

**Kārūṣa** warriors in the presence of Bhīma (*cedikārūṣān ... mahārathān | karṇo jaghāna samkruddho bhīmasenasya paśyataḥ ||*) 8. 40. 2; (23) Kārūṣas, Cedis and others, protected by Arjuna, had destroyed hosts of enemies (*kārūṣatś cedikekayaiḥ | tvayā guptair ... kṛtaḥ śatruṅaṅakṣayaḥ*) 8. 51. 6; (24) Kṛṣṇa had to remind Arjuna that Bhīma had killed Cedis, Kāśis, Pāñcālās and Karūṣas among others with his arrows (*sa cedikāśipāñcālān karūṣān ... | śaraiḥ ... nidhanam anayat*) 8. 51. 27; (25) Śalya drove Karṇa's chariot to the Cedis, Pāñcālās and Karūṣas (*śalyaḥ śvetān aśvān mahājavān | prāhiṅoc cedipāñcālān karūṣāṃś ca*) 8. 56. 9.

**Karkoṭaka** m. (pl.) : Name of a people.

A Brāhmaṇa had said in the assembly of the Kurus that according to a certain Rākṣasi one should avoid the Karkoṭakas (*yad anyo 'py uktavān sabhyo brāhmaṇaḥ kurusāmsadī ... karkoṭakān vīrakāṃś ca .. vīvarjayet*) 8. 30. 41, 45.

**Karṇaprāvaraṇa** m. (pl.) : Name of a people.

Epic events : (1) Sahadeva in his expedition to the south before the Rājasūya (*prayayau dakṣiṇām diśam* 2. 28. 1; *dakṣiṇābhimukho yayau* 2. 28. 8; *prāyād ... dakṣiṇām diśam* 2. 28. 37) subjugated, among others, the Karṇaprāvaraṇas (*karṇaprāvaraṇān api | ... vaśe cakre*) 2. 28. 44, 46; (2) Karṇaprāvaraṇas mentioned among those who, led by Bhāradvāja (Droṇa), followed Bhīma on the second day of the war (*tam anvayān ... bhāradvājaḥ ... | ... karṇaprāvaraṇair api | sahitāḥ ... bhīśmam*) 6. 47. 12-13.

**Karṇika** m. (pl.) : Name of a Janapada.

Listed by Saṁjaya among the southern Janapadas of the Bhāratavarṣa (*athāpare janapadā dakṣiṇā ...*) 6. 10. 56; (*karṇikāḥ kuntikāś caiva*) 6. 10. 58; also called Deśas (*deśāḥ samkīrtitāḥ*) 6. 10. 68.

**Kaliṅga**<sup>1</sup> m. (pl.) : Name of a country and its people; Kaliṅga often mentioned along with Aṅga and Vaṅga; the people of Kaliṅga also referred to as Kāliṅga 6. 50. 19, 77, 82, 108; 6. 67. 13; 8. 17. 20; 16. 7. 10, or as Kālīṅgaka (8. 30. 75); the country is also referred to as Kālīṅgarāṣṭra (1. 207. 10), or as Kālīṅgaviṣaya 12. 4. 2), or as Sarvakaliṅga (6. 17. 32).

A. Location : Listed by Saṁjaya among the northern Janapadas (also called Deśas 6. 10. 68) of the Bhāratavarṣa (*ata ūrdhvaṁ janapadān nibodha gadato mama*) 6. 10. 37, 5; (*aṅgā vaṅgāḥ kālīṅgāś ca*) 6. 10. 44; towards the east (*prācīm diśam abhiprepsur jagāma*) 1. 267. 5; on the eastern coast, where Vaitaraṇī river flew (*tataḥ samudratīreṇa jagāma ... kālīṅgān prati*); (*ete kālīṅgāḥ kaunteya yatra vaitaraṇī nadī*) 3. 114. 3-4; a little to the south, as Aṅgas are mentioned among the countries which Sahadeva subjugated in the south (*prayayau dakṣiṇām diśam*) 2. 28. 1; (*dakṣiṇābhimukho yayau*) 2. 28. 8; (*prāyād ... dakṣiṇām diśam*) 2. 28. 37. B. King and princess of the country : The king Śrutāyus of Kaliṅgas is referred to as *kālīṅgarāja* 6. 50. 112, *kālīṅgānām janādhipaḥ* 6. 50. 7, 23, or simply Kaliṅga (sg.) 6. 49. 37; 6. 50. 1-2, 26, 28, 62-63, 65, 67-69; 7. 6. 2 (different from Śrutāyus); princess Karaṇḍu referred to as Kāliṅgī 1. 90. 21; another Kaliṅga princess (not