जस्यूल a-sthula, as, a, am, not hulky, delicate.

समातृ a-snātri, tā, trī, tri, Ved. not fond of bathing, not a bather.

अस्ताविर a-snāvira, as, ā, am, Ved. without sinews, without bands.

सांधारध a-snigdha, as, ā, am (rt. snih), not smooth, harsh, hard, dry; unkind. - Asnígdha-dāru, u, n, a kind of pine tree.

A-sneha, as, ā, am, unkind; harsh, hard, dry; (as), m. unkindness, want of affection; absence of oiliness.

जस्पन्द a-spanda, as, ā, am, not trembling, not moving, fixed, unchangeable.

अस्पर्शे a-sparśa, as, ā, am (rt. spriś), not touching, not in contact; (as), m. not touching, noncoatact.

A-sparsana, am, n. non-contact, avoiding the contact of anything, especially of one who is impure.

A-sparsaniya, as, ā, am, not to be touched, impure.

A-sparsita, as, ā, am, untouched.

A-sprisya, as, a, am, not to be touched, intangible.

A-sprishta, as, ā, am, untouched. — Asprishtarajas-tamaska, as, ā, am, perfectly pure. — Asprishta-rahai, ts. is, i, unscathed by fire.

shfa-vahni, is, is, i, unscathed by fire. A-sprishii, is, f. not touching, avoiding contact.

अत्यष्ट a-spashta, as, ā, am, indistinct.

अस्पृत a-sprita, as, ā, am, Ved. unconquered, irresistible.

जस्पृह a-spriha, as, ā, am, undesirous, content; indifferent.

A-sprihaniya, as, ā, am, undesirable.

(as, ā, am), indistinct, obscure, invisible, unblown. - Asphuţa-phala, am, n. indistinct result; (in geom.) gross area of a triangle, &c. - A-sphuţavāć, k, k, lisping, speaking indistinctly.

स्म a-sma, a pronominal base (supposed to be compounded fr. a and sma) from which several cases of the pronoun of the 1st person plur. and of the 3rd sing. are derived. See also the next.

असर asmad, the plural base of the 1st personal pronoun (said to be fr. 2. as, 'to throw', Un-sut. I. 138; or fr. 1. as, 'to be'), nom. sing. aham, 'l,' du. āvām, 'we two,' pl. vayam, 'we;' acc. pl. asmān, inst. asmābhis, dat. asmabhyam, abl. asmat or asmattas, gen. asmäkam, loc. asmāsu. Native grammarians derive the sing. as well as plur. from the base, asmad. The form asme, common to all oblique cases of the plur., is confined to the Vedas; and sometimes a form asmāka is used for the gen. asmākam. The form nas for acc., dat., and gen. is enclitic. The form asma is met with in the Vedas as well as the asmad of the classical language, especially at the beginning of compounds [cf. Gr. Eupes fr. Eopes; Goth. unsa for usna; Mod. Germ. unser]. - Asma-trā, ind., Ved. to us, with us, among us. - Asmatrānć, ān, ācī, āk, Ved. turned towards us. - Asmad-rāta, as, ā, am, Ved. given by us. - Asma-druh, -dhruk, k, k, Ved. forming a plot against us or me, inimical. Asmad-vidha, as, ā, am, or asmādrāša, as, ī, am, or asmādrās, k, k, k, similar, or like us or me; one of us. - Asme-hiti, is, f., Ved. errand or message for us.

Asmadiya, as, a, am, our, ours.

Asmadryanić, an, drići, ak, Ved. turned towards us; (k), ind. towards us.

Asmayu, us, us, u, Ved. endeavouring to attain us, desiring us, favourable to us.

Asmāka, as, ā, am, Ved. our, ours.

चसना asmanta, am, n. a furnace or fireplace. See asmanta.

असारण a-smarana, am, n. (rt. smri), forgetfulness, forgetting.

A-smaraniya, as, ä, am, not to be recollected. A-smärta, as, i, am, immemorial, not within memory; illegal, not according to law; not belonging

to the Hindu institutes. A-smrita, as, \bar{a} , am, not remembered, forgotten. A-smriti, is, f. want of memory, forgetfulness; the not being part of the institutes of law; (i), ind., Ved. inattentively.

अस्मिता asmi-tā, f. (abstract noun formed fr. asmi, 1st pers. sing. pres. of I. as, 'I am'), egotism.

अस्मेर a-smera, as, ā, am (rt. smi), Ved. not sullen, confiding.

जस्यन्द्मान a-syandamāna, as, ā, am, Ved. not gliding away.

सस्यवामीय asyavāmīya, am, n. the hymn beginning with the words asya vām (Rig-veda I.164).

अस्यहत्य asya-hatya, अस्यहति asya-heti. See Gana Annsatikādi to Pāņini VII. 3, 20.

जस्युद्धत asy-udyata, as, ā, am (for udyatāsi), having the sword raised.

अस asra, as, m. (said to be fr. 2. as), hair of the head; a corner, an angle, see asra; (am), n. blood; a tear, see asrij and asan. - Asrakantha, as, m. an arrow; (perhaps a variation from astra-kantha ?). - Asra-khadira, as, m. a red Mimosa. - Asra-ja, am, n. flesh. - Asra-jit, t, m. 2 plant; see astra-jit. - Asra-pa, as, m. a Rākshasa or goblin; (\tilde{a}) , f. a leech; a Dākinī or female imp. - Asra-pattraka, as, m., N. of a plant, Rubia Cordifolia L. (?). - Asra-pitta, am, n. plethora, hemorrhage, epistaxis, involuntary discharge of blood from the mouth, nostrils, anus, &c. - Asra-phalā, f. the plant Boswellia Thurifera Roxb. - Asra-mātrikā, f. chyle, chyme. - Asra-rodhini, f. the plant Mimosa Pudica. - Asra-vindu-échadā, f., N. of a tuberous plant. - Asrārjaka (°ra-ar°), as, m. the white Tulasī plant.

Asrāya, nom. A. asrāyate, -yitum, to shed tears.

असवत a-sravat, an, antī, at (rt. sru), not flowing; Ved. not leaky (as a ship).

A-sruva, am, n. granulation (of a running sore).

असाम a-srāma, as, ā, am, Ved. not stiff, not lame.

असि asri, is, f. an angle; ten millions. See asri.

जमिए a-sridh, t, t, t, or a-sridhāna, as, ā, am, or a-sredhat, an, antī, at, Ved. not doing harm; uninjured, unfatigued; pious, peaceable.

असीवयस asri-vayas, Ved. having food which falls or drops down (?).

NH asru, n. a tear, &c. See asru.

असेमन asreman, ā, m., Ved. praiseworthy, to be praised; (if fr. rt. sriv) undecaying, immortal.

जिस्स a-sva, as, ā, am, or a-svaka, as, akā or ikā, am, or a-svakīya, as, ā, am, not one's own, belonging to another. — A-sva-ga, as, ā, am, Ved. not going to one's own home, homeless. — Asvaga-tā, f., Ved. homelessness. — A-sva-jāti, is, is, i, of a different caste, of a different species. — Asvatva, am, n. or asva-tā, f. want of claim or right to anything, having no indefeasible property in it, absence of ownership

A-svacchanda, as, \bar{a} , am, docile; not self-willed, dependant.

A-svatantra, as, \bar{a} , am, not self-willed, dependant, subject; docile, humble.

A-svabhāva, as, m. unnatural or unusual character or temperament; (as, \tilde{a} , am), of a different nature. A-svar $\tilde{u}pa$, as, \tilde{a} , am, essentially different or nulike.

A-svaves, as, as, a, am, Ved. having no home of one's own, expelled from home.

A-svādhyāya (°sva-adh°), as, m. a Brāhman who has not performed his studies, who has not read the Vedas previously to his investiture; interruption or interval of study, prohibited on certain days of the moon, at eclipses, &cc.

A-svārtha (°sva-ar°), as, \bar{a} , am, not for one's self; not for a proper object; having a different meaning.

A-svikāra, as, m. non-acquiescence, dissent.

A-svikrita, as, a, am, dissented from, refused, not promised.

असच्छ a-svatcha, as, ā, am, not clear, opaque.

उखना a-svanta (a-su-anta), as, \bar{a} , am, ending ill, leading to or having an unfavourable issue; (fr. asu-anta?) approaching the end of life; a fireplace, see asvanta.

अस्वप्र a-svapna, as, ā, am, Ved. sleepless, awake; (as), m. sleeplessness, the being awake; a god, a deity [cf. čuπνos].

A-svapnaj, k, k, k, Ved. not sleepy, sleepless.

अखर a-svara, as, ā, am, not aloud, speaking in an under tone, indistinct; having a bad or croaking voice; (am), ind. not aloud, in a low tone, indistinctly.

अखग्य a-svargya, as, ā, am, not leading to heaven, unheavenly.

अस्तस्य a-sva-stha, as, ā, am, not in good health, not one's self, sick. - Asvastha-tā, f. want of firmness; weakness, illness.

A-svästhya, am, n. indisposition, sickness, discomfort, indigence.

ञाखारु a-svādu, us, us, u, tasteless, insipid.

अस्वामिक a-svāmika, as, ā or ī, am, unowned, unclaimed.

A-svāmin, ī, inī, i, having no right or title to anything, not being master of it; that which has no master or owner. — A-svāmi-vikraya, as, m. sale without ownership.

A-svāmya, am, n. absence of right or title to property.

अखाये a-svārtha, as, ā, am, unselfish, disinterested.

अस्वेद a-sveda, as, m. suppressed perspiration; (as, ā, am), not perspiring.

सह 1. ah (connected with rt. nah), cl. 1. P., Ved. ahati, 2nd pl. perf. anāha, to string together (?), to compose, to celebrate, to prepare, to increase.

ञह 2. ah, cl. 5. P., Ved. ahnoti or adnoti, to pervade or occupy; to go or move; cl. 10 (?) to cause to shine (?).

Ahana, as, \tilde{a} , am, illuminating, spreading light (epithet of the dawn).

ਬੁੜ 3. ah (defect. verb, preserved only in five persons of the perfect, viz. attha, aha, ahathus, ahatus, ahus, which may have a present signification), to say, speak; to acknowledge, accept, state; to declare, express, signify; to call; to attribute; to call (with two acc.); to hold, consider, regard; to adjudge anything (acc.) to any one (gen.). [To this rt. are referred, Hib. ag-all, 'speech;' ag-all, 'to speak;' eigh-im, 'I call: Goth. af-aika, 'I deny:' Lat. nego for n'-ego, 'to say no:' also ajo.]