scendants for enemies,' a crab (said to perish in producing young). — Apatya-sāć, k, k, k, Ved. accompanied with offspring. — Apatyārtha-sabda (°ya-ar°), as, m. a patronymic.

ward apa-trap, cl. 1. A. or poet. P. -trapate, -ti, -trapitum, -trapitum, to be ashamed or bashful, turn away the face.

Apa-trapana, am, n. or apa-trapa, f. bashfulness; embarrassment.

Apa-trapishnu, us, us, u, bashful.

stuat apa-tras, cl. 1.4. P. -trasali, -syati, -situm, to be deterred, to be afraid of, to flee from in terror.

Apa-trasta, as, ā, am, (with abl.) afraid of, fleeing or retiring from in terror.

arqua a-patha, am, n. not a way, absence of a road, pathless state, irregularity, deviation; heresy, heterodoxy; the vulva; (as, \bar{a}, am) , pathless, roadless; (\bar{a}) , f., N. of various plants. — Apathagāmin, \bar{i} , $in\bar{i}$, i, going by a wrong road, pursuing bad practices, heretical. — Apatha-prapanna, as, \bar{a} , am, out of place, in the wrong place, misapplied.

A-pathin, -nthas, m. absence of road, pathless

state.

A-pathya, as, \(\bar{a}\), am, unfit; unsuitable; inconsistent; (in medic.) unwholesome as food or driok in particular complaints. — Apathya-nimitta, as, \(\bar{a}\), am, caused by unfit food or drink. — Apathya-bhuj, \(k\), \(k\), k, eating what is forbidden.

अपद् a-pad, t, t, t, or āt, āt or adī, āt, Ved. footless, having no feet; going on a road which does not exist or is unknown (?).

A-pada, as, ā, am, footless; having no office; (as), m. a reptile; (am), n. no place, no abode; the wrong place or time; ether. — A-pada-ruhā or a-pada-rohinī, f., N. of a parasitical plant, Epidendron Tesselloides. — A-pada-stha, as, ā, am, out of office. — A-padāntara (°da-an°), as, ā, am, not separated by a foot, adjoining, contiguous; (am), n. proximity.

अपदिशाम apa-dakshinam, ind. away from the right, to the left side.

अपदम apa-dama, as, ā, am, without self-restraint; of wavening fortune.

अपदव apa-dava, as, ā, am, free from forest-fire. - Apadavāpad (°va-āp°), t, t, t, free from the calamity of fire.

अपद्श apa-daśa, as, ā, am, (any number) off ten.

अपदस apa-das, cl. 4. P., Ved. -dasyati, -situm, to fail, i.e. become dry.

अपदह apa-dah, cl. t. P. -dahati, -dagdhum, to bum up, to burn out so as to drive out.

सपदान apa-dāna or apa-dānaka, am, n. (rt. dai), correct or pure conduct, approved occupation; a great or noble work; work well or completely done (for avadāna, q.v.).

अपदाचे a-padārtha (°da-ar°), as, m. non-entity, nothing.

अपरिज apa-dis, cl. 6. P. -disati, -deshtum, to assign, to point out, indicate, betray, to pretend, hold out as a pretext or disguise.

Apa-disam, ind. in an intermediate region (of the compass), half a point.

Apa-dishia, as, a, am, assigned as a reason or

Apa-deśa, as, m. turning away, refusal; pretence, feint, pretext, disguise, contrivance; the second step in a syllogism, according to the Vaiśeshikas, i.e. the statement of the reason, adducing a reason or cause; a butt or mark; place, quarter; fame, reputation.

Apa-desin, i, ini, i, assuming the appearance or

semblance of.

Apa-desya, as, ā, am, to be shown, to be stated.

WUE apa-drī, used in part. of Intens., Ved.
apa-dardrat, at, atī, at, tearing open.

अपदेवता apa-devatā, f. an evil spirit, a

अपदोष apa-dosha, as, ā, am, free from blame.

अपद्रय apa-dravya, am, n. any bad thing.

अपदार apa-dvāra, am, n. a side-entrance (not the regular door).

अपधा apa-dhā, f., Ved. hiding, shutting up.

सपधार apa-dhāv, cl. 1. P. -dhāvati, -vitum, to depart (from a previous statement), pre-varicate.

अप्थम apa-dhūma, as, ā, am, free from smoke.

अपभ् apa-dhṛi, Caus. P. -dhārayati, -yitum, to carry off.

अपध्या apa-dhmā, cl. 1. P. -dhamati, -dhmātum, to blow away or off.

अपध्ये apa-dhyai, cl. 1. P. -dhyāyati, -dhyātum, to have a bad opinion of, to curse mentally. Apa-dhyāna, am, n. evil thoughts, wickedness.

सपध्यंस apa-dhvans, cl. 1. P., better A., -dhvansati, -te, -situm, to scold, revile, repel; to fall away, be degraded.

Apa-dhransa, as, m. falling away, degradation, disgrace; concealment. — Apadhransa-ja, as, m. a man of a mixed or impure caste (whose father belongs to a lower caste than his mother's).

Apa-dhvansin, ī, inī, i, causing to fall, destroying, abolishing.

Apa-dhrasta, as, ā, am, reviled, cursed; abandoned, pounded or pounded badly; (as), m. a vile wretch lost to all sense of right.

अपध्वान apa-dhvānta, as, ā, am (rt. dhvan), sounding wrong.

अपनत apa-nata, as, ā, am, bulging out.

अपन्त apa-nas, cl. 4. P. -nasyati, -nasitum and -nanshtum, to disappear, go away.

अपनस apa-nasa, as, ā, am, without a nose.

अपनह apa-nah, cl. 4. P. A. -nahyati, -te, -naddhum, to unbind; to loosen.

अपनामन् apa-nāman, a, n. a bad name; (\bar{a}, \bar{a}, a) , having a bad name.

अपनिद् apa-nidra, as, ā, am, sleepless.

स्पनिवाण apa-nirvāṇa, as, ā, am, not yet extinct.

स्पनी apa-nī, cl. 1. P. -nayati, -netum, to lead away or off; to rob, steal, take or drag away; to remove, frighten away; to put off or away (as garments, ornaments, or fetters); to extract, take from; to deny; to except, exclude from a rule: Desid. -ninishati, to wish to remove.

Apa-naya, as, m. leading away, taking away; bad policy.

Apa-nayana, am, n. taking away, withdrawing, removing; destroying, healing; acquittance of a debt or obligation.

Apa-nita, as, ā, am, taken away, removed; paid, discharged; led away from, contradictory; badly executed, spoiled; (am), n. imprudent or bad behaviour.

Apa-netri, tā, m. a remover, taking away.

अपनुद् apa-nud, cl. 6. P. A. -nudati, -te, -nottum, to remove.

Apa-nutti, is, f. or apa-noda or apa-nodaka, as, m. removing, taking or sending away; expiation.

Apa-nuda, as, ā, am, removing, driving away.
Apa-nunutsu, us, us, u, desirons of removing, expiating.

Apa-nodana, as, i, am, removing, driving away; (am), n. removing, destroying.

Apa-nodya, as, ā, am, to be removed.

अपनगृह a-panna-griha, as, ā, am, Ved. having an indestructible house.

अपपद् apa-pad, cl. 4. A.-padyate, -pattum, to escape, run away.

अपपाउ apa-pāṭha, as, m. a mistake in reading; a wrong reading in a text.

अपपाल apa-pātra, as, ā, am, using separate vessels (from which no one else will eat); of low caste.

Apa-pātrita, as, m. a person not allowed by his kindred to eat or drink from a common vessel; a person who has lost his caste.

अपपादत apa-pādatra, as, ā, am, having no protection for the feet, shoeless.

ञ्जपपान apa-pāna, am, n. a bad or improper drink.

स्पिपत्व apa-pitva, am, n. (for apa-apitva, fr. rt. āp or ap with apa), Ved. severance; turning away, separation.

भपपूत apa-pūta, au, m. du. badly formed buttocks; (as, ā, am), having badly formed buttocks.

अपप् apa-prī, cl. 3. P., Ved. -piparti, to take away, remove.

अपप्रजाता apa-prajātā, f. a female that has had a miscarriage.

अपप्रदान apa-pradana, am, n. a bribe.

अपप्रे apa-pre(-pra-i), cl. 2. P.-praiti, -tum, to go away, to withdraw.

अपमोपित apa-proshita (-pra-ush', rt. vas), am, n., Ved. the having departed, a wrong departure or evil caused thereby.

अपवध apa-badh or apa-vadh (defect. verb), to repel, avert.

अपवहिस् apa-barhis, is, is, is, not having the portion constituting the Barhis.

सपवाध् apa-bādh, cl. 1. A. -bādhate, -dhitum, to drive away, repel, remove.

अपबाहुक apa-bāhuka, as, m. a bad arm, stiffness in the arm.

अपभय apa-bhaya, as, ā, am, or apa-bhī, īs, īs, i, fearless, undaunted.

अपभारा apa-bharaṇi, f. (fr. rt. bhri with apa), the last lunar mansion.

Apa-bhartṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, Ved. taking away, destroying.

अपभाष apa-bhash, cl. 1. A. -bhashate, -shitum, to revile.

Apa-bhāshana, am, n. abuse, bad words, vituperation.

ज्ञपभ apa-bhū, cl. 1. P. -bhavati, -vitum, to be absent.

Apa-bhūti, is, f., Ved. defect, damage.

सप्रश्न apa-bhransa or apa-bhransa, as, m. falling down or away; a bad fall; a corrupted word, a corruption; ungrammatical language, the most corrupt of the Prakrit dialects. (The spelling apa-bhransa is incorrect according to some grammarians.)

Apa-bhrashta, as, ā, am, fallen away, corrupted (as a Prākrit dialect).

अपन apama, as, ā, am (fr. apa), Ved. the