Brāhma, Aindra and Nārāyaṇa astra; Droṇa reputed to have the knowledge of both these kinds of missiles 7. 166. 2.

Manusa² adj.: of vyūhas (arrangements of the army) known to men.

Bhīsma knew different kinds of vyūhas, some of them known as Mānuṣa vyūhas 5. 162. 8, 10; 6. 19. 2; he arranged the Kaurava army everyday in a different way, one of the ways being Mānuṣa (vyūha) 6. 20. 18; Dhṛṣṭadyumna, who led the Pāṇḍava army, also knew these different vyūhas 5. 56. 11.

Mahendra adj: of a missile belonging to Mahendra (Indra), (different from Alndra?).

Yudhisthira employed this missile to defeat the Aindra and the Prājāpatya missiles used simultaneously against him by Drona (prādušcakārāstram ahīnatejā māhendram anyat sa jaghāna te 'stre) 7. 132. 32. [See Aindrāstra]

Mahendra² adj.: of the bow Vijaya which belonged to Indra; used in the epic war by Karna.

It is one of the only three divine bows (the other two being Gāṇḍiva of Varuṇa and Sārṇga of Viṣṇu) 5. 155. 5-6. [See Vijaya]

Musala m., nt.: A weapon specially mentioned in relation to Jaya.

Jaya held it when he came to the aid of Indra in his fight with Kṛṣṇa and Arjuna at the Khāṇḍava forest (jagṛhe ... musalam ca jayas tathā) 1.218.32; (also Balarāma is called musalāyudha 9.35.2; 9.48.6).

Mrtyudanda m.: Missile of the god of Death. [See Danda]

Mohanastra nt.: Name of a missile.
[See Pramohanastra]

Yamadanda m.: Name of the missile specially related to Yama. [See Danda, Yamya astra]

Yamya astra nt.: A missile special to Yama.

Described as heavenly (divya) 12. 5. 14, and fierce (ghora) 7. 53. 43; Arjuna had received it from Yama 7. 53. 43; 12. 5. 13-14; Arjuna's collection of missiles (astragrāma) included among other missiles, Yāmya astra 5. 166. 32-33; (Bhīsma, Drona and Yudhisthira also knew it); Drona used it against Yudhisthira in order to kill him (jighāmsuh) but Yudhisthira repelled it apparently by using the same missile 7. 132. 29-30; Bhīsma and Arjuna used it against each other at the time of the cattle-raid 4. 59. 21. [See Yamadanḍa]

Rakṣasām astrāni nt. pl. : Missiles special to Rakṣases.

Arjuna was to learn these after reaching the residence of Indra 3. 164. 29-30.

Raksasa adj. : of the vyūha (arrangement of the army) known to the Raksases.

Bhisma knew these and is said to have used them on different days along with those known to the Asuras and the Piśācas 6. 104. 16.

Rudranam astrani nt. pl. : Missiles special to the Rudras.

When Arjuna reached Indra's residence, the Rudras, along with the other group-gods, agreed to give their missiles to him 3. 164. 49-50; they figure in a bad omen: when Garuda flew up from a mountain top to