book of the Mahā-bhārata. - Āstīka-jananī, f. the wife of Jarat-kāru and mother of Āstīka.

Astīkya, am, n. (? error for āstikya), belief.

सास्तृ ä-stri or ā-strī, cl. 5. 9. P. A. -strinoti, -nute, -nāti, -nīte, -startum, -rītum, -rītum, to spread (as a carpet &c.), deck, bestrew, scatter over, cover.

A-stara, as, m. a covering, coverlet, blanket thrown over the back of a horse or elephant; a carpet, bed; spreading (clothes &c.); N. of a man.

A-starana, am, ī, n. f. the act of spreading; a carpet, a rug, a cushion, a quilt, bed-clothes; a bed; a layer of sacred grass spread out at a sacrifice; an elephant's housings, a painted cloth or blanket worn on his back. — Astarana-vat, ān, atī, at, covered with a cloth or carpet.

Astaraņika, as, ā, am, resting on a cloth or carpet.

A-stāra, as, m. spreading, strewing, scattering.

- Āstāra-pankti, is, f., N. of a metre, the first verse of which consists of two Pādas of eight syllables each, the second of two Pādas of twelve syllables each.

Ā-stīrņa, as, ā, am, spread, strewed, scattered. Ā-strita, as, ā, am, spread, covered, strewed.

सास्त्रवृप्त āstrabudhna, as, m., Ved., N. of

THEM I. ā-sthā, cl. I. P. or poct. A. -tishthati, -te, -sthātum, to stand or remain on or by; to stay near, go towards, resort to; to ascend, mount; to undertake, perform, do, carry out, practise, use; to behave; to exhibit, aim at; to undertake, i.e. promise.

2. ā-sthā, f. consideration, regard, care, care for (with loc., e. g. mayi āsthā, care for me); assent, promise; confidence, hope; prop, stay, support; place or means of abiding; an assembly; state, condition.

Ā-sthātṛi, tā, trī, tṛi, Ved. standing on, mounting on.

A-sthāna, am, n. place, site, ground, base; an assembly; a hall of audience; (ī), f. an assembly. — Āsthāna-griha, am, n. an assembly-room.

A-sthāpana, am, n. placing, fixing, causing to stay or remain; a strengthening remedy; an enema of oil, ghee, &c.

A-sthāpita, as, ā, am, placed, fixed, &c.

A-sthāya, ind. having recourse to, using, employing; having ascended; standing, standing by.

Ā-sthāyikā, f. audience; (e. g. āsthāyikāņ dā, to give an audience.)

Ā-sthita, as, ā, am, stayed, dwelt, abiding, abode; having recourse to; applied to; occupied, engrossed by, engaged in; spread, overspread; obtained; observing, adhering to, following, practising.

A-stheya, as, a, am, to be approached, to be seized, to be applied or practised.

साचान ā-snāna, am, n. (rt. snā), Ved. water for washing, a bath.

सास्य āsneya, as, ā, am (fr. asan), Ved. bloody, being in blood.

सास्पद् āspada, am, n. (fr. pada with ā prefixed, s being inserted), place, site, seat, office; rank, station; dignity, authority; business, affair. Often used in comp.; e. g. ahankārāspadam, the seat of consciousness,

जास्पन्दन ā-spandana, am, n. trembling, throbbing.

ज्ञाम्पर्धा ā-spardhā, f. emulation, rivalry, endeavour after.

A-spardhin, î, inī, i, emulous, striving after.

आस्पज्ञ ā-sparša, as, m. (rt. spṛiś), contact; āsparša-tas, by the contact.

स्रास्पात ās-pātra. See 3. ās.

आस्पाल ā-sphal or ā-sphul, Caus. -sphālayati, -yitum, to cause to flap, rock or shake.

A-sphāla, as, m. striking, rubbing, causing to move gently; flapping, clapping; the flapping motion of an elephant's ear.

A-sphālana, am, n. rubbing, stirring, flapping, moving gently; striking; pride, arrogance.

Ā-sphālita, as, ā, am, struck gently, rubbed, touched, stirred; flapped, clapped, struck together.

आस्पाय ā-sphāy, cl. 1. A. -sphāyate, -yi-tum, to grow, increase.

आस्पुजित āsphujit ='Αφροδίτη, N. of the planet Venus.

ज्ञास्पुल ā-sphul. See ā-sphal above.

or flapping to and fro, quivering, trembling, shaking, the sound of clapping or striking on the arms as made by combatants, wrestlers, &c.; a plant, see \(\bar{a}\cdot sphota\); (\(\bar{a}\)), f. a wild variety of Jasmin.

A sphotaka, as, m., the plant Careya Arborea. A-sphotana, am, n. moving to and fro, flapping, trembling; shaking; blowing, expanding; contracting, closing, sealing; slapping or clapping the arms, or the noise made by it; (i), f. a gimlet or auger.

A-sphota or ā-sphotaka, as, m. (probably an incorrect form of ā-sphota), N. of several plants, Calotropis Gigantea, Bahinia Variegata L., Echites Dichotoma Roxb.; (ā), f., N. of several plants, Jasminum Sambac, Clitoria Terneata, Echites Frutescens or Echites Dichotoma.

आसाक āsmāka, as, ī, am, or āsmākīna, as, ā, am (fr. asmākam), our, ours.

**MRI āsya, am, n. (see 3. ās), mouth, jaws; face; a part of the mouth as the organ of pronouncing letters; mouth, opening; (as, ā, am), belonging or relating to the mouth or face.—Asyandhaya, as, ī, am, drinking the mouth, kissing.—Āsya-pattra, am, n. a lotus.—Āsya-lāngala, as, m. 'whose face is a plough;' a hog, a boar.—Āsya-loman, a, n. the hair of the face, the beard.—Āsyāsava ("ya-ās"), as, m. spittle, saliva.

जास्यन्द्रन ā-syandana, am, n. flowing near.

- Āsyandana-vat, ān, atī, at, flowing near.

चास्पहार āsyahātya, as, ā, am, containing the word asyahatya (a chapter).

आस्या āsyā, f. See under 4. ās.

आसप āsrapa, as, m. (fr. asra-pa), the nineteenth lunar mansion.

মান্তৰ ā-srava, as, m. (fr. rt. sru with prep. ā), the foam on boiling rice; flowing, running, discharge; distress, pain, affliction; (with Jainas) that which directs the embodied spirit towards eternal objects, (viz. the occupation or employment of the senses or organs on sensible objects; or the association or connection of body with right and wrong deeds.)

A-srāva, as, m. flow, issue, running, discharge; pain, affliction; a disease of the body. — Asrāva-bheshaja, am, n., Ved. a medicament, medicine.

bheshaja, am, n., Ved. a medicament, medicine, Asravin, i, ini, i, flowing, emitting fluid, discharging humor; an epithet of the elephant (a fluid issuing from its temples during the ruttiog-time).

आस्त ā-srasta, as, ā, am, fallen off, loose.

आखद ā-svad or -svād, cl. I. A. -svadate or -svādate, -ditum, to taste, eat.

Ā-svāda, as, ā, am, tasting, eating; (as), m. tasting, enjoying, eating; flavour. — Āsvāda-vat, ān, atī, at, having a good taste, palatable; delicious in flavour.

A-svādaka, as, ikā, am, tasting, enjoying. A-svādana, am, n. tasting, enjoying, eating. A-svādita, as, ā, am, tasted, enjoyed, possessed; ten. A-svādya, as, ā, am, to be tasted or enjoyed, to be eaten; having a good taste, palatable, delicious.

— Āsvādya-toya, as, ā, am, having sweet or palatable water.

चासन् ā-svan, cl. I. P. -svanati, -nitum, to sound.

Ā-svanita or ā-svānta, as, ā, am, sounded.

साह 1. āha, ind. (an interjection implying reproof, severity, command, casting, sending) Ah l Aha l &c.

आह 2. āha. See rt. 3. ah.

आह्न āhaka, as, m. a peculiar disease of the nose, inflammation of the Schneiderian membrane.

आहद्भार्य āhankārya, am, n. (fr. ahan-kāra), conceitedness.

भाहन् ā-han, cl. 2. P. A. -hanti, -hate, -hantum, to strike at, hit, beat, kill; commit slaughter.

Ā-hata, as, ā, am, struck, beaten; injured, killed; multiplied; known, understood; uttered falsely; (as), m. a drum; (am), n. old cloth or raiment; new cloth or clothes; assertion of an impossibility. — Āhata-lakshaya, as, ā, am, noted for good qualities.

A-hati, is, f. hitting, striking, a blow, a hit; killing.

A-hanana, am, n. the act of striking at, beating; killing of an animal.

Ahananya, as, ā, am, Vcd. making one's self known by beating (a drum &c.).

भाहनस ähanas, ās, ās, as (fr. rt. han?), Ved. swelling, tumid, crammed full; fat, luxuriant, lascivious; (Sāy.) to be beaten or pressed out (as Soma).

Āhanasya, am, n., Ved. luxuriancy, lasciviousness; (ās), f. pl. verses (rićas) of a lascivious character.

—Āhanasya-vādin, ī, inī, i, Ved. uttering lascivious words.

आहलक् āhalak, ind., Ved. a smacking

साह्य, साह्यन, साद्ध, &c. See under ā-hu and ā-hve.

जाहिक āhika, as, m. (fr. ahi), the descending node; an epithet of the grammarian Pāṇini.

साहिकम् āhikam, a particle = ā hi kam(?).

साहित्य ā-hiṇḍ, cl. 1. A. -hiṇḍate, -ditum, to roam about.

साहि विडक ahindika, as, m. a man of mixed origin, the son of a Nishāda father and a Vaidehī mother, employed as a watchman on the outside of gaols &c.

TIFER ā-hita, as, ā, am (fr. rt. dhā with prep. ā), placed, deposited; entertained, felt; comprising, containing; performed, done. — Āhita-klama, as, ā, am, exhausted. — Āhita-lakshaṇa, as, ā, am, noted or known for good qualities; [cf. āhata-lakshaṇa.] — Āhita-syatha, as, ā, am, pained, grieved. — Āhita-svana, as, ā, am, uttering or making a sound, noisy. — Āhitāgmi ('ta-ag'), is, is, i, one who has placed the sacred fire upon the altar, a sacrificer; a Brāhman who has kept alive a sacred fire perpetually in a family &c. — Āhitānka ('ta-an'), as, ā, am, marked, spotted, stained.

A-hiti, is, f., Ved. placing on; anything placed on. आहि तुरिश्चक ähitundika or ahitundika, as, m. (fr. ahi-tunda), a snake-catcher, a juggler.

चाहीरिणन् āhīraņin, ī, m. a two-headed snake.

সাম্ভ ā-hu, cl. 3. P. A. -juhote, -juhute, -ho-tum, to sacrifice, to offer an oblation, to worship.

1. ā-hava, as, m. sacrificing, sacrifice. (For 2. ā-hava see under ā-hve.)