क्केन्ध्रक्ण karkandhu-kuna.

by some as an irregular compound of karka and andhu), the jujube tree, Zizyphus Jujuba; a species of this tree with a larger fruit; (u), n. the fruit of this tree, or the uneatable fruits of a wild species; (us), f. the berry of this tree; (us), m., N. of a man. - Karkandhu-kuna, am, n. the fruit season of the Karkandhu tree. - Karkandhu-prastha, as, m., N. of a town. - Karkandhu-mati, f., N. of a woman (?). - Karkandhu-rohita, as, a, am, red like the berries of the jujube tree.

कक्र hos karka-phala. See under karka.

क्रें केर karkara, as, ā, am, hard, firm; (as), m. a bone; a hammer; a mirror [cf. karphara]; a strap of leather (?); N. of a Naga; (am), n. stone, limestone, especially the nodule found in Bengal under the name of Kankar; [cf. karkata, karkasa.] - Karkarāksha (°ra-ak°), as, m. a wagtail. - Karkarānga ('ra-an'), as, m. a kind of bird, a gallinule (?). - Karkarāndhuka ('ra-an'), as, m. a blind well, one of which the mouth is overgrown with grass &c. so as to be hidden; also read karkarāndhaka; see andha-kūpa.

क्केराइ karkarātu, us. m. a glance, a side-

ककरादक karkarāṭuka, as, m. the numidian crane.

Karkaretu, us, m. = the preceding; [cf. karatu,

कनेराल karkarāla, as, am, m. n. a curl, a

कर्कीर karkari, is or ī, f., Ved. a kind of musical instrument, a lute; (1), f. a water-jar.

Karkarīkā, f. a small water-jar. ककेरेंट karkareta, am, n. the hand curved as a claw for the purpose of grasping anything.

ककरि karkarețu. See karkarāţuka.

कक्षा karkasa, as, ā, am, hard, harsh, rough (opposed to komala, slakshna); intangible; violent, cruel; unfeeling, unmerciful; harsh, unkind, miserly; (as), m. a sword, a scymitar; N. of several plants, = kāmpilla = gundāroćanī (commonly called Sunda Rochani); a kind of cassia, Cassia or Senna Esculenta; a species of sugar-cane; (\tilde{a}) , f. a thorny plant, Tragia Involucrata; (i), f. the wild jujube; [cf. karkata, karkara.] - Karkasa-cchada, as, m. the plants Trophis Aspera and Trichosanthes Diœca; (a), f. the plant Luffa Acutangula. - Karkaśa-tva, am, n. hardness, harshness, rough manners. - Karkaśa-dala, as, m. the plant Trichosanthes Diœca; (a), f. another plant. - Karkasa-vākya, am, n. harsh or contumelious speech.

Karkasikā, f. wild jujube.

ककसार karka-sāra. See under karka.

ककार karkāru, us, u, m. n. a kind of gourd, Beninkasa Cerifera.

Karkāruka, as, m. the plant Convolvulus Paniculatus.

कि karki, is, m. the sign of the zodiac, Cancer; also read karkin, ī, m.

कर्काप्रस्य karki-prastha. See under karka.

कर्नान karketana or karketara, as, m. (?) a kind of gem or precious stone.

कार karkota, as, m. one of the principal serpents or Nāgas of Pātāla; (us), m. pl., N. of a people; (am), n. a poisonous fruit.

Karkotaka, as, m. several plants, Momordica Mixta; Ægle Marmelos; the sugar-cane; N. of a Năga or serpent; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl., N. of a barbarous tribe of low origin; (\bar{i}) , f., N. of a plant; $(k\bar{a})$, f. the plant Momordica Mixta. – Karkotaka-viska, am, n. the poison of Karkotaka.

कचर karćūra, as, m., N. of a plant, a kind | of Curcuma; (am), n. gold; an orpiment; [cf. karbura and karbūra.]

Karćūraka, as, m. the plant Curcuma Zerumbet; also read karbūraka.

का karj, cl. 1. P. karjati, -jitum, to pain or make uneasy.

so pierce, bore. See ā-karņ.

क्या karna, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. 1. krī), the ear, the handle or ear of a vessel; the helm or rudder of a ship; the plants Cassia Fistula and Calotropis Gigantea; (in prosody) a spondee, a foot of two long syllables; (in geometry) the hypothenuse of a triangle or the diagonal of a tetragon; N. of a renowned hero in the Maha-bharata, king of Anga and elder brother by the mother's side of the Pandu princes, being the son of the god Sūrya by Pritha or Kuntī, before her marriage with Pāndu. the censure of her relatives, Kuntī deserted the child and exposed it in the river, where it was found by a charioteer named Adhi-ratha and nurtured by his wife Rädhä; hence Karna is sometimes called Sūtaputra or Sūta-ja, sometimes Rādheya, though named by his foster-parents Vasu-shena); N. of a son of Viśvajit; (with Buddhists) a son of Mahā-sammata and king in Potala; N. of a king, father of Visokadeva; (as, a, am), Ved. eared, furnished with long ears; furnished with chaff (as grain). Karne, (in theatrical language) into the ear, in a low voice, aside; api karne, Ved. behind the ear or back, from behind, after [cf. api-karna]; karnam da, to give ear to, listen to; karnam a-gam, to come to one's ears, become known to. - Karna-kandu, us or u, us, m. f. painful itching of the ear. - Karnakīṭā, f. an insect or worm with many feet and of a reddish colour, Julus Cornifex; a small centipede; according to some karna-kīţī. - Karna-kubja, am, n., N. of an imaginary town. - Karna-kshveda, as, m. an affection of the ear, a roaring or constant noise in it. - Karna-kharika, as, m., N. of a Vaisya. - Karna-ga, as, a, am, touching the ear, hanging on it, next to the ear, extending to the ear. - Karna-gūtha, am, n. ear-wax; (as), m. or karna-gūthaka, as, m. hardening of the wax of the ear. - Karna-grihīta, as, ā, am, seized by the ear. - Karna-grihya, ind. seizing by the ear. - Karnagocara, as, a, am, perceptible to the ear, audible. - Karna-gräha, as, m. a helmsman. - Karnagrāha-vat, ān, atī, at, furnished with a helmsman (as a ship). - Karna-cchidra, am, n. the outer auditory passage; [cf. karna-puta, karna-randhra, &c.] - Karna-japa, as, m. 'ear-whisperer,' an informer. - Karna-jalūkā, f. an insect, Julus; a small centipede ; [cf. karņa-kīṭā.] - Karņa-jalaukā, f. or karņa-jalaukas, ās, f. the same. - Karņa-jāpa or karna-japa, as, m. whispering in the ear, talebearing, ealumniating. - Karna-jāha, am, n. the root of the ear. - Karna-jit, t, m. the conqueror of Karna,' an epithet of Arjuna; (Karna having taken the part of the Knnis, was killed by Arjuna in one of the great battles between them and the Pandus.) - Karna-tas, ind. away from the ear. - Karna-tāla, as, m. the flapping of an elephant's ears. - Karna-darpana, as, m. an ear-ring, an ornament for the ear. - Karna-dundubhi, is, f. a kind of worm (making a noise in the ear like a drum); see karņa-kīţā. - Karņa-deva, as, m., N. of a king. - Karna-dhāra, as, m. a helmsman, a pilot. - Karnadhāra-tā, f. the office of an helmsman. - Karņa-dhārinī, f. a female elephant. - Karna-nāda, as, m. ringing in the ear. - Karnanāsā, f. the ears and the nose. - Karnandu, us, f. a woman's ear-ring; see karnandu. - Karna-pa, as, m., N. of a man. - Karna-pattraka, as, m. the tragus, a part of the external ear. - Karnapatha, as, m. the compass or range of hearing; karnapatham ā-yā or upe (upa-i), to come within the range of the ear, to be heard. - Karna-para,

as, m. an ornament for the ear. - Karna-parampara, f. going from one ear to another. - Karnaparakrama, as, m. title of a work. - Karna-parvan, a, n. 'the Karna section,' title of the eighth book of the Maha-bharata. - Karna-paka, as, m. inflammation of the outer ear. - Karna-pāli, is, f. the lobe of the ear; the outer and curving edge of the ear; (i), f. an ornament of the ear, a garland or string of jewels pendent from it; N. of a river. - Karna-pāśa, as, m. a beautiful ear. - Karna-puta, am, n. the anditory passage of the ear. - Karna-pur, ūr, f. or karna-purī, f. the capital of Karna, i. e. Campā, the ancient N. of Bhagalpur. - Karna-pushpa, as, m., N. of a plant, = morața. - Karna-pūra, as, m. an ornament of flowers worn round the ears; an ear-ring; N. of several plants, blne lotus; Acacia Sirissa; Jonesia Aśoka; N. of the father of Kavićandra, anthor of the Alankara Kaustubha. - Karna-pūraka, as, m. the Kadamba tree, Nauclea Cadamba; N. of a servant. - Karnapūrana, am, n. the act of filling the ears (with cotton &c.); any substance used for that purpose; (as), m. = karna-pūra. - Karna-pratināha or karna-pratīnāha, as, m. a disease of the ear, soppression of its excretion or wax, which is supposed to have dissolved and pass by the nose and mouth. - Karna-prayāga, as, m., N. of the confluence of the river Ganga and Pindar. - Karna-prānta, as, m. the lobe of the ear. - Karna-prāvarana, as, ā, am, using the ears for a covering; (ās), m. pl., N. of a fabulous people. - Karna-phala, as, m. a sort of fish, Ophiocephalus Kurrawey. - Karna-bhūshana, am, n. or karna-bhūshā, f. an ear ornament. - Karna-madgura, as, m. a sort of sheat fish, Silurus Unitus. - Karna-mala, am, n. the excretion or wax of the ear. - Karna-mukura, as, m. an ear ornament; an ear-ring. - Karna-mukha, as, i, am, headed by Karna, having Karna as leader. - Karnamula, am, n. the root of the ear. - Karnamuliya, as, a, am, near the root of the ear. - Karna-moti. is, f. an epithet of Devi or Durga in one of her forms or incarnations (Camunda). - Karna-yoni, is, is, i, Ved. having the ear as a source or startingpoint, going forth from the ear, an epithet of an arrow, because in shooting the bow-string is drawn back to the ear. - Karna-randhra, as, am, m. n. the orifice or auditory passage of the ear; [cf. karnaććhidra, karna-puta, &c.] - Karna-roga, as, m. disease of the ear. - Karnaroga-pratishedha, as, m. cure of a disease of the ear. - Karnarogavijnāna, am, n. diagnosis of any disease of the ear. - Karna-latā, f. or karna-latikā, f. the lobe of the ear. - Karna-vansa, as, m. an elevated platform of bamboo. - Karna-vat, an, atī, at, having ears, long-eared; furnished with tendrils or hooks; having a helm. - Karņa-varjita, as, ā, am; earless; (as), m. a snake. - Karnavitka, as, a, am, furnished with ear-wax. - Karna-vidradhi, is, f. ulceration of the ear. - Karna-vivara, am, n. the auditory passage of the ear. - Karna-vish, t, f. ear-wax. - Karna-vedha, as, m. 'ear-piercing,' a religious ceremony performed to prevent a person from dying, if the birth of a third son be expected; piercing the ear to receive ear-rings. - Karna-vedhani or karnavedhanikā, f. an instrument for pierciog the ear of an elephant. - Karna-veshta, as, m. an ear-ring; N. of a prince. - Karna-veshtaka, as, m. the flaps of a cap protecting the ear; (as or am), m. n. (?) an ear-ring. - Karna-veshtana, am, n. an ear-ring. - Karna-śashkuli, f. the outer part of the ear, the exterior cartilaginous portion leading to the auditory passage. - Karna-sirisha, as, m. a Sirisha flower fastened to the ear as an ornament. - Karna-sula, as, am, m. n. ear-ache. - Karnasülin, i, ini, i, having ear-ache. - Karna-sobhana, am, n., Ved. an ear ornament. - Karna-śrava, as, ā, am, audible, lond. - Karna-śravas, ās, m., N. of a Brāhman. - Karna-śrut, t, m., N. of the author of several hymns of the Rig-veda. - Karna-samsrava or karna-srava or karna-srava, as, m. running of the ear, discharge of pus or ichorous matter from the ear.