is, is, i, looking upwards, of high views, aspiring. - Urdhva-deva, as, m. 2 superior deity; an epithet of Vishnu. - Urdhva-deha, am, n. (' the body gone above'), a funeral ceremony. - Urdhva-nabhas, ās, ās, as, Ved. being above in the clouds. - Urdhvandama, as, ā, am, going upwards, erected, exalted, elevated; (perhaps a wrong reading for *urdhvan-*gama.) - Urdhva-patha, as, m. the upper region, the ether. - Urdhva-pātana, am, n. causing to ascend, sublimation. - Urdhva-pātra, am, n. 2 sacrificial vessel. - Urdhva-pāda, as, ā, am, heels upwards; (as), m. a fabulous animal with eight legs; see sarabha. - Urdhva-pundra or urdhva-pundraka, am, n. a perpendicular line on the forehead of a Brähman made with sandal &c., a Vaishnava mark. - Urdhva-pūram, ind. full to the brim, full to overflowing. - Urdhva-prišni, is, is, i, Ved. spotted above. - Urdhva-barhis, is, is, is, Ved. being over the sacrificial grass. - Urdhva-bāla, as, ā, am, having the hair crect. - Urdhva-bahu, us, us, u, having the arms raised; (us), m. a devotee who holds his arms above his head constantly till they are fixed in that position ; N. of one of the seven Rishis of the fifth Manvantara; one of the seven Rishis of the south; one of the seven sons of Vasishtha. - Urdhva-budhna, as, ā, am, Ved. bottom upwards, upside down. - Urdhva-brihati, f., N. of a metre. - Urdhva-bhāga, as, m. the upper part; any part of a word coming after another part. - Urdhva-bhāj, k, k, k, partaking of the upper part; a N. of Bada-vägni or submarine fire. – Urdhva-manthin, living io perpetual chastity; see ūrdhra-retas. - Urdhramana, am, n. an instrument for measuring altitudes. - Urdhva-mäyu, us, us, u, giving forth a lond noise. - Urdhva-māruta, am, n. pressure of the wind (of the body) upwards. - Urdhva-mukha, as, i, am, having the mouth or opening turned upwards. - Urdhra-mauhūrtika, as, ī, am, happening after a short time.- Urdhva-rekhā-savala, as, ā, am, variegated with lines above. - Urdhva-retas, ās, ās, as, ' having the semen above,' abstaining from sexual intercourse, one who lives in perpetual chastity; a N. of Siva, also of Bhīshma. - Ūrdhva-roman, ā, ā, a, having the hairs of the body erect ; N. of a mountain. - Urdhva-linga, as, m., N. of Siva. - Urdhvaloka, as, m. the upper world, the world above, heaven. - Urdhva-vartman, a, m. the atmosphere, heaven. - Urdhva-vāta, as, m. or ürdhva-väyu, us, m. the wind in the upper part of the body. - Urdhva-vrita, as, ā, am, put on above, put on over the head or shoulder (as the sacred thread of the Brähman). - Urdhva-sāyin, ī, inī, i, sleeping upright; epithet of Siva. - Urdhva-sodhana, am, n. 'purifying upwards,' i. e. vomiting. - Urdhva-sosham, ind. so as to dry (anything) above. - Urdhvaśvāsa, as, m. expiration. - Urdhva-sānu, us, us, u, Ved. carrying the neck high, with lofty or uplifted neck; (Sāy.) rising higher and higher. - Urdhvastha, as, ā, am, being above, superior, situated on high. - Urdhva-sthita, as, ā, am, being or standing above. - Urdhva-sthiti, is, f. the rearing of a horse; a horse's back, the part where the rider sits; elevation, superiority. - Urdhva-srotas, ās, ās, as, N. of a creation of beings whose stream of life or current of nutriment tends upwards. - Urdhvänguli (°vaan°), is, is, i, with raised finger. - Urdhvāmnāyasamhitā ("va-ām"), f. the doctrines of a particular Vaishnava sect. – Urdhvāyana ("va-ay"), ās, m. pl., N. of a caste in Plaksha-dvīpa. – Urdhvāvarta ("va $a\bar{v}^{\circ}$), as, m. rearing of a horse. – $\bar{U}rdhv\bar{a}sita$ (°va- $a\bar{s}^{\circ}$), as, m. the plant Momordica Charantia. - Urdhreha (°va-iha), as, m. motion or tendency upwards.

Ordhraka as, m. 2 kind of drum.

Urdhvasāna, as, ā, am, Ved. rising, erecting one's self.

Urdhvi-kri, cl. 5. 8. P. A. -krinoti, -nute, -karoti, -kurute, -kartum, to raise aloft, to elevate.

THE *ūrmi*, *is*, m. f. (fr. rt. *vri*), a wave ; a current, the flowing of water ; human infirmity (as

grief, illusion, hunger, thirst, decay, death); speed, velocity; a fold or plait in a garment; a line, a row; manifestation, light; mental suffering, distress, uneasiness, pain; missing, regretting; association, number, quantity; [cf. Lith. wilni-s; Old Germ. wella; Mod. Germ. Welle; Eng. well.] – Urmi-mat, ān, ati, at, wavy, undulating, billowy; crooked; plaited, curled (as hair). – Urmimat-tā, f. undulation; crookedness. – Urmimālin, ī, inī, i, wreathed with waves, damad with waves, (i).

adorned with waves; $(\bar{\imath})$, m. the ocean. $Urmik\bar{a}$, f. 2 wave; a plait or fold in a garment; a finger ring; regret, sorrowing for anything lost; the buzzing of a bee.

Urmin, i, inī, i, Ved. having waves, undulating. Urmilā, f., N. of a daughter of Janaka and wife of Lakshmana, mother of Gandharvi Somadā.

 $\overline{U}rmya, as, \overline{a}, am, Ved.$ undulating, having waves, agitated; (\overline{a}) , f. night.

जर्मे 1. $\bar{u}rva$, as, m. (fr. rt. vri), Ved. a receptacle (for water), a reservoir; a cloud; an enclosed place, a stable for cattle; a prison, captivity (?); an epithet of the Pitris or manes of deceased ancestors. Urrug, as, \bar{a} , am, Ved. being in reservoirs, lakes, &cc.

जेर्च 2. $\bar{u}rva$, as, m. (fr. $\bar{u}ru^2$), N. of a saint from whose thighs sprang Aurva, a fiery being received by the ocean; the submarine fire; N. of a prince.

जयेरा *ūrvarā*, f. fertile soil, land bearing any and every crop. See urvarā.

जर्वेशी urvasi, f., N. of an Apsaras. See urvasi.

जवेषीय ürv-ashthiva. See under üru.

जबी urvi. See under uru.

जयेङ्ग *ūrvyanga*, am, n. (said to be fr. *ūrvī = urvī*, 'earth,' and anga), a mushroom.

जमें। *ūrshā*, f. a kind of grass, Andropogon Serratum.

जलुपिन् *ūlupin*, *ī*, m. a porpoise. See ulupin.

जलन uluka, as, m. an owl. See uluka.

जनट uvața, a various reading for uvața and uata, q. v.

जन्म *ūvadhya* or *ūbadhya*, am, n., Ved. undigested grass &c. in the stomach (of an animal).

जिष् üsh, cl. 1. P. üshati, -shitum, to be diseased or disordered, to be sick or ill.

TH *ūsha*, *as*, m. (fr. rt. 1. *ush* or fr. *ūsh* above?), salt ground, soil impregnated with saline particles; a cleft, a bole; the cavity of the car; dawn, daybreak (in the latter sense neut. according to some); the mountain Malaya; (*i*), f. soil impregnated with saline particles or not fertile. – *Usha-puta, am, n.* particles of salt wrapped up in paper. – *Usha-vat, ān, atī, al,* consisting of saline soil.

Ushaka, am, n. salt, pepper ; dawn, day-break.

Ushana, am, n. black pepper; (\bar{a}) , f. long pepper. $Ushara, as, \bar{a}, am$, impregnated with salt; (am), n. a barren spot with saline soil. – Ushara-ja, am, p. salt produced from salt soil; a kind of magnet.

जमा üshā, f., N. of the wife of Aniruddha. See ushas, &c.

SAUT $\bar{u}shman$, \bar{a} , m. (fr. rt. 1. ush), heat, steam, vapour, exhalation; ardonr, passion, violence; the hot season; (in gram.) the sounds δ , δh , s, h; shk, shp, am, ah, and more especially the first four of these sounds. – Ushma-pa, as, \bar{a} , am, imbibing the steam of hot food; ($\bar{a}s$), m. pl. a class of manes or deceased ancestors; (as), m. fire. – Ushma-para, as, \bar{a} , am, followed by an Ushman. – Ushma-parakriti, is, is, i, produced from an Ushman. – Ushma-vard, \bar{an} , $at\bar{i}$, at, hot, steaming. – Ushmata (ma-am³), as, \bar{a} , am, ending in an Ushman. – Ushmatata ("ma-am³), $\bar{a}s$, m. pl. the sounds called Ushman and

च्चन्रस rik-chas.

the semivowels. – Ushmopagama (°ma-up°), as, m. the approach of the heat.

Ushmana or üshmanya, as, ä, am, Ved. steaming. Ushmäya, nom. A. üshmäyate, -yitum, to emit heat or steam, to steam, perspire.

TRE 1. $\bar{u}h$, cl. 1. P. (with prep. also A.) $\bar{u}hati$, -te, auhit, $\bar{u}hitum$, to change, modify; (with prep.) to push, thrust, move, remove, tonch lightly. (This root is connected with rt, vah; and it is often difficult to decide to which of these two roots forms like 1. $\bar{u}dha$, p. 177, are to be assigned.)

1. ūha, as, m. change, modification. - Ūha-gānā, am, n. or ūha-gīti, is, f., N. of the third Gāna or song book of the Sāma-veda.

Uhani, f. a broom.

Uhya-gāna, am, n., N. of the fourth Gāna or song book of the Sāma-veda.

2. üh, cl. 1. P. A. ühati, -te (Ved. ohate), ühe and ühän-cakre, ühishyate, auhishta, ühitum, to observe, mark, note, attend to (with acc.): to reckon on (with loc.); to wait for; to comprehend, conceive, conjecture, suppose, infer, reason, deliberate about; to be regarded as: Cans. ühayati, -yitum, aor. aujihat, to cause to think, reason, infer, or conjecture; to attend to (?); to do, accomplish (?): Desid, üjihishate; [cf. flib. uige; Lat. äugeo; Goth. auka; Hib.ugtar, augmentation.']

2. ūdha, as, ā, am, observed, inferred, &cc.

2. ūha, as, m. deliberation, examination; reasoning; understanding; completing a defective sentence or verse, supplying an ellipsis; [cf. Hib. uga, 'choice, election.']

Uhana, am, n. reasoning, inferring, concluding.

Uhin, \bar{i} , $in\bar{i}$, i, who or what reasons; who or what assembles, infers, or conjectures; $(in\bar{i})$, f, an assemblage, a collection; arrangement, a multitude reduced to order; [cf. akshauhin \bar{i} .]

Uhya, as, ā, am, inferrible, to be investigated, requiring to be supplied, elliptical.

ऋ

= 1. ri, the seventh vowel of the Sanskrit alphabet and peculiar to it, resembling the sound of ri in merrily. - Ri-kāra, as, m. the letter or sound ri.

= 2. ri, ind. an interjection of abuse, laughter; a sound inarticulate or reiterated as in stammening.

1 3. ri, ā, f. a N. of Aditi.

4. ri, cl. 1. 9. (Ved. also 3. 4. 5. P.) rićchati, riņāti (Ved. iyarti, āryate, rinoti or rinvati), āra or arān-ćakāra, arishyati or arishyati (?), ārat, artum, arttum or aritum (?), (Ved. 3rd pl. impf. ranta), to rise, tend upwards ; to go, move; to meet with, fall upon or into, reach, obtain; to fall to one's share (with acc.); to move, excite, raise, raise (in singing, e.g. vāćam iyarti, he raises his voice; stoman iyarti, he sings hymns); to display; to injure, hurt: Caus. arpayati, -yilum, to throw, cast ; to put, place, insert, fix, fasten ; to direct towards, cast upon; to pierce; to place on, apply; to offer, give, give up, surrender; to give back, restore: Intens. Ved. 2nd pers. alarshi, 3rd pers. alarti, to move, come; strive, make effort, exert one's strength : Intens. Class. araryate, to wander about; to run or fly towards: Desid. aririshati; [cf. Goth. airus, ' a messenger ;' Hib. ria or rather do ria, 'he will come or arrive;' ria, 'running, speed;' riach, 'he came;' riachtaim, 'I arrive;' ar, 'guiding, conducting.' With the Caus. have been compared Old Germ. arbjan, 'to inherit;' ki-erpit, 'possession;' Goth. arbi, Them. arbja, 'inheritance :' cf. also Lat. aro ; Goth. arja ; Old Germ. erru; Lith. ard; Lith. orjd; Gr. alpo; Hib. ar, 'slaughter, destruction, plague, the slain in fight; aor, 'a satire, a course.']

भूक्रस rik-chas. See under 2. rić.