

कम्बु kamb, cl. 1. P. kambati, -bitum, to go, move; (a various reading for karb.)

कम्बुर kambara, as, ā, am, variegated, spotted; (as), m. variegated colour; [cf. karbura.]

कम्बुल kambala, as, am, m. n. (said to be fr. 2. kam), a woollen blanket or cloth; an upper cloth or garment of wool; (as), m. a dew-lap; a small worm or insect; a sort of deer; N. of a Nāga; N. of a man; (am), n. water; [cf. kamala.]
— Kambala-kāraka, as, m. a woollen cloth manufacturer. — **Kambala-śarāyaṇiya**, ās, m. pl. a nickname of a school of Cārāyaṇa. — **Kambala-dhā-eaka**, as, m. one who cleans woollen clothes.
— Kambala-barhisha, as, m., N. of a man.
— Kambala-vāhya, as, m. or **kambala-vāhyaka**, am, n. a kind of carriage covered with a coarse blanket or woollen cloth and drawn by oxen. (The more correct spelling seems to be **kambali-vāhya** and **kambali-vāhyaka**.) — **Kambala-hāra**, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of this man.
Kambalaka, as, am, m. n. a woollen cloth, a garment of wool.

Kambalin, ī, īnī, ī, covered with a woollen cloth or blanket. — **Kambali-vāhyaka**, am, n. a carriage so covered and drawn by oxen.

Kambaliya, as, ā, am, fit for woollen blankets.
Kambalya, am, n. 100 Palas of wool (so much being necessary for making a woollen blanket).

कम्बालायिन kambālayin, ī, m. a sort of kite.

कम्बि kambī, is, f. a ladle or spoon; a shoot, a branch or joint of a bamboo.

कम्बु kambu, us, u, m. n. a conch, a shell; a bivalve shell; a bracelet, a ring made of shells; (us), m. an elephant; the neck; a tube-shaped bone; a vein or tubular vessel of the body; a sort of Curcuma. — **Kambu-kāsh(hā)**, f. the tree Physalis Flexuosa. — **Kambu-grīva**, as, m., N. of a tortoise; (ā), f. a neck marked with three lines like a shell, and considered to be indicative of exalted fortune; a shell-shaped neck. — **Kambu-pushpi** and **kambu-mālīni**, f., N. of a plant. — **Kambu-ātāyin**, ī, m. the bird Falco Cheela.

Kambuka, as, m. a conch, a shell; a mean person; (ā), f. the tree Physalis Flexuosa; (am), n., N. of a town.

कम्बु kambū, ūs, ūs, u (said to be fr. 2. kam), stealing; (ūs), m. a thief, a plunderer; a bracelet.

कम्बुक kambūka, as, m., Ved. the husk of rice.

कम्बोज kamboja, ās, m. pl., N. of a country and its inhabitants; (as), m. the prince of this country; a shell; a kind of shell; a species of elephant; [cf. kambu and kamboja.]

कम्भारी kambhārī, f. = **gambhārī**, the plant Gmelina Arborea.

कम्भु kambhu, u, n. the fragrant root of Andropogon Muricatus.

कय kaya, a Vedic form for 2. ka, occurring only in the genitive case with *cid*; e.g. *kayasya cid*, of every one; (*ni shū nama atimatim kayasya cid*, bow well down the haughtiness of every one); [cf. Zend kaya; Armen. uī.]

कयस्था kayasthā, f. a medicinal plant, = *kakoli*; (probably a various reading for *vayasthā*: cf. *kāyasthā*.)

कया kayā, ind., Ved. (fr. 2. ka inst. fem.), in what manner?

कयाद् kayād, t, t, t (fr. kaya for kāya? and fr. at), Ved. consuming the body; (a various reading for *kravyād*.)

कयाधु kayādhu, ūs, f., N. of the wife of Hiranyakaśipu.

कय्य kayya, as, m., N. of a prince, founder of a sanctuary (*śrikayya-svāmīn*) and of a Vihāra (*kayya-vihāra*) called after him.

कय्यक kayyaka, as, m., N. of a man.

कर 1. kara, as, ā or ī, am (fr. rt. kri, to do; for 2. kara see p. 205), who or what does or makes or causes; causing, doing, making (especially at the end of compounds, e.g. *bhāyan-kara*, causing fear, frightful; *duhkha-kara*, causing pain; *vyāddhi-kara*, causing increase; *sampat-kara*, causing prosperity; *artha-karī vidyā*, a science productive of wealth &c.); (as), m. the hand ('the active one'); a measure, the breadth of twenty-four thumbs; an elephant's trunk; the act of doing, making, &c.; (at the end of several compounds with a passive sense, e.g. *ishat-kara* and *su-kara*, easy to be done; *duḥ-kara*, difficult to be done; *ishad-ādhyan-kara*, easy to be made rich); [cf. Lith. *kaire*, 'the left hand'.] — **Kara-kañṭhaka**, as, m. a finger-nail ('thorn of the hand'). — **Kara-kamala**, am, n. the hand, especially of a lover or a mistress &c. (lit. 'hand-lotus'; similar compounds are *kara-padma*, *kara-pankaja*, *kara-pallava*, &c.). — **Kara-karṇa**, as, m., N. of a man. — **Kara-kalāsa**, as, m. the hand hollowed to receive water. — **Kara-kisalaya**, as, am, m. n. a hand which is like a branch; the finger ('shoot of the hand'). — **Kara-kudmala**, am, n. the finger ('bud of the hand'). — **Kara-kosha**, as, m. the hand hollowed to receive water; [cf. *kara-kalāsa*.] — 1. **kara-graha**, as, m. (for 2. see under 2. kara, p. 205), taking the hand (of the bride in the marriage ceremony; one part of the ceremony of marriage is the placing of the right hand of the bride, with the palm uppermost, in the right hand of the bridegroom), marriage. — 1. **kara-grahana**, am, n. (for 2. see under 2. kara), taking the hand, marriage. — 1. **kara-grāhin**, ī, īnī, ī, taking the hand. — **Kara-gharshaṇa**, as, m. a churning-stick; (am), n. rubbing the hands together. — **Kara-gharshin**, ī, m. the churning-stick. — **Kara-gḥāta**, as, m. a kind of poisonous tree. — **Kara-śhāda**, as, m. the teak tree, *Trophis Aspera*; (ā), f. a tree, commonly called *sindūra-pushpi-eriksha*. — **Kara-ja**, as, ā, am, produced in or from the hand; (as), m. a finger-nail; N. of a timber tree, = *karaija* or *Pongamia Glabra*; (am), n. a perfume. — **vyāghranakha**, resembling a nail in appearance. — **Karaja-varadhana**, as, m., N. of a prince. — **Karajākhyā** ('ja-ākh'), as, m. a perfume, = *kara-ja*. — **Kara-jiyoti**, īs, m., N. of a tree, = *hasta-jiyoti*. — **Kara-tala**, as, m. the palm of the hand; **karatalī-kri**, to take in the palm of the hands. — **Karatala-gata**, as, ā, am, being in the hand or in one's possession. — **Karatala-dhrita**, as, ā, am, held in the hand. — **Karatala-siṭha**, as, ā, am, held in the hand, resting in the palm of the hand. — **Kara-tas**, ind. from the hand, out of the hand. — **Kara-tāla**, am, n. a musical instrument, a cymbal; (ī), f. beating time by clapping the hands. — **Karatāla**, am, n. a musical instrument, a cymbal. — **Karatāla-dhvani**, īs, m. the sound of cymbals. — **Kara-toyā**, f. the Karatoyā river in the north-east of Bengal, (at the wedding of Śiva and Pārvatī the water which had been poured into the hand of the former constituted, upon its being thrown on the ground, the source of this river.) — **Karatoyīnī**, f., N. of a river, perhaps the same as the preceding (?). — 1. **kara-da**, as, ā, am (for 2. see under 2. kara), one who gives his hand &c. — **Kara-dakṣha**, as, ā, am, handy, dexterous, ready. — **Kara-druma**, as, m., N. of a tree, = *kāraskara*. — **Kara-dhṛita**, as, ā, am, held or supported by the hand. — **Kara-nihāta**, as, ā, am, held in the hand. — **Karan-dhama**, as, m., N. of two princes. — **Karan-yasta-kapolāntam**, ind. the end of the cheek held in the hand. — **Karāvattra**, am, n. a saw; splashing water about while bathing, playing or gamboling in water; see *kara-pātra*. — **Karapattra**, am, n. a saw. — **Karapattra-vat**, ān, m. the palmyra tree,

(the leaves being compared to a saw.) — **Karapatrikā**, f. playing with water or in it, splashing it about &c.; [cf. *kara-pātra* and *kara-pātra*.] — **Kara-paryā**, as, m., N. of two plants, commonly called *bhīṇḍ-eriksha* and *raktairāṇḍa*. — **Kara-pallava**, as, m. a finger, the hand; conversation with the fingers. — **Kara-pātra**, am, n. splashing water about while bathing, throwing water about in sport; the hand hollowed so as to hold anything; [cf. *kara-pātra* and *karapatrikā*.] — **Kara-pāla**, as, m. a sword, a scimitar ('protecting the hand'). — **Karapālīkā**, f. a cudgel, a short club or wooden sword, a sword or one-edged knife. — **Kara-puṭa**, as, m. joining the palms of the hands in token of respect; the hands joined and hollowed to receive anything. — **Kara-prīṣṭha**, am, n. the back of the hand. — 1. **kara-prācya**, as, ā, am (for 2. see under 2. kara), to be held, to be taken hold of by the hand. — 1. **kara-prada**, as, ā, am, giving the hand &c. — **Kara-prāpta**, as, ā, am, held in the hand; obtained, secured. — **Karabāla** and **karavāla**, as, m. (corruptions of *kara-pāla*), a sword, a scimitar; a finger-nail. — **Karabālīkā**, f. a small sword; [cf. *karapālīkā*.] — **Kara-bhānjaka**, ās, m. pl., N. of a people; (a various reading has *kara-bhānjika*.) — **Kara-bhājana**, as, m., N. of a Brāhman. — **Kara-bhū**, īs, m. a finger-nail. — **Kara-bhūṣana**, am, n. a bracelet, an ornament worn round the wrist. — **Kara-marda**, as, ī, m. f. a small tree bearing an acid fruit, *Carissa Carandas*; (am), n. the fruit of this tree. — **Karamardaka**, as, m. the tree *Carissa Carandas*; see the preceding. — **Kara-mālā**, f. the hand used as a rosary, the joints of the fingers corresponding to the beads. — **Kara-mukta**, am, n. (scil. *astram*) a missile weapon thrown with the hand, a dart, a javelin, &c. — **Kara-ruddha**, as, ā, am, stopped by the hand, held tight or fast. — **Kara-ruha**, as, m. a finger-nail (growing from the hand). — **Karardhī** ('*ra-riddhī*'), īs, f. a cymbal; a small musical instrument used for marking time, (a castanet?); clapping the hands together for that purpose; [cf. *kara-tāla*.] — **Kara-vāraka**, as, m. an epithet of Skanda. — **Karavālīkā**, f. a small club; see *karabālīkā*. — **Kara-vīra**, as, m. a fragrant Oleander, *Nerium Odorum*; a species of Soma; a sword or scimitar; a particular magical formulary or spell for recovering or attracting back a missile weapon of mystic properties after its discharge; a cemetery, a place for burning or interring the dead; N. of a Nāga; of a Daitya; of a mountain; of a town on the river *Veṅvā*, founded by *Padma-varja*; of a town on the river *Dṛishadvatī*, the residence of *Candra-śekhara*; (ā), f. red arsenic; (ī), f. a woman who has borne a son, a mother; a good cow; N. of Aditi, the mother of the gods; (am), n. the flower of *Nerium Odorum*. — **Karavīra**, as, m. the poisonous root of the fragrant Oleander, a poison; the tree *Terminalia Arjuna*; a sword; N. of a Nāga. — **Kara-vīra-kanda-saijja**, as, m. a species of onion or bulb, = *taila-kanda*. — **Karavīra-pura**, am, n., N. of a town founded by *Padma-varna*. — **Karavīra-bhujā**, f. *Cajanus Indicus*. — **Kara-vīrya**, as, m., N. of a physician. — **Kara-sālkhā**, f. a finger. — **Kara-sīkhara**, as, m. water expelled by an elephant's trunk. — **Kara-sūka**, as, m. a finger-nail. — **Kara-sōtha**, as, m. oedematous swelling of the hands. — 1. **kara-sāda**, as, m. languor or weakness of the hands. — **Kara-sthālīn**, ī, m. an epithet of Śiva, who uses his hands as a vessel for holding food. — **Kara-svana**, as, m. sound produced by beating the hands together. — **Karāgra** ('*ra-ag*'), am, n. the tip of an elephant's trunk. — **Karāgra-pallava**, as, m. finger. — **Karāghāta** ('*ra-āgh*'), as, m. a thumb, a blow with the hand. — **Karā-marda**, as, m. the tree *Carissa Carandas*; [cf. *kara-marda*.] — **Karāmbuka** or **karāmlaka**, as, m., N. of the same tree. — **Karāroṭa**, as, m. a finger-ring; (fr. *kara* and ?). — **Karāpīta** ('*ra-ar*'), as, ā, am, taken in the hand. — **Karālamba** ('*ra-āl*'), as, m. the act of supporting with the hand, giving a helping hand;