Rishi, the holy text, the Vedas; sacred descent; the derivation (of a poem) from a Rishi author; (ā), f. a class of Vedic metres. — Ārshodhā (°sha-āḍh°), f. a wife married according to the Ārsha form.

Arsheya, as, î, am, relating or belonging to or derived from a Rishi, of sacred descent; venerable, respectable; (am), n. sacred descent. — Arsheya-vat, an, atī, at, Ved. connected with sacred descent.

आपेम ārshabha, as, ī, am (fr. rishabha), derived from a bull, produced by one.

Arshabhi, is, m., N. of the first Cakravartin in Bhārata; a son of the first Tīrthakrit Rishabha.

Arshabhya, as, ā, am, a steer sufficiently full-grown to be used or one fit to be castrated.

साष्टिपेश ārshţisheņa, as, m. a patronymic of Devāpi.

साहत ārhata, as, ī, am (fr. arhat), belonging to the doctrine of Jina or the Jains; (as), m. a Jaina, a follower of the doctrines of Jina.

Arhatya, am, n. the quality or practice of an Arhat or Jain saint.

মান $\bar{a}la$, am, n. spawn, any discharge of venomons matter from poisonous animals; yellow arsenic, orpiment; (as, \bar{a}, am) , not small, large, extensive. $=\bar{A}l\bar{a}kta$ ('la-ak'), as, \bar{a} , am, Ved. anointed with poison (as an arrow).

স্থানম ā-laksh, cl. 10. P. A. -lakshayati, -te, -yitum, to descry, behold.

i. a-lakshya, as, a, am, to be observed, visible, apparent.

सालध्य ālakshanya, am, n. (fr. a-la-kshana), misfortune, crime.

সালম্ব 2. ā-lakshya, as, ā, am (3. ā preprefixed in the sense of diminution), scarcely visible.

সালগই ālagarda, as, m. a species of Cobra. See alagarda.

ভালে আনি ল-lap, cl. 1. P. -lapati, -pitum, to address, speak to, converse: Caus. -lāpayati, -yitum, to engage (another) in conversation, to question.

A-lāpa, as, m. speaking to, addressing, speech, conversation, communication; statement of the question in an arithmetical or algebraic sum; a question.

- Alāpa-vat, ān, atī, at, speaking, addressing.

A-lāpana, as, ā, am, causing to speak or converse about; (am), n. speaking to, conversing with.

Ā-lāpanīya or ā-lāpya, as, ā, am, to be said or spoken, to be spoken to or addressed.

Ā-lāpin, ī, inī, i, speaking or conversing with; (inī), f. a lute made of a gourd.

স্থালা ন labh, cl. 1. A. -labhate, -labdhum, to take hold of, touch, handle.

Ā-labhana, am, n. taking hold of, bringing (?).
1. ā-labhya, as, ā, am, Ved. fit to be killed or sacrificed.

2. ā-labhya, ind. having received or obtained.

A-lambha, as, m. taking hold of, seizing, touching;

tearing off, rooting out (of plants); the killing of the animal at a sacrifice.

A-lambhana, am, n. taking hold of, tonching;

killing.

A-lambhanīya, as, ā, am, to be taken hold of or handled, to be touched.

A-lambhin, i, ini, i, touching, taking hold of. A-lambhya, as, ā, am, obtainable, to be obtained; fit or proper to be killed.

भारत वि-lamb, cl. 1. A. -lambate, -bitum, to rest or lean upon; to hang from; to depend; to lay hold of, support, seize; to strike up (a tune or

note).

A-lamba, as, ā, am, hanging down; (as), m. that on which one rests or leans; support; receptacle; a prop; an asylum; depending on or from; a perpendicular; (ā), f., N. of a plant with poisonous leaves.

A-lambana, am, n. depending on or resting upon,

hanging from; supporting, sustaining; fundament, base; reason, cause; (in rhetoric) the natural and necessary connection of feeling with the cause which excites it; the mental exercise practised by the Yogin in endeavouring to realize the gross form of the eternal; silent repetition of a prayer; (with Buddhists) the five attributes of things corresponding to the five senses, viz. form, sound, smell, taste, and touch; also dharma or law corresponding to manas.

Alambāyana or ālambāyanī-putra, as, m., N. of a teacher.

A-lambi, is, m., N. of a pupil of Vaisampāyana. A-lambita, as, ā, am, pendent, suspended, hanging from or on; supported, upheld; protected.

A-lambin, î, inî, i, hanging from, resting or leaning upon; depending on or from; laying hold of, supporting, maintaining; wearing; (inas), m. pl. N. of a school.

A-lambya, ind. having supported; supporting, sustaining; taking by the hand.

सालय ā-laya. Sec under 2. ā-lī.

সালক ālarka, as, ī, am (fr. alarka), caused by or relating to a mad dog.

सालवस्य ālavaņya, am, n. (fr. a-lavaņa), ugliness, insipidity.

ঘান্তবান্ত ālavāla, am, n. a basin for water round the root of a tree. See alavāla, āvāla.

ञ्चालस ālasa, as, ī, am (fr. a-lasa), idle, slothful, lazy.

Alasya, as, ï, am, idle, slothful, apathetic; (am), n. idleness, sloth, want of energy. — Alasya-niban-dhana, as, ä, am, originating in indolence.

जालाक ālākta. See under āla.

भालाद्ध ālāṭya, as, ā, am (rt. laṭ for raṭ), Ved. being amongst the breakers of the sea (?).

भारतात ālāta, am, n. a firebrand; a coal burning or extinguished. See alāta.

মানোন ālāna, am, n. (etym. doubtful), the post to which an elephant is tied; the rope that ties him; a fetter, a tie; a rope or string; tying, binding; (as), m., N. of a minister of Siva.

Ālānika, as, ā, am, serving as a post to which an elephant is ried.

आलाप ā-lāpa, &c. See under ā-lap.

স্থানাৰ ālābu, us, or ālābū, ūs, f. a pumpkin gourd. See a-lābu.

धालावते ālāvarta (°la-āv°?), am, n. a fan made of cloth.

সালাম ālāsya (°la-ās°), as, m. a crocodile ('poison-mouthed;' see āla).

wifes āli, is, m. (see ali), a scorpion; a bee; (is), f. a woman's female friend; a row, range, continuous line [cf. ārali]; a ridge or mound of earth crossing ditches, dividing fields, &c.; a dike; a line, a race, family; (is, is, i), useless, idle, unmeaning; pure, honest, sincere.

Alin, i, m. a scorpion [cf. alin].

Alī, f. a female friend, row, range, line, &c.

मालिख ā-likh, cl. 6. P. -likhati, -lekhitum,

to write, delineate.

A-likhat, an, m. scratching; N. of an evil spirit.

A-likhya, ind. pourtraying, delineating, sketching.

A-lekhana, as, ā, am, scratching, painting; (as), m., N. of a teacher; (i), f. a brush, a pencil; (am), n. scratching, writing, painting.

Ā-lekhya, as, ā, am, to be written, to be delineated or painted; (am), n. a painting, writing. — Ālekhya-lekhā, f. painting. — Ālekhya-sesha, as, ā, am, having nothing left but a painting, deceased.

स्रालिमी āligī, f., Ved., N. of a serpent. स्रालिङ्ग ā-ling, cl. 1. P. A. -lingati, -te, -gitum, or d. 10. P. -lingayati, -yttum, to clasp, join the limbs closely; to encircle, embrace.

A-linga, as, m. embracing; a kind of drum.
A-lingana, am, n. clasping, embracing, an embrace

Ā-lingita, as, ā, am, embraced; (am), n. an embrace. — Altngita-vat, ān, atī, at, one who has embraced.

A-lingin, \(\bar{i}\), in \(\bar{i}\), i, embracing; (\(\bar{i}\)), m. a small drum, shaped like a barley corn and carried upon the breast.

1. \bar{a} -lingya, as, \bar{a} , am, to be embraced; (as), m. a small drum.

2. ā-lingya, ind. having embraced.

चालिञ्चर ālinjara, as, m. a large clay

भारितन्द ālinda or ālindaka, as, m. a terrace before a house, a raised place or terrace for sleeping upon. See altnda.

आलिप ā-lip, cl. 6. P. -limpati, -leptum, to anoint, besmear.

A-lipta, as, ā, am, anointed, smeared, plastered. A-limpana, am, n. whitening or painting the floor, wall, &c., on festival occasions.

A-lepa, as, m. smearing, plastering, anointing; liniment.

A-lepana, am, n. smearing, plastering; liniment.

आली 1. ālī, f. See under āli last col.

आली 2. ā-lī, cl. 4. A. -līyate, -letum or -lātum, to settle down upon; to melt; faint.

A-laya, as, am, m. n. a house, a dwelling, a receptacle, an asylum; (frequently at the end of a compound, e. g. himālaya, the abode of snow.)

A-līna, as, ā, am, melted, fused. Alīnaka, am, n. tin; lead (from its melting easily).

सालीट a-lidha, as, a, am (rt. lih), eaten, licked, lapped by the tongue, scraped; (as), m., N. of a man; (am), n. an attitude in shooting, the right knee advanced, the left leg retracted.

सालीटक ālīḍhaka, am, n. the frolicing of a calf; (etym. doubtful, perhaps for āḍhīlaka.)

आलु $\bar{a}lu$, us, m. (said to be for $\bar{a}ru$ fr. rt. ri), an owl; an esculent root, Arum Campanulatum; in the modern dialects this name is applied to the yam, potatoe, &c.; ebony, black ebony; (us or $\bar{u}s$), f. a pitcher, a small water-jar; (u), n. a raft, a float. Aluka, as, m. a kind of ebony; an epithet of Sesha, the chief of the Nagas or serpent race; (um), n. the esculent root of Amorphophallus Campanulatus.

সান্তবন ā-luṅćana, am, n. (rt. luṅć), tearing in pieces, rending.

सालुइ ā-luḍ, cl. 1. P. -laḍati, -laḍitum, to stir up, mix, agitate.

A-lodana, am, n. mixing, blending; stirring, shaking, agitating.

A-lodita, as, ā, am, mixed, blended, shaken, agitated.

स्राल्च ā-lūna, as, ā, am (rt. lū), cut, cut off. सालंबन ā-lekhana, &c. See under ā-likh.

आलोक ä-lak, cl. 1. A., 10. P. -lakate, -kitum, -lokayati, -yitum, to look forth; to behold; to consider, contemplate, regard.

A-loka, as, m. looking, seeing, beholding, sight, aspect; light, lustre, splendor; flattery, praise, complimentary language, panegyric; section, chapter.

plimentary language, panegyric; section, chapter.

A-lokana, am, n. seeing, looking, sight, beholding.

A-lokanīya, as, ā, am, visible; to be considered,

A-lokanīya, as, ā, am, visible; to be considere regarded. — Ālokanīya-tā, f. the being visible. Ā-lokita, as, ā, am, seen, beheld.

A-lokin, i, ini, i, seeing, beholding. Ā-lokya, ind. having seen or looked at, beholding.

सालीच् ā-lać, cl. 1. A. -laćate, -ćitum, to behold, view, perceive, consider, reflect.