means, व्याजार्थसंदर्शितमेखलानि R. xIII. 42; 3 pretext, pretence, disguise, R. IV. 25, хі. 66. Сомр. — उक्ति f. a figure of speech in which the apparent effects of one cause are consciously attributed to another. (See K. Pr. x. 32). -सम a. feigning sleep. -स्त्रति f. a figure of speech in which praise is conveyed by apparent censure and vice versa, (the word व्याजस्तात being interpreted as ब्याजेन ₹तातेः and व्याजरूपा स्तातेः).

mal; 2 a rogue; 3 a snake; 4 an epithet of Indra.

ed grammarian.

ड्यारयुकी f. Mutual splashing in water.

भात a. (f. ता) Opened, expanded.

व्यादान n. Opening.

न्यादिश m. An epithet of Vishau.

टबाध m. 1 A hunter, a fowler, (also one by caste); 2 a low man. Сомр.-भीत m. a deer.

ब्याधाम | m. Indra's thunder-ब्याधान | bolt.

च्याधि m. 1 Sickness, ailment, disease, (op. to आधि which is 'mental distress'), आधि-व्याधिपराहतो यदि सदा क्षेमं निजं वांडसि Bh. V. IV. 11; 2 leprosy. Conp.— मस्त a. afflicted with disease.

च्याधित a. (f. ता) Diseased, sick.

च्याधूत a. (f. ता) Shaken about, tremulous.

wital airs in the body; (it pervades the whole body). water n. A mode of sexual enjoyment.

न्यापक I a. (f. पिका) Per-

vading, widely spreading, extending over the whole of anything, न्यापको महिमा हरे: K. S.vi. 71. II m. An attribute which is invariably concomitant (in logic). III n. An invariably concomitant property.

व्यापिन I a. (f. नी) 1 Covering; 2 all-pervading, co-extensive. II m. An epithet of Vishnu.

व्यापति f. 1 Misfortune, ruin, 2 substitution of one thing for another.

ज्यापर् f. 1 Calamity, misfortune; 2 disease; 3 death.

ञ्चापन n. Pervading, covering over, spreading throughout. ञ्चापन a. (f. ना) I Fallen into misfortune; 2 dead, expired, Megh. 11. 38; 3 hurt, injured; 4 disordered, deranged; 5 substituted.

च्यापर m.) 1 Ruin, destruc-च्यापारन n.) tion; 2 evil design, malice.

व्यापादित a. (f. ता) 1 Injured; 2 killed, destroyed.
व्यापार m. 1 Employment, occupation, न स्वस्य सिद्धी यास्यामि सगेव्यापारमात्मना K. S. 11. 54; 2 operation, action, तस्यानुमेने भगवान् विमन्युर्व्यापारमात्मन्यपि सायकानाम् K. S. v11. 93; 3 exertion, effort, aid, आर्याप्यरंघती तत्र व्यापारं कर्नुमहित K. S. v1. 32; 4 meddling, अव्यापारेषु व्यापारं यो नरः कर्नुमिच्छित Panch. 1.; 5 trade, profession.

च्यापारित a. (f. ता) Set to work, employed, R. 11. 88. च्यापारिन m. A dealer, a

trader. ट्यापुत । a. (f. ता) Engaged, employed, busy, (with a

loc.). II m. A minister. स्वापृति f. 1 Occupation, employment, स्वस्वस्याशतिमग्नमा- नसतया मनो निवृते जने Bh. V. 1. 57; 2 effort, exertion; 3 operation, action.

च्यास a. (f. सा) 1 Spread through, all-pervading; 2 possessed. included; 3 obtained; 4 placed, fixed; 5 full of; 6 invariably accompanied (in logic); 7 famous, celebrated. च्यासि f. 1 Pervasion; 2 a universal rule: 3 fulness: 4 invariable concomitance, universal accompaniment of the midddle term by the major (in Nydya phil.). Comp. -मह m.induction of universal concomitance (in logic).-ज्ञान n. knowledge of invariable concomitance.

च्याच्य n. The middle term in a syllogism, (also called सा-धन or हेतु), (in logic). च्या-कुक्सी f. The same च्यान्युकी

q. v.

च्याम m. A measure equal च्यामन n. to the space between the tips of the fingers of either hand, the arms being extended.

saiिमिश्र a. (f. आ) Intermixed, mingled.

eयामीह m. Embarrassment, bewilderment, कंसस्यालमभूडिज-तं जितमिति न्यामोहकोलाहलः Git. G. x.

च्यायत a. (f. ता) 1 Extended, long, युवा युगच्यायतबाहुरं-सत्तः R. 111. 34; 2 busy, engaged, occupied; 3 hard, firm: 4 exercised, disciplined; 5 strong, intense, excessive.

2 a measure equal to the space between the tips of the fingers of either hand, the arms being extended; 3 exercise; 4 fatigue, labour; 5 struggle, contention.