śodhanam / mangalam dagdhānām evārāmādīnām punarvikasanam / on Bom. Ed. 3.91.12). D. Effect: When employed, thousands of śūlas, gadās, and serpent-like 'charmed' arrows came out of it (śarāś cāśīviṣākārāh sambhavanty anumantritāh) 3.41.10. [See Pāśupata, Brahmaśiras]

Brahmastra, Brahma astra, (Paitamaha) nt. (rarely pl. 7. 165, 22; 8. 29. 26):
Name of a missile.

A. Relationship with god Brahman: Destined by god Brahman for repulsing all other missiles (sarvāstrapratighātāya vihitam padmayonina) 7. 172. 32; when withdrawn by Krsna from the stillborn Pariksit, the flaming missile returned to Pitamaha (Brahman) 14. 69. 1, 3. B. Gods and heroes who knew its use: (1) Among the gods, Indra knew it 5, 47, 100; (2) Among men: (i) Drona: He received it from Rama Jāmadagnya; when Drona received it, he became distinguished among men 1. 154, 13; Drona not equalled by any one in the use of Brahmastra; Drupada attributed his defeat at the hands of Drona to Drona's knowledge of Brahmastra 1. 155. 22; Drona unequalled in battle by any one because of his knowledge of Brahmāstra (and other missiles) (... brahmāstrādini yāny api / tāni sarvāni tisthanti bhavaty eva višesatah) 7. 160. 5: known for his knowledge of Brahmastra, Drona knew its use and remedy (saprayogacikitsitam) 3. 38. 5; 4. 46. 7, 9; 7. 166. 2; (ii) Arjuna: He was taught (nisthita) Brāhma astra by his teacher (Drona) 1. 181. 20; 6. 116. 38; in its use, he never violated the rules of the Ksatriyas (ksatradharman mahabahur nakampata dhanamjayah) 10. 15. 21; Arjuna was asked by Indra to learn the Paitamaha astra (identical,

or different from Brahmāstra?) 3. 164. 29: (iii-v) Bhisma, Krpa, and Asvatthaman: According to Yudhisthira, Bhīsma, Krpa and Asvatthaman knew its use and remedy (saprayogacikitsitam) 3.38.5; 4.46.7 (Krpa and Asvatthaman); 4. 46. 9 (Asvatthaman); (vi) Karna: Karna requested Drona to teach him Brahmastra together with its secret and withdrawal, but Drona refused to oblige 12. 2. 10, 13; Karna, who coveted the Astra (12, 3, 27, 30), then learnt it in its entirety (krtsnam) from Rāma Jāmadagnya 12. 3. 2; 8. 5. 67; but since Karna had told a lie to obtain its knowledge (12 3.30), Rāma cursed him saying that the missile would flash to him on all occasions except when he met his equal and the time of his death had arrived (te ... brahmāstram pratibhāsyati | anyaira vadhakātāt te sadršena sameyusah) 12. 3. 30-31; 5, 61, 2; returning, Karna reported to Duryodhana that he had acquired the missiles (from Rāma) (krtāstro 'smi) 12.3. 33; since Karna had pacified Rāma, knowledge of Brahmastra remained with him; hence Karna assured Duryodhana that he was quite capable of bearing the burden of the war (tatus tad astram mama sāvašesam tasmāt samartho 'smi mamaisa bhārah) 5, 61, 2-4; according to Yudhisthira, Karna knew the use and remedy of Brahmāstra 3.38.5; Karna boasted to Salya that he knew the Brāhma astras (pl. astrāni ... brāhmānī) 8. 29. 26: (vii) Krsna: According to Bhīsma, perhaps Krsna knew Brahma and many other heavenly weapons (krsno va devakiputrah) 6. 116. 39; (viii) Vibhīsaņa: He prayed Brahman that the Brahmastra might flash to him although it was not duly taught to him (asiksitam ca bhagavan brahmāstram pratibhātu me) 3, 259, 30; [For its use also