Ava-graha, as, m. separation of the component parts of a compound, or of other grammatical forms, occurring in some Päthas, e.g. in the Pada-text of the Vedas; the mark or the interval of such a separation; the syllable or letter after which the separation occurs; the chief member of a word so separated; obstacle, impediment, restraint; drought; nature, original temperament; a sort of knowledge, a false idea (?); an imprecation or term of abuse; an elephant's forehead; a herd of elephants; an iron hook with which elephants are driven.

Ava-grahana, am, n. obstacle, impediment, restraint, disrespect.

Ava-grāha, as, m. breaking off, discontinuing; obstacle, impediment, imprecation; drought; the forehead of an elephant.

Ava-grāham, ind. in breaking off or discontinuing.

सवयट् ava-ghatt, cl. 1. A. -ghattate, -ttitum, cl. 10. P. -ghattayati, -yitum, to push or brush

away or off; to touch, feel, rub; to stir up. Ava-ghatta, as, m. a hole in the ground, a cave, a cavern.

Ava-ghattana, am, n. rubbing away or off.

Ava-ghattita, am, n. pushing or rubbing together; rubbing off.

सपयात ava-ghāta, as, m. (rt. han), striking, hurting, killing; a violent or fatal blow; threshing corn by bruising it with a wooden pestle in a mortar of the same material.

Ava-ghātin, ī, inī, i, striking, killing.

सर्युप् ava-ghush, cl. 1. P. -ghoshati, -shitum, to proclaim aloud; to convoke, send for, summon; to fill with cries or clamour.

Ava-ghushta, as, ā, am, proclaimed, summoned. Ava-ghoshaņa, am, n. crying, proclaiming, denouncing.

अवयर्ण ava-ghũrn, cl. I. P. A. -ghũrnati, -te, -nitum, to whirl round, brandish, move to and fto. Ava-ghũrnan, as, m. a whirling round; a whirlpool. Ava-ghũrnana, am, n. rolling or whirling round. Ava-ghũrnita, as, ā, am, whirled round.

अवधृप ava-ghrish, cl. 1. P. A. -gharshati, -te, -shitum, to rub off, rub to pieces: Caus. -ghar-

shayati, -yitum, to rub off, scratch off. Ava-gharshana, am, n. rubbing off, scrubbing.

Ava-gharshita, as, ä, am, rubbed off, scrubbed.

अवधोटित ava-ghoiita, as, ā, am (rt. ghui, cf. rt. gunih with ava), covered, concealed.

अवझा ava-ghrā, cl. 1. P. -jighrati, -ghrātum, to smell at, to touch with the mouth; to kiss: Caus. -ghrāpayati, -yitum, to cause to smell at. Ava-ghrāņa, am, n. the act of smelling at.

Ava-ghrāta, as, ā, am, smelled, smelled at; kissed.

खबच avaća, lower. This word is connected with ava as ucca is with ud, but only found in uccavaća, q.v.

अवच छ ava-ćaksh, cl. 2. A. -ćashte, -ćashtum, to look down upon, to perceive.

Ava-ćakshana, am, n. looking down upon? (Gana to Pāņini VIII. 1. 27, 57).

अयचन *a-vaćana*, *am*, n. absence of assertion, silence, taciturnity; (*as*, \bar{a} , *am*), not speaking, silent. — *A-vaćana-kara*, *as*, \bar{a} , *am*, not doing what one is bid, disobedient.

A-vaćanīya, as, ā, am, not to be spoken, improper. — Avaćanīya-tā, f. or avaćanīya-tva, am, n. impropriety of speech.

A-vacas-kara, as, \bar{a} or \bar{i} , am, silent, not speaking, tacitum.

अवचन्द्रमस ava-ćandramasa, am, n., Ved. the looking down of the moon.

अवचर ava-car, cl. I. P. A. -carati, -te, -ritum, Ved. -ritave or -vai, -rase, -radhyai, to move or come down; to go down towards: Caus. born, brought forth.

-*cārayati*, -yitum, to cause to move or descend upon; to employ.

Ava-cara, as, ā, am, going or moving down or in or upon; (as), m. place of descent, road, field of action.

Ava-cāraņa, am, n. employing, application, mode of proceeding.

Ava-cārya, as, ā, am, to be cast down, to be given, to be put on or applied.

अवचि 1. ava-ći, cl. 3. P., Ved. -ćiketi, -ćetum, to worship, honour, respect.

अवरिष 2. ava-6i, cl. 5. P. A. - cinoti, -nute, -cetum, to gather, pick off; to take off; to let down (one's cloak) behind, to open (one's cloak).

Ava-ćaya, as, m. gathering, especially flowers, fruits, &cc.

Ava-ćāyin, ī, inī, i, gathering, picking off. Ava-ćita, as, ā, am, gathered; filled, inhabited.

अवचूड ava-tūda, as, m. the pendent crest or streamer of a standard. See ava-tūla.

ञ्चवच्रे ava-curn, cl. 10. P. -curnayati,

-yitum, to sprinkle with meal, dust, &cc.; to cover. Ava-cürnana, am, n. sprinkling with powder; pounding, reducing to powder.

Ava-cūrņita, as, ā, am, sprinkled with powder; coarsely pounded, ground, crushed.

ञ्चरचल ava-óūla, as, m. (fr. ćūla for ćūḍa), an ornament hanging downwards from the top of a banner, the top ornaments (such as streamers, peacocks' tails, &c.) of a standard banging downward; a chowrI.

Ava-culaka, as, m. a chowri or brush, formed of a cow's tail, peacock's feathers, &cc., for fanning off flies.

अवचृत ava-ćrit, cl. 6. P. -ćritati, -ćartitum, to let loose.

भवज्जर ava-6chad (-6had), cl. 10. P. -66hādayati, -yitum, to cover over, overspread; to conceal, to obscure, leave in darkness.

Ava-céhada, as, m. a cover, covering.

Ava-céhanna, as, ā, am, covered over, over-

spread, filled. Ava-66hādya, ind. having covered over; having obscured.

स्वचिद्ध ava-66hid (-6hid), cl. 7. P. A. -66hinatti, -66hinte, -66hettum, to cut off, detach, separate, to tear in pieces, break asunder; to excerpt, distinguish, discriminate; to interrupt.

Ava-66 hinna, as, \bar{a} , am, cut off, separated, divided, detached, excerpted; broken; (in logic) predicated, i. e. separated from everything else by the properties predicated; bounded.

Ava-ććheda. as, m. anything cut off; part, portion; separation, distinction; discrimination; distinguishing; boundary, limit; a predicate, the property of a thing by which it is distinguished from everything else. – Avaććhedāvaććheda (°da-av°), as, m. generalising, removing distinctions.

Ava-c6hedaka, as, ikā, am, separating, distinguishing, particularising, determining; bounding, separating one thing from another; peculiar; (as), m. that which distinguishes, &cc.; a predicate, characteristic, property; boundary, limit.

Ara-cchedana, am, n. cutting off; separating, dividing; discriminating, distinguishing.

Ava-cchedya, as, ā, am, to be cut off, separated, &c.

अवच्छरित ava-échurita or ava-échuritaka, am, n. (fr. rt. *chur*, ' to split,' with ava, ' that which splits one's sides ?'), a horse-laugh.

भवन्द्रो ava-66ho (-6ho), el. 4. P. -66hyati, -66hātum, to cut off or away, to flay, to skin, to reap. Ava-66hāta, as, ā, am, cut off, flayed, emaciated by abstinence; reaped.

अथजनित ava-janita, as, ā, am (rt. jan), born, brought forth, खराजि ava-ji, cl. I. P. -jayati, -jetum, to spoil (i. e. deprive by conquest), to win; recover; to ward off; conquer: Desid. -jigīshati, to wish to win or recover.

Ava-jaya, as, m. the act of overcoming, victory. Ava-jita, as, ā, am, conquered; contemned, disregarded.

स्वनुष्ट ava-jushta, as, ā, am (rt. jush), visited.

भवज्ञा 1. ava-jhā, cl. 9. P. -jānāti, -jhātum, to disesteem, have a low opinion of, despise, treat with contempt.

 ava-jnā, f. or ava-jnāna, am, n. contempt, disesteem, disrespect (with obj. in loc. or gen.). — Avajnopahata ("jnā-up"), ae, ā, "am, treated with contempt, humiliated, degraded.

Ava-jnāta, as, ā, am, despised, disrespected.

Ava jneya, as, ā, am, contemptible, to be treated with disrespect, disreputable.

खनज्युत्त ava-jyut (rt. jyut for dyut), Caus. jyotayati, -yitum, to light up or bring a light to bear upon, to illumine.

Ava-jyotya, ind. having lighted (a lamp).

सवचल ava-jval, Caus. -jvalayati, -yitum, to set on fire.

Wag avata, as, m. (fr. 2. ava, q.v.), a hole, a vacuity; a hole in the ground, a chasm, a pit; any depressed part of the body, a cavity, a fosse, a sinus; a well; a juggler; N. of a man. -Avata-kacchapa, as, m. a tortoise in a hole (said of an inexperienced man, who has seen nothing of the world). -Avatavirodhana, am, n. a particular hell.

Avati, is, m. a hole in the ground; a sinus; a hollow, a cavity.

Avafita, as, ā, am, flat-nosed.

Avatu, us, m. f. the back or nape of the neck; a hole in the ground; a well; N. of a tree; (u), n. a hole, a rent. -Avatu-ja, as, m. a hind curl, the hair on the back of the head.

Avatya, as, ā, am, Ved. being in a hole.

Avata, as, m., Ved. a well, a cistern.

खरइङ्ग avadanga or avadranga or avatanka (?) or avatanga (?), as, m. a market, a mart.

खवडीन ava-dina, am, n. (rt. di), the flight of a bird, flying downwards.

सवराड a-vaṇḍa, as, ā, am, Ved. not without a tail.

स्वतंस ava-tansa or ava-tansaka, as, am, m. n. (rt. tans), a garland; a ring-shaped ornament, ear-ring, crest.

Ava-tansita, as, ā, am, having a garland or earring, crested.

अवतदारण ava-takshana, am, n. (rt. taksh), anything cut in pieces; chopped straw.

सवतड् ava-tad, Caus. P. -tādayati, -yitum, to strike downwards.

स्वतन ava-tan, cl. 8. P. -tanoti, -nitum, to stretch or extend downwards; to overspread, cover; to loosen, undo, especially a bowstring.

Ava-tata, as, \bar{a} , am, overspread, canopied, covered; loosened – Avatata-dhanvan, \bar{a} , m., Ved. whose bow is unbent.

Ava-tati, is, f. stretching, extending,

Ava-tāna, as, m. stretching, extending; unbending of a bow; cover; awning.

ज्ञवतम् ava-tap, cl. 1. P. -tapati, -taptum, to radiate heat (or light) downwards: Caus. -tāpayati, -yitum, to irradiate; to heat; to illuminate.

Ava-tapta, as, ā, am, heated. - Avatapte-nakula-sthita, am, n. an ichneumon's standing on hot ground (metaphorically said of the inconstancy of man).