woolly, 11 m. 1 A sheep; 2 a hog, a boar,

रोह्या f. Violent weeping, excessive lamentation, Bt. 111.

रोलम्ब m. A bee, Bh. V. 1.

118. रोष m. Anger, wrath, मृषेव रो-बादुपजल्पतो मे Bh. V. 11. 13. रोषण । a. (f. जी) Angry, passionate. II m. 1 A touchstone: 2 quicksilvsr; 3 a desert soil containing salt. रोष्ट m. 1 Rising, height, altitude; 2 the raising of any thing, (e. g. of a number from a smaller to a higher denomination); 3 growth; 4 bud, blossom.

रोहण I m. Name of a mountain. II n. The act of mounting, growing, or healing. Comp. — द्वम m. the sandal tree.

रोडि m. 1 A kind of deer; 2 a religious man: 3 a tree.

रोहिजी f. 1 A red cow, a cow in general; 2 name of the fourth constellation (containing five stars) in the form of a cart, considered to be the most favourite wife of the moon, उपरागानी जाजि-नः समुपगता रोहिणी योगम् Sak. vii; 3 a young girl in whom menstruation is just comm-nced; (see under कन्यका); 4 lightning; 5 name of the mother of Balaráma. Comp. -पति. वह्नभ m. the moon. -शकट m. the constellation Rohini' in the form of a cart, रोहिणीशकटमकेनन्दनभेद्रिनति ६-धिरोऽथवा शशी Panch. 1. रोहित I a. (f. रोहिता or रोहिजी) Red coloured. Il m. 1 Red colour: 2 a kind of deer; 3 a species of fish. III n. 1 Blood; 2 saffron. Comp. -अन्द m. fire.

रोक्स n. 1 Hardness, dryness aridity; 2 roughness, cruelty? भर्तृनि तारीक्ष्यम् R. xiv. 58. रोह्र [a. (f. ह्या or ही) Violent, wrathful, savage, terrible. II m. 1 A worshipper of Rudra: 2 warmth, ardour, wrath; 3 winter: 4 one of the eight or nine sentiments in rhetoric, the sentiment of wrath or terribleness, S. D. 232, III n. 1 Fierceness, savageness; 2 heat, warmth; 3 wrath. रीप्य I a. (f. प्या) Made of or like silver. II n. Silver. रोरव I a. (f. वी) 1 Dreadful. terrible; 2 fraudulent; 3 made of the hide of rura II m. 1 A savage; 2 name of one of the hells, M.Iv.88. रौहिणेय m. 1 A calf; 2 name of Balaráma; 3 the planet Mercury. रौडिय भ. A kind of deer. रोहिष I m. The same as रोडिष

q. v. II n. A kind of grass.

ल

रोहिष m. 1 A species of fish ;

2 a kind of deer.

ल m. 1 An epithet of Indra; 2 a short syllable (in prosody); 3 Pánini's technical term for all the tenses and moods (in gram.).

लक्ट vt. 10. U (pres. लाक्स्याते-ते) 1 To obtain ; 2 to taste. लक n. 1 The forehead; 2 an ear of wild rice.

लक्ष] Im. A kind of bread-लक्षच (fruit tree. II n. The fruit of this tree.

लक्ट m. A club.

लक्तक m. 1 Lac; 2 a tattered cloth.

लिका J. A lizard.

लक्ष I vt. 1. A (pres. लक्षते) To perceive, to apprehend, to see, to observe. II vt. 10. U (pp. लक्षित; pres. लक्षयति-ते) 1 To mark, to denote, to characterise, to indicate, बीजलक्षणलिक्षता M. IX. 35; 2 to signify or mean secondarily, अत्र गीशब्दः - वा-हीकार्थं लक्षयाति S. D. II.; 3 to consider. to regard, to think; 4 to perceive, to observe, योगप्रभावो न च लक्ष्यते ते R. xvi. 7, 1x. 72. WITH arr- to observe, to notice, to perceive, सोच्या च त्रियदर्शना

च मदनक्रिष्टेयमालक्ष्यते Sak.111., R. xv. 18. 37-1 to mark, to characterise, Kull. M. 11. 170; 2 to include or to denote secondarily. नक्षत्रज्ञब्देन उयोतिःशास्रमुपलक्य-ते Kull. on M. 111. 162; 3 to perceive, to observe; 4 to think, to consider, to regard as. [7-1 to see, to observe; 2 to become bewildered or confused; 3 to distinguish, to characteries. सम्- I to see, to perceive, to observe; 2 to distinguish: 3 to test, to prove, हेंद्रन: सं-