

कडितुल *kađitula*, as, m. a sword, a scimitar, a sacrificial knife; [cf. *kaśi-tala*.]

कट्ट *kadd*, cl. 1. P. *kaddati*, -*đitum*, to be hard, rough; to be harsh or severe.

करण *kan*, cl. 1. P. *kanati*, *čakāna*, *kanishyati*, *akanīt* or *akānīt*, *kaplum*, to become small; to sound, cry as in distress; to go or approach: Caus. *kāṇayati*, -*yitum*, zor. *atikānat* and *atākānat*, to sigh, sound; cl. 10. P. *kāṇayati*, -*yitum*, to wink; to close the eye with the lids or lashes.

Kanīta, am, n. crying out with pain.

करा *kana*, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. *kan*; according to others related to *kanā*, *kanishtha*, *kanīyā*, *kanyā*, in all of which the notion of smallness prevails), a grain, a single seed; a grain or particle of dust; flake (of snow); a drop of water; a spark of fire, the spark or facet of a gem; an ear of corn; an atom, a minute particle; small, minute; (ā), f. a kind of fly, commonly *kumīrāpokā*; long pepper; cummin seed; (ī), f. a drop, an atom; the plant *Premna Spinosa* or *Longifolia*; a kind of corn; see *kāṇīkā*. — *Kana-guggulu*, us, m. N. of a plant; [cf. *gandharāja*, *svarnakarpa*, and others.] — *Kana-jira*, as, m. a white kind of cummin seed. — *Kana-jiraka*, am, n. small cummin seed. — *Kana-bhaksha*, as, m. 'eating atoms or grains' (?), i.e. living on minute particles of food; a nickname of the philosopher *Kanāda*. — *Kana-bhakshaka*, as, m. a kind of bird; [cf. *bhāriṣa*, *syāmacata*, *saisīra*.] — *Kana-bhakshana*, am, n. the eating of grains. — *Kana-bhuj*, k, m. nickname of *Kanāda*; see *kana-bhaksha*. — *Kana-lābhā*, as, m. a whirlpool. — *Kana-sas*, ind. in small parts, in minute particles. — *Kanānna* ('*na-on*'), as, ā, am, one whose food consists of grains. — *Kanānna-tā*, f. the state of one who is made to feed on grains (of rice).

Kanīka, as, m. a grain, an ear of corn; the meal of parched wheat, the heart of wheat (commonly *sūji* or semoule); a small particle, as a crystal &c.; an enemy; N. of a purificatory ceremony, viz. whirling round lamps at sacrificial rites [cf. *nīrājana*]; N. of a minister of king *Dhṛīta-rāshṭra*; (ā), f. a drop, an atom, a small particle; small, minute; the plant *Premna Spinosa* or *Longifolia*; a kind of corn or rice.

Kanīsa, as, am, m. n. an ear or spike of corn.

Kanīshtha, as, ā, am [cf. *kanishtha*], the smallest, the most minute.

Kanīka, as, ā, am, small, diminutive.

Kanīyas, ān, asī, as, very small; young, younger; [cf. *kaniyas*.]

करणप *kanapa*, as, m. a kind of spear or lance; (various readings have *kanaya* and *kanaya*.)

करणम् *kanabha*, as, m. a kind of fly with a sting; [cf. *kanā*.]

करणटीन् *kanātina* or *kaṇātira* or *kaṇātiraka*, as, m. a wagtail.

करणाद् *kanāda*, as, m., N. of a celebrated sage, considered as the author of the *Vaiśeṣika* philosophy, a branch of the *Nyāya*. He is also called *Kāśyapa*, and considered as a *Devarshi*; the nicknames *kana-bhaksha* and *kana-bhuj* refer to the etymology of this name *kana-adā*, 'eating atoms or grains'; a goldsmith; [cf. *kalāda*.]

कणित *kanīta*. See under *kan*.

करीचि *kanīci*, is, and *kanīci*, f. a sound; a tree (*pallarin*); a creeper in flower; the plant *Abrus Precatorius*; a cart; [cf. *kanīci*.]

कराक्य *kanūkaya*, nom. P. (connected with rt. *kan*), Ved. to desire to utter words of blame or censure.

करो *kane*, ind. a particle expressing the satisfying of a desire. — *Kane-hatya*, ind. (rt. *han*),

satiating one's self (e. g. *kane-hatya payah pibati*, he drinks milk till he is sated.)

करेर *kanera*, as, m., N. of a tree, *Cascaria Ovala* [cf. *karṇikāra*]; (ā), f. a she-elephant; a courtezan.

Kaneru, us, m., N. of a tree; f. a she-elephant; a courtezan.

करार् *kanṭ*, cl. 1. P. *kanṭati*, -*đitum*, to go, to move.

कराटक *kanṭaka*, as, am, m. n. (fr. rt. *kanṭ?*), a thorn; anything pointed, the point of a pin or needle, a prickle, sting; a fish-bone; a finger-nail [cf. *kara-kanṭaka*]; the erection of the hair of the body in thrilling emotions, horripilation; any troublesome seditious person who is, as it were, a thorn to the state and an enemy of order and good government, a paltry foe (*kshudra-satru*); a sharp stinging pain, symptom of a disease; a vexing or injurious speech; any annoyance or source of vexation; a term in the *Nyāya* philosophy implying refutation of argument, detection of error, &c.; impediment, obstacle; the first, fourth, seventh, and tenth lunar mansion; (as), m., N. of a barber; N. of the horse of *Sākyamuni* (a wrong form for *kanṭhaka*); N. of an *Agrahāra*; (according to lexicographers also) a bamboo; a workshop, a manufactory; fault, defect; N. of Makara or the marine monster, the symbol of Kāma-deva; (ī), f. a species of *Solanum*. (*Kanṭaka* takes the form *kanta* at the beginning of some compounds and in *kanṭala*, *kanṭalu*, *kanīt*; cf. Gr. *κερνέω*, *κερ-τός*, *κέσ-τρον*). — *Kanṭaka-druma*, as, m. a tree with thorns, a thorn bush; the *Sālmali* or silk-cotton tree, *Bombax Heptaphyllum*. — *Kanṭaka-prāvṛitā*, f. the plant *Aloe Perfoliata*. — *Kanṭaka-phala*, as, m. the *Jaka* or bread-fruit tree, *Artocarpus Integrifolia*; another plant, *Ruellia Longifolia* (commonly called *Go-kshura*); the castor-oil tree; the *Datura*; the term is applicable to any plant the fruit of which is invested with hairy or thorny coat; [cf. *kanṭaki-phala*.] — *Kanṭaka-bhuj*, k, m. a camel ('eating thorns'). — *Kanṭaka-mardana*, as, ī, am, treading down thorns; suppressing disturbances, annoyances, &c.; (am), n. the act of beating or treading down thorns; suppressing disturbances &c.

— *Kanṭaka-yukta*, as, ā, am, having thorns, thorny. — *Kanṭaka-vrīntākī*, f. the plant *Solanum Jacquinii*, a species of nightshade with thorny leaves. — *Kanṭaka-śreū*, f. the *Solanum Jacquinii*; a porcupine. — *Kanṭaka-śthalī*, f., N. of a region. — *Kanṭakā-khyā* ('*ka-ākhyā*), as, m. the plant *Trapa Bispinosa*. — *Kanṭakāgāra* ('*ka-ag*'), as, m. a kind of lizard; a porcupine. — *Kanṭakāśana* ('*ka-as*'), as, m. the camel (eating thorns, thistles, &c.; cf. *kanṭaka-bhuj*). — *Kanṭakāśhīla* ('*ka-ash*'), as, m. a kind of fish, having many bones. — *Kanṭaki-kārī*, f., Ved. working in thorns. — *Kanṭaki-druma*, as, m. *Acacia Catechu*. — *Kanṭaki-phala* = *kanṭaki-phala*. — *Kanṭa-kurāṇa*, as, m. = *jhiṇī*, *Barleria Cristata*. — *Kanṭakoddharana* ('*ka-ud*'), am, n. weeding, extracting thorns &c.; removing annoyances; extirpating thieves, rogues, &c., or all national and public nuisances. — *Kanṭa-tanu*, us, f. a species of *Solanum*. — *Kanṭa-dalā*, f. the plant *Pandanus Odoratissimus*. — *Kanṭa-pattra*, as, m. the plant *Flacouria Sapida*. — *Kanṭapatra-phalā*, f., N. of a plant, = *brahmādā*. — *Kanṭa-pāḍa* = *kanṭa-pattra*. — *Kanṭa-phala*, as, m., N. of several plants, = *gokshura*; bread-fruit tree, *Datura Fastuosa*, = *latāharanī* = *tejākkhala* (?); *Ricinus Communis*; (ā), f. = *devadālīlatā*. — *Kanṭa-valli*, f. = *śivalī-vrik̄ha*. — *Kanṭa-vrik̄ha*, as, m. = *tejaphalavrik̄ha*. — *Kanṭa-phala*, as, m. = *kanta-phala*. — *Kanṭātagala* ('*ta-ār*'), f. the plant *Barleria Cærula*. — *Kanṭākhvaya* ('*ta-āh*'), am, n. the tuberous root of the lotus.

Kanṭakāra, as, m., N. of a plant; (ī), f., N. of several plants, *Solanum Jacquinii*; *Bombax Heptaphyllum*, the silk-cotton tree; *Flacouria Sapida*.

Kanṭakārīkā, f. *Solanum Jacquinii*; also the fruit of this plant.

Kanṭakāla, as, m. = *kanṭaka-phala*, q. v.

Kanṭakāluka, as, m. *Hedysarum Alhagi*.

Kanṭakita, as, ā, am, thorny; covered with erect hairs.

Kanṭakin, ī, *inī*, ī, thorny, prickly; vexatious, annoyng; (ī), m., N. of several thorny plants, *Acacia Catechu*; *Vanguiera Spinosa*; *Ruellia Longifolia*; *Zizyphus Jujuba*, bamboo; a fish; (ī), f., N. of several plants, *Solanum Jacquinii*, red amaranth.

— *Kanṭaki-ja*, as, ā, am, produced from a fish; produced by the Mimosa tree. — *Kanṭaki-phala*, as, m. the Indian bread-fruit tree or *Jaka*; see *kanṭaka-phala*. — *Kanṭaki-latā*, f. a gourd.

Kanṭakila, as, m. a thorny kind of bamboo, *Bambusa Spinosa*.

Kantala, as, m. the plant *Mimosa Arabica*; generally *Vāvala*, a tree yielding a species of Gum Arabic; the branches are prickly, whence the name.

Kantālu, us, m., N. of different plants; *Solanum Jacquinii*; another species of *Solanum*; a bamboo.

Kantīn, ī, m., N. of several plants, *Achyranthes Aspera*; *Acacia Catechu*; *Ruellia Longifolia*.

करार् *kanṭh*, cl. 1. P. A., 10. P. *kanṭhati*, -*te*, -*đitum*, *kanṭhayati*, -*yitum*, to mourn; to long for; [cf. *utkanṭh*; cf. also Gr. *πένθος*, *πέθος*; Lat. *patior*.]

करार् *kanṭha*, as, am, m. n. (said to be fr. rt. *kanṭ*), the throat, the neck (e. g. *ākantha-tripta*, filled up to the throat, quite sated); the voice (e. g. *sanna-kanṭhena*, with broken voice); sound, especially guttural sound; the neck (of a pitcher or other vessel); the opening of the womb; metaphorically a bud on a stalk; immediate proximity; the space of an inch from the edge of the hole in which sacrificial fire is deposited; the tree *Vanguiera Spinosa*; N. of a *Maharshi*; (ī), f. neck, throat; a rope or leather round the neck of a horse; a necklace, a collar; [cf. *adhar-kanṭha*, *ut-kanṭhā*; cf. also Lat. *collum*?]. — *Kanṭha-kubja*, as, m. a kind of fever. — *Kanṭha-kubja-pratikāra*, as, m. the cure of the preceding disease. — *Kanṭha-kūnikā*, f. the *Viñā* or Indian lute.

— *Kanṭha-ga*, as, ā, am, reaching or extending to the throat. — *Kanṭha-gata*, as, ā, am, being at or in the throat; approaching or reaching the throat.

— *Kanṭha-taṭa*, as, am, m. n. the side of the neck.

— *Kanṭha-talasiikā* ('*ta-as*?), f. the leather or rope passing round the neck of a horse. — *Kanṭha-daghna*, as, ī, am, reaching to the neck. — *Kanṭha-dhāna*, ī, m. pl. N. of a people. — *Kanṭha-nidaka*, as, m. *Falco Cheela*; a kite. — *Kanṭha-nilaka*, as, m. a torch, a whisp of lighted straw &c. (= *ulkā*, commonly *masāla*). — *Kanṭha-paṇḍita*, as, m., N. of an author; N. of a certain medical writer.

— *Kanṭha-lagna*, as, ā, am, fastened or suspended round the throat; clinging to, embracing. — *Kanṭha-latā*, f. a collar; a horse's halter. — *Kanṭha-vartin*, ī, *inī*, ī, being in the throat; [cf. *kanṭha-gata*.]

— *Kanṭha-sāluha*, am, n. a hard tumour in the throat. — *Kanṭha-suṇḍi*, f. swelling of the tonsils.

— *Kanṭha-sōsha*, as, m. drying the throat; fruitless expostulation. — *Kanṭha-sūry-upanishad*, t, f., N. of an Upanishad belonging to the Atharva-veda.

— *Kanṭha-sūjanya*, am, n. hanging on or round the throat. — *Kanṭha-sūtra*, am, n. a kind of embrace. — *Kanṭha-stha*, as, ā, am, sticking in the throat; being in or upon the throat; guttural; being in the mouth ready to be repeated by rote, learnt and ready to be recited. — *Kanṭha-gata* ('*tha-āg*'), as, ā, am, come to the throat (as the breath or soul of a dying person). — *Kanṭhāgnī* ('*tha-ag*'), is, m. a bird (digesting in the throat or gizzard). — *Kanṭhā-*