water 6, 91 33, (5, 16, 38); (b) Bhagadatta on elephant destroying Pandava army compared with Indra on his Airavata destroying the Danavas 7. 25. 40: (c) Bhagadatta's elephant crushed the Pandava army as a wild elephant crushes a host of lotuses 6.79. 41; (3) with cloud: Bhagadatta's elephant pierced by arrows looked like a big cloud penetrated by sun's rays 7. 25. 52: (4) with ocean: Bhagadatta's elephant frightened the enemies as ocean frightens the merchants 7.25. 56; (5) with shore of the ocean: Supratīka checked the onslaught of the elephant of the Daśarna king as the shore checks the advance of the ocean 6.91.43; (6) with arrow: Supratika, discharged against Bhima, sred like an arrow discharged from the bow-string 6. 91. 37; (7) with fire: Supratika goaded by Bhagadatta looked like the Samvartaka fire 6. 91. 52. E. End: Bhagadatta, with his elephant Supratika, was killed (sasta) by Arjuna 1. 2. 161; in the final encounter of Bhagadatta with Arjuna, the latter cut down the armour of Bhagadatta's elephant (Supratīka not named) 7. 28. 8; he struck the elephant between the temples with the naraca arrow; the arrow went deep upto its feathered part; with the limbs stiffened and the tusks piercing the ground, the elephant fell down: he died roaring aloud 7. 28. 37, 39.

Supratika2 m. : A mythical elephant.

Supratika, with the openings of his temples burst open (prabkinnakaratāmukha), dwells, together with the four diggajas (Airāvata and the others), in the region (tokasamsthui) known as Samā 6.13 32,33; it is difficult to measure the dimensions of Supratīka whose body stands immeasurably spread downwards, above and cross-wise; all these elephants, Supratīka and the four

diggajas, seize with their trunks the winds blowing from all directions and release them quickly and slowly which then blow into this world to sustain the creatures 6. 13. 34-37; the four diggajas, Airāvata and the others born in the kula of Supratīka, live in Pātāla 5. 97. 15, 1; lordly elephants born in the kula of Supratīka killed by Sātyakl in the epic war 7. 97. 24, 26.

Subala m.: A mythical bird.

One of the six sons of Vainateya (Garuda) who extended the line of the Suparnas 5.99.3, 2.

Subāhu m.: A mythical serpent, living in Bhogavatī Purī 5. 101. 16, 1.

Son of Surasā and Kasyapa 5. 101. 4, 17; description 5. 101. 5-7; also listed by Sūta among the sons of Kadrū 1. 31. 14, 2.

Subhadra f.: A mythical cow.

One of the four daughters of Surabhi who live in four directions guarding and sustaining them (disāpālyaḥ, dhārayantyo disāḥ); Subhadrā, of great prowess and of all-forms (mahānubhāvā, viśvarūpā) sustains the western direction 5.100.7,9; water of the ocean, churned by the gods and demons, was mixed with the milk of Subhadrā, her three sisters and Surabhi 5 100.11.

Sumanas m: A mythical serpent.

Born in the *kula* of Takṣaka, listed by Sūta among those who were offered in the snake sacrifice of Janamejaya 1.52.9, 7.

Sumanomukha m.: A mythical serpent living in Bhogavatī Purī 5. 101. 12, 1.

Son of Surasā and Kasyapa 5. 101. 4, 17; description 5. 101. 5-7; also listed by Sūta among the sons of Kadrū 1. 31. 8, 2.

Sumitra m.: A mythical serpent.