angaka.

सिंहर angir, ir, m. (fr. rt. ang?), N. of a Rishi, who received the Brahmavidya from Atharvan, and imparted it to Satyavaha, the teacher of Angiras.

Angira, as, or usually angiras, as, m. (related to ἄγγελος οτάγγαρος!), a celebrated mythological name, usually ascribed to a Rishi, the author of a number of hymns in the Rig-veda, of a code of laws, and of a treatise on astronomy; he is said by some to have been born from Brahma's mouth, and to have been the husband of Smriti, of Sraddhā, of two daughters of Maitreya, of several daughters of Daksha, &cc.; he is considered as one of the seven Rishis of the first Manvantara, as a Prajāpati, as a teacher of the Brahmavidyā, which he had learnt from Satyavāha, a descendant of Bharadvaja, &c. Among his sons, the chief is Agni, others are Samvarta, Utathya, and Brihaspati; among his daughters are mentioned Sinīvālī, Kuhū, Rākā, and Anumani; but the Rićas (or Vedic hymns), the manes of Havishmat, and mankind itself are styled his offspring. In astronomy he is the planet Jupiter, and a star in Ursa Major. (asas), m. pl. descendants of Angiras or of Agni, mostly personifications of luminous objects; the hymns of the Atharva-veda; priests who, by using the magical formulas of those hymns, protect the sacrifice against the effects of inauspicious accidents. - Angiras-tama, as, ā, am, very rapid, especially (like Agni) in devouring food. - Angiras-rat, ind. like Angiras; (ān, atī, at), connected with or accompanied by the Angirasas.

Angirasa, as, m. an enemy of Vishnu in his incarnation of Parasurāma.

Angirasām-ayana, am, n. a Sattra sacrifice.

सङ्गी angī (substituted for anga in compound words) implies assent.

Angi-kri, d. 8. P. A. -karoti, -kurute, -kartum, to agree to, promise, confess.

Angi-karana, am, n. act of assenting, agreeing, promising.

Angi-kāra, as, m. agreement, promise. Angi-krita, as, a, am, agreed to, promised. Angi-kriti, is, f. agreement, promise.

অক্লাবে anguri, is, or anguri, f. (for anguli, q. v.), a finger; a toe. - Angurīya or angurīyaka, as, am, m. n. a finger-ring; the riog-finger (?).

প্রান্ত angula, as, m. (for rt. ag or ang), a finger; the thumb; a finger's breadth, a measure equal to eight barley-corns, twelve angulas making a vitasti or span, and twenty-four a hasta or cubit; (in astron.) a digit, or twelfth part; N. of the sage Canakya. - Angula-pramana or angula-mana, am, n. the measure or length of an angula; (as, a, am), having the length of an angula.

Angulaka at the end of compounds = angula, i.e.

so many angulas or fingers long.

Anguli, is, or anguli, f. a singer; a toe; the thumb; the great toe; the finger-like tip of an elephant's trunk; the measure angula. - Anguli-torana, am, n. a sectarial mark on the forehead consisting of three fingers or lines shaped like an arch or doorway (torana), drawn with sandal or the ashes of cow-dung. - Anguli-tra, am, n. or anguli-trana, us, am, m. (?), n. a finger-protector, a contrivance like a thimble, used by archers to protect the thumb or finger from being injured by the bow-string. - Angulitra-vat, an, ati, at, provided with such a finger-protector. - Anguli-mukha or anguli-mukha, am, n. the tip of the finger. - Anguli-mudra or anguli-mudrikā, f. a scal-ring. - Anguli-motana, am, n. snapping or cracking the fingers. - Angulishanga, as, m. contact of the fingers; act of fingering; (as, a, am), sticking to the fingers. - Angulisandesa, us, m. mapping or cracking the fingers as a sign. - Augull-sphotana, am, n. snapping or cracking the fingers, - Anguli-panéaka, am, n. the

सहिता angikā, f. a bodice, a jacket. See five fingers. - Anguli-parvan, a, n. a finger-joint. - Anguli-sambhūta, as, m. produced from or on the finger, i. e. a finger nail.

Angulika or anguliya or anguliyaka, as, am, m. n. 2 finger-ring.

अङ्गेष्ठ angushtha, as, m. (the smallest anga or limb?), the thumb; the great toe; a thumb's breadth, usually regarded as equal to an angula. - Angushtha-mätra, as, ī, am, or angushthamātraka, as, ikā, am, having the length or size of a thumb.

Angushthya, as, m. the thumb nail.

সকুৰ angūsha, as, m. (rapid in motion, fr. rt. any or ag), an ichneumon; an arrow.

अङ्गोविन angashin, ī, iņī, i, Ved. resonant (?), praiseworthy (?).

angya, as, ā, am (fr. anga), belonging to or connected with the limbs of the body, corporeal, &c.

মন্থ angh, cl. 1. A. anghate, ananghe, anghitum, to go, set out, set about, commence; to hasten; to speak hastily, scold, blame.

Angha (not in use, but equivalent to agha), evil, sin. - Anghas, as, n. sin. - Anghāri (ogha-ari), is, m. (an enemy to sin or evil), epith. of Soma, and of a particular altar.

Anghi, or better anghri, is, m. a foot; the root of a tree [cf. anhri]. - Anghri-namaka, as, m. or anghri-nāman, a, n. a synonym of anghri, a root. - Anghri-pa, as, m. (drinking with the foot or root), a tree. - Anghri-parnī or anghri-valli, is, or anghri-vallikā, f. a plant, Hedysarum Lagopodioides. - Anghri-pāna, as, ā, am, sucking his foot or toes (as an infant). - Anghri-skundha, as, m. the ancle.

aé (connected with ané, q. v.), cl.
1. P. A. aéati, anéati, -te, ananéa, -e,
anéitum, to go, move, tend; to honour; to make round or carved; to request, ask; to speak indistinctly. See 2. acita, acishtu.

सचक्र a-ćakra, as, ā, am, having no wheels; immoveable; not vacillating; automatous (?).

अच्छास् a-ćakshus, us, n. a bad or miserable eye, no eye; (us, us, us), blind. - A-cakshurvishaya, as, a, am, not or no longer within reach of the eyes, invisible. - Aćakshush-įva, am, n. blindness. A-ćakshushka, as, ā, am, destitute of eyes, blind.

अचार a-ćaṇḍa, as, ā or ī, am, not of a hot temper, gentle, tractable; (1), f. a tractable cow.

अचनर a-catura, as, ā, am, destitute of four, having less than four; not cunning, not dexterous.

अचन्द्र a-ćandra, as, ā, am, moonless.

अचपल a-capala, as, ā, am, not oscillating or vibrating; unmoveable, steady.

A-éapalya, am, n. freedom from unsteadiness,

अचर a-éara, as, ā, am, or a-éarat, an, anti, at, immoveable.

सचरम a-éarama, as, ā, am, not last, not

खनल a-éala, as, ā, am, not staggering or moving, immoveable; (as), m. a mountain or rock; a bolt or pin; the number seven; N. of Siva and of the first of the nine deified persons, called 'white Balas' among the Jainas; (a), f. the earth; one of the ten earths of the Buddhists. - Acalakīlā, f. the earth. - Aćala-tvish, t, m. the Kokila or Indian cuckoo. - Aćala-dhriti, is, f. a metre of four lines, of sixteen short syllables each, also called Gītyāryā. - Aćala-bhrātri, tā, m., N. of a Brāhman from Oude, who became one of the eleven heads of Ganas among the Jainas. - Aéala-mati, is, m., N.

of a Rākshasa. - Aćala-śreshtha, as, m. chief of mountains. - Acalādhipa (°la-adh'), as, m. (king of mountains), the Himālaya. - Aćalā-saptamī, f. title of a book in the Bhavishyottara Purāņa.

अचार a-caru, us, vi, u, not pretty, in-

सचिद्धा a-ćikkaņa, as, ā, am, not smooth,

अचित् 1. a-cit, t, t, t (fr. rt. cit), without understanding.

A-cikitvas, an, ushī, as, Ved. not knowing, ignorant of.

A-citta, as, a, am, unnoticed, unexpected; not an object of thought; inconceivable; destitute of intellect

A-citti, is, f., Ved. want of sense, infatuation; an infatuated man (?).

अचित 2. a-cit, t, t, t (fr. cit or citi, a pile; rt. 6i), neglecting the Agnicayana, irreligious. 1. a-cita, as, ā, am, not collected.

अचित 2. acita, as, ā, am (fr. rt. ac), gone. Aéishtu, us, us, u, Ved. going everywhere.

अचित a-citra, as, ā, am (not variegated), undistinguishable, indistinct.

अचिना a-cintā, f. thoughtlessness, dis-

A-cintita, as, a, am, not thought of, unexpected, disregarded.

A-cintya, as, ā, am, surpassing all thought or conception; (as), m., N. of Siva. - Acintya-karman, a, a, a, having or performing inconceivable actions. - Acintya-rūpa, as, ā or ī, am, possessing inconceivable beauty.

सचिर a-cira, as, ā, am, not of long duration, brief; not of long date, recent. - Acira-dyuti, is, f. or acira-prabhā, f. lightning. - Acira-prasūtā, f. (having recently brought forth), a cow that has recently calved. - Acira-hhās, ās, f. lightning. -Acira-mrita, as, ā, am, recently deceased. - Aciraroels, is, f. or aciransu (°ra-an°), us, f. or acirabha (°ra-ābhā), f. lightning.

Actram or actrat or actrena, ind. not long, not for long; not long ago; soon, speedily.

Actra, f. the mother of the Jaina-saint Santi.

अचिष्ट acishtu, Ved. See under 2. acita.

अचेतन a-cetana, as, ā, am, or a-cetas, ās, ās, as, destitute of consciousness, inanimate; (of men) inconscious, insensible, senseless, fainting, &c.

A-cetāna, as, ā, am, Ved. thoughtless, infatuated. A-caitanya, am, n. unconsciousness; insensibility; senselessness, ignorance in spiritual things; that which is destitute of consciousness, i. e. the material world;

अचेष्ट a-ćeshta, as, ā, am, effortless, motionless. - Aćeshţa-tā, f. loss of motion from fainting, &c.

अचोदस a-ćadas, ās, ās, as, Ved. free from compulsion or external stimulus, spontaneous.

अन्य 1. a-ééha, as, ā, am (not shaded or covered, fr. a + cha for chad or chaya, rt. chad), pellucid, transparent, clear; (as), m. a crystal. - Acchoda (accha-uda), as, a, am, having clear water; (ā), f., N. of a river; a covering or garment of Vishņu (?); (am), n., N. of a lake in the Himālaya formed by the river Acchoda.

A-cchāya, as, ā, am, without shadow, casting no

মান্ত 2. aććha, as, m. (corruption of riksha), a bear. - Accha-bhalla, as, m. a bear; (bhalla itself means 'a bear.')

अख 3. acchaor usually acchā, rarely accham, ind., Ved. to, towards (governing the accusative and