A-drishti, is, or $a-d r i s h t i k \bar{a}$, f. a displeased or malicious look, an evil eye.
झ्रदेय $a$-dey $a, a s, \bar{a}$, am, improper or unfit to be given; (am), $n$. an object which, in law, it is either not right or not necessary to give or surrender. - Adeya-lāna, am, n. an illegal gift.

अदेश $a$-dera, as, $\bar{a}, a m$ (rt. div), not divine, not of divine origin, not referring to any deity; godless, impious; (as), m . one who is not a god. - Aderamātrika, as, $\bar{a}$, am, not having the gods as mothers, not suckled by any deity, i. e. not rained upon.
$A$-derak:a, as, $\tilde{a}, a m$, not referring to or intended for any deity.
$A$-deratā, f. one who is not a deity.
$A$-devatra or $a$-devatrā, ind., Ved. not towards the gods.
A-devayat, an, anti, at, or adevayu, us, us, $u$, Ved. indifferent to the gods, irreligious.
A-daiva, as,, , am, not referring to or connected with the gods or with their action; not predetermined by them or by fate.
अ्यदेवृमी $a$-devri-ghn̄, f., Ved. not destructive to her brother-in-law.
ד्रदेश $a-d e s ́ a, ~ a s, \mathrm{~m}$. (rt. diś), a wrong place, an improper place. - A-desa-kā̀la, $a m$, n. wrong place and time. - Adesa-ja, $\alpha s, \bar{a}, a m$, grown in a wrong place. - Adeśa-stha, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, out of place, in the wrong place, one absent from his country, an absentee.
$A$-desiya, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, improper or unfit to be ordered or advised or indicated; not on the spot, not present on the occasion referred to.
अ्षदोमद् $a$-doma-da or a-doma-dha, as, $\bar{u}$, $a m$, Ved. not occasiouing inconvenience.

## ञदोमय ado-maya, \&c. See adas.

अ्रदोह $a$-doha, as, m. (rt. duh), season when rnilking is impracticable.
$A-d o g d h r i, d h \bar{a}, d h r i, d h r i$ ( oot milking), not exacting; considerate.
अन्ज $a d g a, a s, \mathrm{~m}$. (fr. rt. $a d$ ), a sacrificial cake, also called perodāsa; (according to others) an oblation of clarified butter.

## अद्रद $a d t$ or झ्रद्ड् $a d d$. See s.v. at!.

झद्धा $a d-d h \bar{u}$, ind. (fr. ad or $a$, this), Ved. in this way; manifestly; certainly, truly. - Ad-dhā-tamām, ind., Ved. most certainly. $=A d d h \bar{a}-$ purusha, as, m., Ved. a veritable or true man. - Addhä-bodheya, às, m. pl. adherents of a particular Sakkh or recension of the white Yajur-veda. Addhāti, is, m., Ved. a wise man, a seer.
अघ्यालोहकरा $a d d h y \bar{a}-l o h a-k a r n a, a s, \bar{a}$ or $\bar{i}, a m$, Ved. having ears quite red (?).
צ्रद्नुत adbhuta, as, $\bar{a}$, am (perhaps corrupted from ati-bhūta, 'exceeding that which is;' see I. at), transceodental, supernatural, prodigious, woaderful, marvellous; ( $\alpha$ ) , $m$. the marvellous (in style); surprise; N. of the Indra of the ninth Manvantara; (am), n. a marvel, a wonder, a prodigy. - Adllhuta-karman, $\bar{a}, \bar{a}, a$, performing wonderful works ; exhibiting wonderful workmanship. - Adlhu-ta-kratu, us, us, $u$, Ved. possessing wonderful intelligence. - Adbhuta-gandha, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, having a wonderful smell. - Aclohuta-tama, am, n. an extraordinary wonder. - Adbhutu-tva, am, n. wonderful-ness.- Adlhuta-darsana, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, having a wonderful aspect. - Adbhuta-dhuerma, as, m. a system or series of marvels or prodigies. - Allbhutabrähmana, am, title of a portion of a Brahnıaṇa belonging to the Säma-veda.-Adbhuta-bhimakarman, $\bar{a}, \bar{a}, a$, performing wonderful and fearful works.- Addbuta-rasa, as, m. the marvellous style (of poetry). - Adbhuta-rämäyaña, am, n. title of a work ascribed to Vãlmiki, - Adibhuta-rūpa, as, $\bar{a}$
or $\bar{i}$, am, having a wonderful shape. - Allhutaśänti, is, m. or f. (?), N. of the sixty-seventh Parisishta of the Atharva-veda. - Ad $\bar{b} h u t a-s a m t i \bar{a} s(a, a s, \bar{a}, a n n$, resembling a wonder. - Adlhuta-sära, as, m. the wonderful resin (of the Khadira tree, Mimosa Catechu); title of a book on the "Essence of Prodigies." - Adbhuta-svana, as, m. (having a wonderful sound or voice), a N. of Siva. - Adthutainas ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ta$e n^{\circ}$ ), $\bar{a} s, \bar{a} s, a s$, Ved. one in whom no fault is visible. - Adbhutottarakānda ( ${ }^{\circ} t\left(1-u t t^{\circ}\right), a m, \mathrm{n}$, N. of a work, an appendix to or rather an imitation of the Rămāyaṇa. - Adbhutopamu $\left({ }^{( }{ }^{t a-u p}{ }^{\circ}\right), a_{s}, \bar{a}, a m$, resembling a wonder.
ग्रद्मन् $a d m a n, a, \mathrm{n}$. (fr. rt. ad), Ved. eating; a meal; a honse. - Adme-sad, $t$, m., Ved. seated (with others) at a meal (?); seated at or busy in the preparation of a meal (?); a cook (?); a mother (?). - Admasadya, am, n., Ved. the condition of an admasad.- Admasadran, $\bar{a}, \bar{a}, \alpha$, Ved. fit to be a companion at a meal.
Admani; is, m. fire.
Admara, as, $\bar{a}$, am, glottonous.

1. adya, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, fit or proper to be eaten ; (am), n. food, anything eatable.
झद्यद्य 2. $a-d y a$ or Ved. $a d y \bar{a}$, ind. (fr. pronom. base $a$, this, with dya for dyu, Lat. ho-die), to-day; now-a-days; now. - Adya-dina or adyadivasa, as, am, m. n. the present day.-Adyapūream, ind. before now. - Adya-prabhriti, ind. from and after to-day. - Arlya-svina, as, $\bar{a}$, am, likely to happen to-day or (svas) to-morrow; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. a female near delivery. - Adya-suty $\overline{\bar{a}}$, f. preparation and consecration of the Soma on the same day. - Adyapi ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ya-api), ind. even now, just now; to this day; down to the present time; henceforth. - Adyävadhi ( ${ }^{\ominus} y a-a v^{\circ}$ ), is, is, i, beginning or ending to-day; from or till to-day. - Adyaiva (adyaexa), ind. this very day.
Adyatana, as, $\bar{i}$, am, extending over or referring to to-day; occurring or current to-day or now-a-days, modern ; $(\alpha s), \mathrm{m}$. the period of a current day, either from midnight to midnight, or from dawn to dark; (i), f. (in gram.) the aorist tense from its relatiog what has occurred on the same day.-Adyatanabhūta, $a s, m$. the aorist.
Adyataniya, as, $\bar{a}$, am, extending over or referring to to-day ; current now-a-days.
अ््यु $a-d y u, u s, u s, u$, Ved. blunt.
अद्युत् $a-d y u t, t, t, t$, Ved. destitute of brightmess.
श्पद्यूत्य $a$-dyūtya, am, n., Ved. unlucky gambling; (according to others) the watch just before the dawn; ( $a s, \bar{a}, a m$ ), not derived from gambling, honestly obtained.

## अद्रव $a$-drava, as, $\vec{c}$, am, not liquid.

अदृव्य $a$-draxya, am, n. a nothing, a worthless thing.
अद्रि $a d r i$, is, m. (said to be fr. rt. ad, but perhaps from $a$, not, and $d r i \bar{i}$, to split, not liable to be split), a stone, a rock, a mountain; a stone for pounding Somia with or grinding it on; a stone for a sling, a thunderbolt; a mountain-shaped mass of clouds; a cloud (the mountains are the clouds personified, and regarded as the enemies of Indra); a tree; the sun; N. of a measure; the number seven; N. of a grandson of Prithu. - Adri-karnī, f. a plant, Clitoria Tematea Lin. - Adri-kī̀ $\bar{a}$, f. the earth. - Adri-k $\begin{aligned} & \text { ita-sthat } \bar{\imath} \text {, }\end{aligned}$ f., N. of an Apsaras. - Adri-ja, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, produced from or found among rocks or mountains; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f., N. of a plant, Sainhalt ; N. of Pârvatī or Durgă ; (am), n. red chalk. $-4 d r i-j \bar{a}, \bar{a} s$, m., Ved. produçed from (the friction of) stoves. - Adri-jūta, $a s, \bar{a}$, am, Ved. excited by (the friction of) stones. - Adritanayā, f. the mountain-daughter, i. e. Pärvatī; N. of a metre of four lines, each containing twenty-three syllables. - Adri-dugdha, as, $\bar{a}$, am, Ved. milked,
i. e. expressed with stones. - Adri-drish, $t$, m. the enemy of mountains or clouds, i. e. Indra. - Adrinandini, f., N. of Parvati. - Adri-pati, is, m. the Himalaya as the lord of monnains. - Adri-barhas, $\bar{a} s$, às, as, Ved. mountain-high. - Adri-budhna, $a s, \bar{a}, a m$, Ved. rooted in or produced on a rock or mountain. - Adri-bhid, $t, t, t$, Ved. splitting mountains or clonds ; $(t), \mathrm{m} ., \mathrm{N}$. of Indra. - Adri-bhu$, \bar{u} s, \bar{u} \varepsilon$, $u$, mountain-bom, found or living among mountains; ( $\bar{u} s$ ), £. a plant, probably Salvinia Cuculata. - Adrimàtri, tā, tri, tri, Ved. having a rock or mountain for a mother. - Adri-mūrdhan, $\bar{a}$, m. the head or summit of a mountain.-Adri-rāj, $t$, or adrirāja, as, m. Himãlaya as the king of mountains. - Adri-vat, àn, voc. as, m., Ved. armed with stones or thuaderbolts. - Adri-vahni, is, m. fire on or in a mountain or rock. - Adri-sayya, as, m. having the mountain for his couch, i. e. Siva. - Adri-sringa, $a m$, n. a mountain-peak. - Allri-shuta, $a s, \bar{a}, a m$, Ved. prepared with stones. - Adri-samhata, as, $\bar{a}$, am, Ved. expressed with stones. $-A \dot{d} \dot{\text { risisan}} \mathbf{a}$, us, $u s, u$, Ved. lingering on the mountains. - Adrisära, as, m. essence of stones, i. e. iron. - Adri-sära-maya, as, i, am, made of iron. - Adrindra ( $\left.{ }^{\circ} d r i-i n^{\circ}\right)$ or $a d r i s a\left({ }^{\circ} d r i-i s^{\circ}\right), a s, m$. the lord of mountains, i. e. Himălaya.

## Adrika,, ., N. of an Apsaras.

झ्रदूह $a-d r u h, d h r u k, k, k$, or $a d r u h v a n, \bar{a}$, $\bar{a}, a(\mathrm{rt} . d r u h)$, Ved. free from malice or treachery. $A$-drogha, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, Ved. free from falsehood, true; ( $a \mathrm{~m}$ ), ind. withont falsehood. - Adrogha-väc, $k, k, k$, Ved. free from malice or treachery in speech. - Adroghävita ( ${ }^{\circ} g h a-a v^{\circ}$ ), as, $\bar{a}, a m$, Ved. loving freedom from malice or treachery.
A-droha, as, m. freedom from malice or treachery. - Adroha-vritti, is, f. conduct free from malice or treachery.
$A$-drohin, $\bar{i}, i n \bar{i}, i$, free from malice or treachery.
अद्वन् advan, $\bar{a}, \vec{a}, a$ (fr. rt. ad), eating; (used at the end of compound words.)
अद्वय $a$-dvaya, as, $\bar{a}, a m$, not two, without a second, only, unique; (as), m., N. of Buddha; ( $a m$ ) , n. non-duality, unity; identity, especially the identity of Brahma with the universe or with the soul, or of spirit and matter; the ultimate truth. - Advaya-vädin or advaita-vädin, $\bar{\imath}, \mathrm{m}$. Buddha; a Jaina; one who teaches adraya or identity. - Advayānanda ( ${ }^{\circ} y a-\bar{a} n^{\circ}$ ), as, m., N. of an author, and of a founder of the Vaishnava sect in Bengal, who lived at the close of the fifteenth century. A-dvayat, an, or $a$-dvayas, $\bar{\alpha}, \mathrm{m}$., Ved. free from duplicity.
A-drayārin, i, or $a$-drayu, us, m., Ved. free from double dealing or duplicity.
अद्वार $a$-dvära, am, n. a place without a door; an entrance which is not the proper door.
पद्विज a-dvija, as, $\bar{a}$, am, destitute of Brähmans.
अद्वितीय $a$-dvitìy $a$, as, $\vec{a}$, am, without a second, sole, unique ; matchless.
अ्रदि देसय $a$-dvishenya, as, $\bar{a}$, am (rt. dvish), Ved. not to be disliked; not malevolent.
A-dvesha, as, $\bar{a}$, am, Ved. not malevolent. - $A$ -dvesha-ragin, $\bar{i}, i n i, i$, free from malevolence and passionate desire.
Adveshas, ind., Ved. withaut malevolence, without opposition.
Adveshin, $i, i n \bar{i}, i$, free from malevolence.
Adveshtri, $\bar{a}_{1}$ m. not an enemy; a friend.
झघेत a-dvaita, as, $\bar{a}$, am, destitute of duality, having no duplicate; peerless; sole, onique; epithet of Vishnu; ( $a m$ ), n. non-duality; identity, especially the identity of Brahma with the universe or with the soul, or of spirit and matter; the ultimate trush ; title of an Upanishad. - Advaitena, ind. solely. - Advaitānanda $\left({ }^{\circ} t a-\bar{a} n^{\circ}\right), a s, m_{1}=$

