

**अति-सन्धान**, *am*, *n.* overreaching, cheating.  
**अति-सन्धिता**, *as, ā*, *m.* overreached, cheated.  
**अति-सन्धेया**, *as, ā*, *am*, easy to be conciliated or settled.

अतिसर्वे ati-sarva, *as, ā, am*, superior to all; (*as*), *m.* the supreme.

अतिसांवत्सर ati-sāmyavatsara, *as, ī, am*, extending over more than a year.

अतिसाम्यांत्र्या ati-sāmyā, *f.* the sweet juice of the Bengal Madder, Rubia Manjith.

अतिसृत् ati-sṛi, Caus. P. -sārayati, -yitum, to extend; to exert (?).

*Ati-sara*, *as, m.* Ved. effort, exertion.

अति-सारा or अति-सारा, *as, m.* violent straining at stool, dysentery.

अति-सारकिन or अति-सारकिन or अति-सारिन or अति-सारिन, *i, ī, i, ī*, *i*, afflicted with dysentery.

अतिसृज् ati-srij, cl. 6. P. -srijati, -srashtum, to dismiss, abandon; to leave as a remnant; to remit, forgive; to give away.

अति-सर्गा, *as, m.* act of parting with, dismissal, giving away, granting permission.

अति-सर्जना, *am, n.* liberality, granting, engaging, a gift; sending out of the world, killing.

अति-स्रिया, *ind. part.* having dismissed, &c.; excessively.

अतिसृप् ati-strip, cl. 1. P. -sarpatti, -sarpptom or -srapitum, to glide over, get over.

अतिसेन ati-sena, *as, m., N.* of a prince, a son of Sambara.

अतिसौपर्णी ati-sauparna, *as, ī, am*, superior to Sauparna's or Garuḍa's (vision, &c.).

अतिस्त्रि ati-stri, *is, is or ī, ī, ī*, surpassing a woman; Gram. 123. b. The feminine may end in ī.

अतिहस्तय ati-hastaya, Nom.(fr. ati-hasta), P. atihastayati, -yitum, to stretch out the hands; (fr. atihastin), to overtake on an elephant.

अतिहिमम् ati-himam, *ind.* after the cold or the frost.

अती ati (ati-i), cl. 2. P. aty-eti, -tum, to pass, elapse, pass over, overflow; to pass on; to get over; to defer; to enter; to overcome, overtake, outdo; to pass by, neglect; to overstep, violate; to be redundant; to die: Intens. atiyate, to overcome.

Atīta, *as, ā, am*, gone by, past, passed away, dead; having gone through, having got over or beyond, having passed by, having neglected; negligent; passed, left behind; excessive; (*as*), *m.* modern N. of a particular Śaiva sect; (*am*), *n.* the past. — Atīta-kāla, *as, m.* the past time or tense. — Atīta-nauka, *as, ā, am*, landed.

Atīvari (त्ति-ति), *f.* Ved. (transgressor), a bad woman. — Aty-aya, aty-āya, see s.v.

अतीक्ष्णा ati-tikṣṇa, *as, ā, am*, not sharp, blunt, dull.

अतीन्द्रिय ati-indriya (ati-in°), *as, ā, am*, beyond the cognisance of (indriya) the senses; (*as*), *m.* in the Sāṅkhyā phil. the soul or puruṣha; (*am*), *n.* in the Sāṅkhyā phil. nature or pradhāna; in the Vedānta phil. the mind or manas.

अतीरेक, अतीसार. See under ati-ric, ati-sri.

अतीव ati-ivā (ati-ivu), *ind.* exceedingly, very; excessively, too; quite; surpassing (with the acc.).

अतीव्र a-livra, *as, ā, am*, not sharp, blunt; not pungent.

अतुंग a-tunga, *as, ā, am*, not tall, short, dwarfish.

अतुन्द a-tunda, *as, ā, am*, not stout, thin, lank.

अतुर a-tura, *as, ā, am*, Ved. not liberal, not rich.

अतुल a-tula, *as, ā, am*, unequalled; (*as*), *m.* (destitute of weight), the Sesamum seed and plant.

— Atulya, *as, ā, am*, unequalled.

अतुष्प a-tusha, *as, ā, am*, without husks.

अतुष्पारकर a-tushāra-kara, *as, m.* (having not cold rays), the sun.

अतुष्टि a-tushṭi, *is, f.* displeasure, discontent.

अतुहिन a-tuhina, Ved. not cold; used in compounds, thus atuhina-dhāman, ā, or atuhina-raśmi, *is, or* atuhina-ruci, *is, m.* the sun.

अतुतुजि a-tūtuji, *is, is, ī, Ved.* not quick, slow.

अतुर्त a-tūrta, *as, ā, am*, Ved. not in a hurry; not outrun or outdone or obstructed; unhurt; (*am*), *n.* illimitied space. — Atūrta-daksha, *as, m.* Ved. having designs that cannot be obstructed (epithet of the Aśvins). — Atūrta-pathin, anthās, *m.* Ved. having a path that cannot be obstructed.

अतुष्टाद a-tṛṇiāda (ऽः-ada), *as, m.* (not an eater of grass), a newly-born calf.

अतुष्ट्या a-tṛṇyū, *f.* a small quantity or short supply of grass.

अतुष्टिल a-tṛṇilā, *as, ā, am*, Ved. not fragile, solid, or 'having no holes.'

अतुष्प a-tṛipa, *as, ā, am*, Ved. not satisfied. Atripuṇat, ān, ati, at, Ved. insatiable.

A-tripta, *as, ā, am*, unsatisfied, insatiable, eager.

— A-tripta-dris, *k, k, k*, looking with eagerness.

A-tripti, *is, f.* unsatisfied condition, insatiability.

अतुष्पित a-trishita, *as, ā, am*, Ved. not thirsty, not greedy.

A-trishnaj, *k, k, k*, Ved. not thirsty.

A-trishya, *as, ā, am*, Ved. beyond the reach of thirst.

A-trishyat, *an, anti, at*, Ved. not thirsting after, not greedy, not eager.

अतुज्जस a-tejas, *n.* absence of brightness or vigour; dimness, shade, shadow; feebleness, dullness, insignificance; (*ās, ās, as*), or a-tejasaka, *as, ā, am*, or a-tejasvin, ī, inī, ī, not bright, dim, not vigorous.

अतोपशीष a-toshaniya, *as, ā, am*, impossible or improper to be pleased or appeased.

अत्क atka, *as, ā, am* (fr. rt. at), travelling; (*as*), *m.* a traveller; a limb or member; (Ved.) water, liquid; lightning; armour, mail; garment; *N.* of an Asura.

अत्कोल atkila or utkila, *as, m., N.* of the author of some Vedic hymns, a descendant of Viśvāmitra.

अत्वलि attali, *is, m., N.* of a man.

अत्वच्य attavya, *as, ā, am* (fr. rt. ad), fit or proper to be eaten.

Atti, *is, m.*, Ved. an eater; *f.*, see also s.v. attā.

Atti, *tā, m.* an eater.

अत्ता attā, *f.* (etym. uncertain, probably a word borrowed from the Deccan, occurring chiefly in dramas); a mother; mother's sister; elder sister; (in Prākrit) a mother-in-law. See akkā.

Atti, *is, or* attīka, *f.* elder sister.

अत्त्र, अत्ति, अत्तिन्, attra, &c. See अत्र, अति, अतिन्.

अत्ता atna, *as, or* atnn, *us, m.* (fr. at), the sun. Atya, *as, m.* Ved. a courser, steed.

अत्यंहस् aty-anhas, ās, ās, as, Ved. beyond the reach of (or emancipated from) sin or evil.

अत्यरिन् aty-agni, *is, m.* morbidly rapid digestion, see s.v. ati; (*is, ī, ī*), surpassing fire. — Aty-agni-somārka (ma-ar), *as, ā, am*, brighter than fire or the moon or the sun.

अत्यग्निष्ठोम् aty-agniṣṭoma, *as, m., N.* of the optional second part of the Jyotiṣṭoma sacrifice; the Vedic verse chanted at the close of that ceremony.

अत्यकुश् aty-ankusa, *as, ā, am*, past the (elephant-driver's) hook, unmanageable.

अत्यङ्गल् aty-angula, *as, ā, am*, exceeding an angula (finger's breadth).

अत्यतिक्रम् aty-ati-kram, cl. 1. P. -krāmati, -kramitum, to approach for sexual intercourse.

अत्यनिल् aty-anila, *as, ā, am*, surpassing the wind.

अत्यन् aty-anta, *as, ā, am*, past its proper end or limit; excessive, very great or strong, &c.; endless, unbroken, perpetual; absolute, perfect; (*am*), *ind.* excessively, exceedingly; in perpetuity; absolutely, completely; to the end. — Atyanta-kopana, *as, ā, ām*, very passionate, outrageous. — Atyanta-ga, *as, ā, am*, going or walking very much or very fast. — Atyanta-gata, *as, ā, am*, completely pertinent; always applicable. — Atyanta-gati, *is, f.* complete accomplishment; (in grammar) the sense of 'completely.'

— Atyanta-gāmin, ī, inī, ī, going or walking very much or very fast. — Atyanta-guṇin, ī, inī, ī, having extraordinary qualities. — Atyanta-tiraskṛita-vāyadhvant, *is, f.* (in rhetoric) a metaphoric or hyperbolical use of depreciating language. — Atyanta-piḍana, *am, n.* act of giving excessive pain. — Atyanta-vāśin, ī, *m.* a Brāhmaṇa who perpetually lodges as a student with his teacher. — Atyanta-samyoga, *as, m.* (in grammar) immediate proximity. — Atyanta-samparka, *as, m.* excessive sexual intercourse. — Atyanta-sukunāra, *as, ī, am*, very tender; (*as*), *m.* a kind of grain, Panicum Italicum. — Atyantābhāva (‘tabhā), *as, m.* absolute non-existence.

1. atyantika or atyantina, *as, ā, am*, going much or fast or far.

अत्यन्तिक् 2. aty-antika, *as, ā, am*, too close, too near, very close; (*am*), *n.* too great neames.

अत्यय् aty-aya, *as, m.* (fr. rt. *i* with ati, see ati), passing, lapse, passage; passing away, perishing, death; danger, risk, evil, suffering; transgression, guilt, vice; getting at, attacking; overcoming, mastering (mentally); a class.

Atyayika, better atyayika, *as, ā, am*, temporary, occasional.

Atyayin, ī, inī, ī, passing, surpassing.

अत्यराति aty-arāti, *is, m., N.* of a son of Janapanta.

अत्यर्थ् aty-artha, *as, ā, am* (beyond its proper worth), exorbitant, excessive. — Atyaratham, *ind.* excessively, exceedingly.

अत्यर्द् aty-ard, el. 1. P. -ardati, -ditum, to press hard, to distress greatly.

अत्यर्ह् aty-arth, cl. 1. P. -arhati, -hitum, to excel in worth.

अत्यवि aty-avi, *is, m.* Ved. passing over or through the strainer, which consisted of sheep's wool or a sheep's tail (an epithet of Soma).

अत्यस् aty-as, el. 9. P. -asñāti, -asitum, to precede in eating.

अत्यष्टि aty-ashṭi, *is, f.* a metre of four lines, each containing seventeen syllables; the number seventeen. — Atyashṭi-sāmagri, *f.* title of a particular book.