

लक्ष्यते समी विद्यादिः श्यामिकापि वा R. I. 10; 4 to learn, to understand, to know, संलक्ष्यते न च्छिद्रोपि हारः R. XVI. 62.

लक्ष I m. n. 1 One hundred thousand, एकान्विशंशुलक्षणि तथा नव शतानि च Yaj. III. 101, त्रयो लक्षास्तु विज्ञेयाः 102. II n. 1 A mark, a token; 2 a target, a butt; 3 pretence, show, fraud. COMP. —अधीश m. a person possessing a lac.—हास ind. by hundreds of thousands.

लक्षक I a. (f. क्त्वा) 1 Expressing secondarily, indicating indirectly. II n. One hundred thousand.

लक्षण I n. 1 A mark, a sign, a token, a characteristic, an indication, (गुरुबलक्षण 'the organ of virility'), अव्याख्येयो भविष्यत्याः कार्यसिद्धेर्हि लक्षणस्य R. x. 6, वृष्टगुणभेदलक्षणा R. XIX. 55, Megh. XI. 17; 2 an attribute, a quality; 3 an accurate definition (in phil.); 4 a mark indicative of good or bad fortune, क्व तद्विधस्त्वं क्व च पुण्यलक्षणा K. S. v. 73, M. XI. 53; 5 a symptom of disease; 6 a fixed rate, M. VIII. 406; 7 designation, appellation, तेषां दिग्भु प्रथितविदिशालक्षणां राजधानीम् Megh. I. 24; 8 subject, head, topic; 9 cause, occasion; 10 effect, operation; 11 excellence, qualification, virtue, merit, ककुत्स्थ इत्याहितलक्षणोऽभूत् R. VI. 71; 12 an auspicious mark on the body of a person; (they are 32 in number). II m. The Indian crane. COMP. —अन्वित a. endowed with good marks. —ज्ञ a. able to interpret marks or signs. —लक्षणा f. the same as जहल्लक्षणा q. v. —सन्निपात m. branding, stigmatizing.

लक्षणा f. 1 Aim, object; 2 a goose; 3 indirect or secondary application of a word, (मुख्यार्थबाधे तथांगे रूढितोऽथ प्रयोजनात् । अन्योऽर्थो लक्ष्यते यत्सा लक्षणा रोपिता क्रिया K. Pr. II).

लक्षण्य a. (f. ण्य) 1 Defined; 2 marked, characterized; 3 aimed at; 4 indicated, meant indirectly; 5 discovered, beheld, seen; 6 inquired into, examined, (pp. of लक्ष q. v.).

लक्ष्मण I a. (f. ण) 1 Having good marks, possessed of lucky signs; 2 wealthy. II m. 1 The Indian crane; 2 name of a son of Das'aratha. (See App. II). III n. 1 A name; 2 a sign, a mark, a token. COMP. —प्रसू f. Sumitā, the mother of Lakshmana.

लक्ष्मणा f. A goose.

लक्ष्मन् I m. 1 The sa'rasa bird; 2 a name of Lakshmana, son of Das'aratha II n. 1 A mark, a characteristic, a sign, K. S. VII. 43, R. XIX. 30; 2 a speck, a spot, मलिनमपि हिमांशोर्लक्ष्म लक्ष्मी तनोति Sak. I.; 3 a definition.

लक्ष्मी f. 1 Name of the goddess of fortune and beauty regarded as the wife of Vishnu; she is said to have sprung from the ocean when churned by the gods and demons; 2 good fortune, good luck; 3 wealth, prosperity; 4 beauty, loveliness, charm, बालस्य लक्ष्मी ग्लयय-तर्मिदोः K. S. III. 49, मलिनमपि हिमांशोर्लक्ष्म लक्ष्मी तनोति Sak. I.; 5 the wife of a hero; 6 royal power, dominion, तथा मेने मनस्विन्या लक्ष्म्या च वसुधाधिपः R. I. 32, XII. 26; 7 splendour, lustre; 8 a pearl. COMP. —ईश m. 1 an

epithet of Vishnu; 2 the mango tree; 3 a prosperous man.—क्रांत m. 1 an epithet of Vishnu; 2 a king. विहाय लक्ष्मीपतिलक्ष्म कामुकम् Kir. I. 44.—गृह n. the red lotus-flower.—ताल m. a kind of palm.—नाथ m. an epithet of Vishnu.—पति m. 1 an epithet of Vishnu; 2 a king; 3 the betel-nut tree; 4 the clove tree.—पुत्र m. 1 a horse; 2 an epithet of Kāmadeva.—पुष्प m. a ruby.—पूजन n. the ceremony of worshipping Lakshmi, performed at the conclusion of a Hindu marriage.—पूजा f. worship of Lakshmi on the last day of the month of As'vina.—फल m. the Bilva tree.—रमण m. an epithet of Vishnu.—वत्स a. 1 lucky, fortunate; 2 rich, wealthy; 3 beautiful, handsome.—वसति f. the red lotus-flower.—वार m. Thursday.—वेद m. turpentine.—सख m. a favourite of Lakshmi.—सहज m. the moon.

लक्ष्य I a. (f. श्या) 1 To be marked; 2 to be defined; 3 to be aimed at; 4 to be regarded as; 5 to be looked at, R. VI. 11; 6 to be denoted indirectly; 7 to be known, to be traced, K. S. v. 81; 8 recognizable by, (with an inst.), दूराद्धदेन सुरपतिधनुषारुणा तोरणेन Megh. II. 12, K. S. v. 74, R. IV. 5. II n. 1 A butt, a target, a mark aimed at, वृष्टलक्ष्यभिदः शराः R. I. 61, K. S. III. 64; 2 one hundred thousand; 3 a secondary meaning, one derived by Lakshana' (q. v.) K. Pr. II.; 4 the thing defined, उपकारापकारौ हि लक्ष्यं लक्षणमेतयोः Sis. II. 37; 5