finished, completed; 3 full, all, whole, R. vi. 44, K. S. vii. 26; 4 adequate, enough, sufficient, R. xv. 18, M. xi. 7. (पर्यासम् is used as an indeclinable in the sense of 1 readily; 2 satisfactorily, to one's fill, e. g. पर्याममानामति; 3 fully, ably, adequately).

पर्याप्ति f. 1 Obtaining, acquisition; 2 end, conclusion; 3 fulness, sufficiency; 4 satisfaction; 5 preserving, guarding, warding off a blow.

पर्याय m. I Course, lapse, expiration: 2 regular recurrence; 3 turn, succession K. S. 11. 36, M. IV. 87; 4 method, arrangement; 5 method of proceeding, way, manner; 6 a synonym, a سنالم عمس بتكنين سع स्यायं निर्धन न्वं शरीरिणाम् Panch. II.; 7 opportunity, occasion; 8 creation, manufacture, preparation; figure of speech in rhetoric. (See K. Pr. x. under पर्याय). (पर्यायेण is used adverbially in the sense of 1 in turn, in succession, by rotation; 2 at random, पर्यायेण हि दृश्यंते कामं स्वप्नाः ग्रभाग्रभा: Ve. 11.). Соме.-उक्त n. a circumlocutory speech, a sentence which suggests its own meaning in a different manner from that expressed, (considered as a figure of speech in rhetoric). 🗝 ब्रुत् a. superseded, supplanted. -वचन n., हाट्य m. a synonym.-हायन n. alternate sleeping and watch-