चित्र I vt. 1.U (pres. व्ययति-ते)
To go, to move. II
vt. 10. U (pres. व्ययपति-ते)
To go, to move; 2 to
give, to bestow, to expend.
III. vt. 10.U (pres. व्याययति ते) To drive.

ड्यंब I a. (f. बा) Mutable, liable to decay, perishable. II m. I Loss, waste, आपायते न ज्ययमंतरायै: किश्वन्महर्षिनिष्यं तप्रत्तत् सि. v. 5; 2 decay, decline, downfall, misfortune; 3 spending expense, expenditure, अथस्य संग्रहे चनां ज्यये चैन नियोजयेत् M. 1x. 11, R. v. 12; 4 obstacle. Comp.—गुद्धि f. defraying of expenses.

डबयित a. (f. ता) 1 Declined, fallen into decay, wasted: 2 spent, expended.

स्वर्ध a. (f. uf) 1 Useless, fruitless, unprofitable, vain, K. S. 111. 75; 2 unmeaning.

ब्यलीक I a. (f. का) 1 False; 2 disagreeable, displeasing, offensive. II m. 1 A libertine; 2 a catamite. III n. 1 Anything displeasing, ইন্ধ गिरः त्रियतमा इव सोऽन्यलीकाः ज्ञुभाव स्ततनयस्य तदा व्यलीकाः Sis. v. 1; 2 any cause of uneasiness, pain, grief, मृत्नु **इ**टयात्प्रत्यादेशच्यलीकमपैत् किमपि मनसः संगंहो मे तदा बलवानभूत Sak. vit., K. S. 111. 25, Kir. 111. 19; 3 improper conduct, fault, transgression, सुद्द्याः सरसञ्यलीकत-भरतरसा श्रिष्टवतः स यौवने।ध्या Sis. 1x. 85; 4 cheating; 5 falschood.

subtraction (in math.). subtraction (in math.). saaकोशन n. Mutual abusc. saaिङ्ग a. (f. जा) 1 Cut off, torn asunder: 2 divided, separated; 3 interrupted; 4

distinguished, particularized.

off; 2 dividing, separating; 3 particularizing, distinguishing; 4 discharging, letting fly (as an arrow); 5 a chapter or section of a book.

च्या f. Anything which intervenes, a screen, a covering, a partition.

च्यवधान n. 1 Intervention, interposition; 2 screening, hiding from sight, नृष्टि विमान-व्यवधानमुक्तां पुनरसहस्त्राधिष स- त्रिभने त. xiii. 44; 3 a screen, a partition; 4 a cover, a covering; 5 interval, space.

डबविध m. The same as व्यव-धान q. v.

ब्यवसाय m. 1 Resolve, settled determination, Bg. 11.
41, x. 36; 2 exertion, effort, industry, perseverance, K. S. 1v. 45; 3 action, performance, व्यवसाय: प्रतिप्तिनृद्धर: R. VIII. 65; 4 conduct, behaviour; 5 trade, business; 6 plan, device; 7 boasting; 8 an epithet of Vishnu.

ध्यवंशित a. (f. ता) 1 Settled, decided, determined; 2 endeavoured, undertaken; 3 persevering; 4 planned; 5 cheated, deceived.

ड्यवस्था f. 1 Arrangement, settlement, order, R. vii. 54; 2 fixity, firm basis,आज-हत्तवरणी श्येत्र्यां स्थलार्थं-द्राध्यमञ्चबस्थाम् K.S.i. 33; 3 relative position; 4 a rule, a statute, a decree, a decision, a legal opinion, (specially applied to a statement of the proper adjustment of contradictory texts); 5 agreement, contract.

ब्बन्यान n. 1 Steadiness; 2

regular arrangement, settlement, determination; 3 rule, decision; 4 firmn ess, perseverance.

ब्यदस्यापक a. (f. पिका) 1 Settling, arranging in order, deciding, establishing; 2 supervising.

ञ्चनस्थापन n.1 Fixing, determining, deciding; 2 arranging properly.

च्यवस्थित a. (f. ता ) 1 Standing apart; 2 adjusted properly, arranged in order; 3 fixed, settled; 4 decided, declared, determined; 5 extracted, (pp. of स्था with ञ्यव q. v.).

**घ्यवस्थिति** f. The same as q. v.

ड्यवहर्ट m. 1 The manager of a business; 2 a litigant, one who institutes an action at law; 3 a judge.

szaggit m. 1 Practice, conduct, behaviour; 2 business, profession; 3 affair; 4 trade, commerce: 5 custom, usage: 6 a contract; 7 administration of justice, judicial procedure, व्यवहारपराधीनतया बुष्करं खलु परचि नग्रहणमधिकर-णिकै: Mrich. 1x.; 8 a lawsuit, a legal dispute, दटकी संज्ञयच्छेद्यान् व्यवहारानतंद्रितः  ${f R}_{f s}$ xvii. 39 : 9 a title of legal procedure. Сомр.—этт п. the body of civil and criminal law. -आसन n. the court of justice.-- m. 1 a person who is acquainted with legal procedure; 2 a person who understands business; 3 a young man come of age. -दर्शन n. judicial investigation.-पद n. an occasion of litigation, a head of legal procedure.-qram. the fourth stage in the conduct of a law-suit, that which con-