resemblance, similarity; objection or reply in argument; emulation, rivalry, object of emulation; the jeweller's weight, the Retti; (as, a), m. f. the end of the lower garment which, after the cloth is carried round the body, is brought up behind and tucked into the waistband; a border, lace; the scale or basin of a balance; (am), n. a star, a constellation (perhaps a wrong reading for riksha); (as), m. pl., N. of a people. - Kaksha-dhara, am, n. the part of the body where the upper arm is connected with the shoulder, the shoulder-joint. - Kaksha-pa, as, m. one of the nine treasures of Kuvera; [cf. kacchapa.] -Kaksha-puta, as, m. the armpit; title of a work on magic, - Kaksha-ruhā, f. a fragrant grass, Cyperus. - Kaksha-śāya, as, m. a dog; [cf. kankaśāya.] - Kaksha-sena, as, m., N. of a Rājarshi. - Kaksha-stha, as, a, am, situated on the side, seated on the hip or flank. - Kakshādhyāya (°sha-adh°), as, m., N. of a part of a commentary by Bhūdhara on the Sūrya-siddhānta. - Kakshāntara (°sha-an°), am, n. the inner or private apartment, - Kakshā-paļa, as, m. a cloth passed between the legs to cover the privities. - Kakshāpuți, is, m., N. of a physician; (wrong reading for kākshapuți?). – Kakshāvekshaka, as, m. (kakshā + avekshaka fr. rt. iksh with ava), a guard of the inner or queen's apartments; keeper of a royal garden; a door-keeper; a poet; a debauchee; a player, a painter; warmth of feeling, strength of sentiment. - Kakshī-krita, as, ā, am, assented, promised, (touching the armpit with the hand was perhaps a manner of affirming anything; cf. urasi kri under uras.) - Kakshotthā ('sha-ut'), f. a fragrant grass, Cyperus.

Kakshaka, as, m., N. of a Naga. Kakshatu, us, m., N. of a plant.

Kakshāya, nom. A. kakshāyate, -yitum, to wait for any one in a hidden place, lie in ambush; to

intend anything wicked.

Kakshivat, an, m. (fr. kakshyā), N. of a renowned Rishi, sometimes called Pajnya; he is the author of several hymns of the Rig-veda, and is described in legends as a son of Uśij and Dirgha-tamas; (antas), m. pl. the family or the descendants of Kakshivat.

Kaksheyu, us, m., N. of a son of Randrasva and

Ghritāćī.

Kakshya, as, ā, am, Ved. consisting of shrubs or dry grass; secret; (Sāy.) filling the girth, as a well-fed horse; (a), f. the girth of an elephant or horse, consisting of rope or leather; a woman's girdle or zone; metaphorically the fingers (encircling the Soma cup); an upper garment, the border or lace of one; the enclosure of an edifice, i. e. either the wall &c. so enclosing it, or the court or chamber constituting the enclosure, the inner apartment of a palace; similarity; effort, exertion; a shrub yielding the black and red berry that serves as a jeweller's weight, the Retti or Gunja, Abrus Precatorius; (am), n. the cup or receptacle of a balance; a part of a carriage. - Kakshyapra, as, ā, am, Ved. filling the girth (as a well-fed horse). - Kakshyā-vat, ān, atī, at, furnished with girth. - Kakshyāvekshaka, as, m. = kakshāvekshaka, q.v. - Kakshyā-stotra, am, n., N. of a hymn by Divākara-vatsa.

kakh, cl. 1. P. kakhati, -khitum, to laugh, laugh at or deride: Caus. P. kakhayati, -yitum, to cause to laugh; [cf. Lat. cachinnare; Gr. καχάζω, καγχάζω.]

of a large building; (a wrong reading for kakshyā.)

क्रा kag, cl. 1. P. kagati, -gitum, to act, perform.

kank, cl. 1. A. kankate, -kitum, to go; [cf. Hib. clehet, 'walking;' ciocair, 'a way, a road.' Lith. kankû; ifs-kankû, 'to come to.']

a kind of mango; an epithet of Yama; N. of a king; a Viishni; a son of Ugra-sena, a son of Sura;

pl., N. of a people; a title of Yudhishthira (from his assuming the disguise of a Brahman before king Virāṭa); a false or pretended Brāhman; a man of the second or military tribe (perhaps a man of that caste pretending to be a Brahman); one of the eighteen divisions of the continent; the brother of Kansa; (ā), f. a sort of sandal; scent of the lotus; N. of a daughter of Ugra-sena and sister of Kanka.

- Kanka-cit, t, t, Ved. collected into a heap resembling a heron. - Kanka-tunda, as, m., N. of a Rakshas. - Kanka-trota, as, or kanka-troti, is, m. a kind of fish, commonly kānkilā; Esox Kankila. - Kanka-pattra, am, n. a heron's feather fixed on an arrow; (as, a, am), furnished with the feathers of a heron; (as), m. an arrow furnished with heron's feathers. - Kankapattrin, i, ini, i, furnished with heron's feathers. - Kanka-parvan, ā, m., N. of a serpent. - Kanka-mālā, f. a kind of musical instrument; beating time by clapping the hands. - Kankamukha, as, ī, am, shaped like a heron's month; (as, am), m. n. a pair of tongs, a sort of forceps. - Kanka-satru, us, m. the plant Desmodium Gangeticum. - Kanka-śāya, as, m. a dog (sleeping like a heron).

कद्भर kankaṭa or kankaṭaka, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. kank), mail, defensive armour; an iron hook to goad an elephant.

कद्वररी kankateri, f. turmeric.

The stankana, as, am, m. n. (said to be fr. rt. kai), a bracelet, an omament of the wrist (used also as a weapon); a string or ribbon tied round the wrist; an ornament round the foot of an elephant; any omament or trinket; a crest; (i), f. a small bell or tinkling ornament; an omament furnished with bells: see kinkini; [cf. Lith. kankala-s.] - Kankana-pura, am, n., N. of a town, called from Kankana-puraha. - Kankana-priya, as, m., N. of a servant of Siva. - Kankana-bhūshana, as, ā, am, adomed with tinkling omaments. - Kankana-varsha, as, m., N. of an alchimist; epithet of the king Kshemagupta.

Kankanin, ī, inī, i, ornamented with a bracelet. Kankanīkā, f. an ornament furnished with bells;

a string tied round the wrist.

πg; π kankata, as, ī, am, m. f. n. or kankatikā, f. a comb, a hair-comb; (as), m. a tree; (according to Sāy.) a poisonous animal, a slightly venomous reptile (mentioned in a verse of Rig-veda I. 191, used as a mystical spell against poison).

Kankatīya, ās, m. pl., N. of a family.

n. buttermilk mixed with water; a high number, = 100 niyutas.

कद्भरोल kankarola, as, m. the plant Alangium Hexapetalum. See nikoćaka.

कड्रालीड्य kankalodya, am, n. a kind of dmg,=alkalodya.

π τισ kankāla, as, am, m. n. a skeleton; [cf. Mod. Gr. κώκαλον.] — Kankāla-ketu, us, m., N. of a Dānava. — Kankāla-bhairava-tantra, am, n., N. of a Tantra. — Kankālamālin, ī, m. an epithet of Siva, whose necklace is formed of bones.

कहालय kankālaya or kalkālaya, as, m., N. of an author.

of Ugra-sena and brother of Kansa.

described as of two colours, one of a silvery and one of a gold colour, or one of a light and one of a dark yellow.

कद्भाप kankūsha, (?) Atharva-veda IX. 8, 2. कद्भेर kankeru, us, m. a kind of crow.

করল kankella, as, m. the tree Jonesia Aśoka; a kind of pot-herb, Chenopodium Esculentum. Kankelli, is, m. Jonesia Aśoka.

कद्वील kankola, as, m.a king of the Nāgas; N. of the author of a hymn called Gaṇapatyārādhana.

কন্ত kankha, am, n. enjoyment, fruition; (perhaps a combination of ka and kha.)

Angu, us, f. or kangunī, f. a kind of Panic seed, Panicum Italicum; several varieties of it are cultivated and form articles of food for the poor.

- Kangunī-pattrā, f. a kind of grass, = panyāndhā.

कङ्गुल kangula, as, m. the hand; [cf. anguli.]

kać, cl. I. A. kaćate, ćakaće, kaćitum, to bind; to shine; P. kaćati, to sound, cry; [cf. kańć; cf. also Hib. cacht, 'a strait,

a narrow place; bonds, fetters.']

Kaća, as, m. the hair (especially of the head); a cicatrix, a dry or healed sore, a scar; a binding, band; the hem of a garment; a cloud; N. of a son of Bṛihaspati; N. of a place; (ā), f. a female elephant; beauty, brilliancy; [cf. a-kaća, ut-kaća, &c.] – Kaća-pa, as, m. 'cloud-drinker,' grass; a leaf; (am), n. a vessel for vegetables; a leaf of a vegetable (?). – Kaća-paksha ot kaća-pāśa, as, m. thick or ornamented hair. – Kaća-māla, as, m. smoke; (perhaps a wrong reading for khatamāla?). – Kaća-ripu-phalā, f., N. of a tree; see śamī. – Kaća-hasta, as, m. thick or ornamented hair, a beautiful head of hair. – Kaćā-kaći, ind. hair against hair, pulling each other's hair. – Kaćā-čtta ('ča-ać'), as, ā, am, having long or dishevelled hair. – Kaćāmoda ('ča-ām'), am, n. a fragrant ointment for the hair.

कच्छन kaćangana, am, n. a free market, a place of sale paying no duty or custom; [cf. karān-gaṇa, angaṇa, and angana.]

कच्छल kaéangala, am, n. the ocean; N. of a region.

wicked; intolerable, difficult to be borne; difficult to be attained; (us), m. a snake.

कचाटुर kaćāļura, as, m. a gallinule. See

कचु kaću, us, f. an esculent root, Arum Colocasia and other kinds, many of which are cultivated for food. See kaćvi.

कचेल kaéela, am, n. a string or cover containing and keeping together the leaves of a manuscript; (perhaps a various reading for kāéana.)

कचर kaććata, am, n. an aquatic plant, = jalaptppali.

**ABL** kaććara (kad-ćara,) as, ā, am, dirty, foul; spoiled, spoiled by dirt; vile, wicked, bad; (am), n. buttermilk diluted with water; [cf. kan-kara, kaṭwa, &c.]

कचिद्र kać-cid(=kad-cid). Seeunder 2. kad.

\*\*med kaććha, as, am, m. n. (in the first sense a Prākrit form for kahsha; cf. haććhaṭikā), the hem or end of a lower garment tucked into the girdle or waistband; (according to some m. f. n. in the next senses, according to others only m.) a bank or any ground bordering on water, as the margin of a river, lake, tank, &cc.; a mound or causeway, watery soil, marshy ground, a marsh, a morass, low or flat land skirting mountains; N. of several places; (ās), m. pl. the people inhabiting them; (as), m. a part of a boat; a particular part of a tortoise; a tree, the timber of which is used for making furniture &cc., Cedrela Toona or common Tūn; another tree, Hibiscus Populneoides; (ā), f. a cricket; the plant Lycopodium Imbricatum; see vārāhī. — Kačćha-