undigested; (as), m. (scil. svara) a low or soft and inarticulate tone, as humming, buzzing, &cc.; the tree Shorea Robusta; (in poetry) time equal to four Mātras or instants; (ās), m. pl. a class of manes or deceased ancestors; (am), n. semen virile; the jujube, Zizyphus Jujuba; (for kalā see below, s. v.) - Kala-kantha, as, m. a pleasing tone or note; a low murmuring tone; having a sweet voice, N. of several birds, as of the Indian cuckoo; a dove, a pigeon; a goose. - Kala-kala, as, m. a confused noise, the murmuring or buz of a crowd; resin, pitch, the resinous exudation of the tree Shorea Robusta; an epithet of Siva; [cf. kaṭakaṭa, kaṭankata.] - Kalakala-vat, on, ati, at, causing humming or murmuring. - Kala-kīţa, as, m., N. of a Grāma. - Kala-kūjikā, f. a wanton, a lascivious woman. - Kala-kūţa, as, m., N. of a warrior-tribe and the country inhabited by it. - Kala-kūnikā, f. a wanton, a lascivious woman. - Kala-qhosha, as, m. the Kokila or Indian cuckoo. - Kalan-kasha, as, m. a lion; a musical instrument; see kara-tālī. - Kalan-kura, as, m. an eddy, a whirlpool. - Kalatā, f. or kala-tva, am, n. melody, music. - Kalatūlikā, f. a wauton or lascivious woman; [cf. kalakūnikā.] - Kala-dhūta, am, n. silver; (wrong reading for kala-dhauta?). - Kala-dhauta, am, n. gold and silver (sounding and shining); (as, am), m. n. a low or pleasing tone. - Kaladhauta-lipi, is, f. a streak of gold, illumination of a manuscript with gold. - Kala-dhvani, is, m. a low sweet tone; the Kokila or Indian cuckoo; the turtle-dove; a peacock. - Kala-nāda, as, m. a sort of goose; see kalahansa. - Kala-bhāshana, am, n. the prattle of childhood. - Kala-bhairava, as or am, m. or n. (?), N. of a deep ravine in the mountains between the rivers Tāpī and Narmadā. - Kala-rava, as, m. a low sweet tone; a dove; the Indian cuckoo; [cf. Lat. columba.] - Kala-vaćas, ās, ās, as, speaking sweetly, singing. - Kala-svana, as, a, am, having a charming voice (a bird). - Kala-svara, am, n. a low musical sound. - Kala-hansa, as, m. a kind of duck or goose; a gander; another bird, Gallinula Porphyria; a drake or (according to some) a teal; an excellent king; Brahma or the supreme spirit; N. of a metre consisting of four lines of thirteen syllables each. - Kalānunādin (°la-an°), ī, m. a sparrow; a bee, but particularly one of a very large kind; the Cataka bird. - Kalālāpa (°la-āl°), as, m. a sweet humming sound, discourse; a bee. - Kalottāla ('laut°), as, a, am, high, sharp.

Kalana, as, \bar{a} , am (at the end of compounds), causing, effecting; (as), m. a sort of cane; (\bar{a}) , f. doing, making, effecting; subjection, submission; emitting (?); $k\bar{a}la$ - $kalan\bar{a}$, fulfilling one's time, dying; (am), n. an embryo at the first stage after conception; a spot, a stain; an offence, fault, defect;

murmuring, sounding.

Kalita, as, ā, am, impelled, driven, bome onwards; held, laid hold of; attached, affixed, furnished, endowed with; gained, acquired; considered, known, understood; numbered, counted, reckoned; separated, divided; sounded indistinctly, buzzed, murmured.

কলেক kalaka, as, m. a kind of fish; a kind of prose.

केलद्ध kalanka, as, m. a spot, a mark; the rust of iron; a fault, defamation, abuse. — Kalanka-kara, as, ī, am, censorious, calumniating, defaming; spotting, staining. — Kalanka-kalā, ī. a digit of the moon in shadow. — Kalanka-maya, as, ī, am, spotted, stained; calumniated, defamed. — Kalanka-hrit, t, m. an epithet of Siva.

Kalankaya, nom. P. kalankayati, -yitum, to spot, defame,

Kalankita, as, ā, am, spotted, soiled, stained; calumniated, defamed.

Kalankin, ī, inī, i, soiled, stained; disgraced, reyiled, rusty.

কলে kalanja, as, m. an animal struck with a poisoned weapon; tobacco.

ে ৰূপত kalata, am, n. the thatch of a house; (other works read this kuṭala, q. v.)

कलत kalata, as, \bar{a} , am, = khalati, bald-headed.

कंद्र kalatru, am, n. (see kaḍatra), a wife; any female; the hip and loins; pudendum muliebre; a royal citadel, a strong hold or fastness; the seventh luuar mansion in astronomy. — Kalatra-vat, ān, atī, at, or kalatrin, ī, iṇī, i, having a wife, united to a wife.

कलनक kalantaka or kalandaka, as, m. a species of bird.

कलन्दन kalandana, as, m., N. of a man.

कलन्द्र kalandara, as, m. a man of a mixed caste, the son of a Leta (?) man and a Tivara woman.

कलन्दिका kalandikā, f. knowledge, intelligence, wisdom in general; (a various reading for kalindikā, q.v.)

कलन्धु kalandhu, us, m. a kind of vegetable; [cf. gholi.]

कलभ kalabha, as, m. (said to be fr. 3. kal), a young elephant; an elephant thirty years old; a young camel (perhaps also the young of other animals); the tree Datura Fastuosa [cf. dhustūra]; (3), f. a sort of Ricinus (éanèu), — Kalabha-vallabha, as, m., N. of a tree; [cf. pilu.]

कलम kalama, as, m. (said to be fr. 3. kal), nice, which is sown in May and June, and ripens in December or January; a white rice growing in deep water; a pen, a reed for writing with; a thief, a rogue; [cf. Gr. κάλαμος; Lat. calamus, culmus; and Arab.

कलञ्च kalamba, as, m. the stalk of a potherb; an arrow; the tree Nauclea Cadamba; (i), f. (according to a scholiast also m.), the pot-herb Convolvulus Repens; (am), n. Calumba root, Menispermum Calumba; [cf. kadamba.] kadamba.]

Calumba; [cf. kadamba, kadamba.]

Kalambaka, as, m., N. of a plant; [cf. dhārā-kadamb.]

Kalambihā, f. the nape of the neck (in this sense usually used in du.); the pot-herb Convolvulus Repens; [cf. kalambī.]

Kalambū, ūs, f. the same pot-herb.

कलमुर kalambuţa, am, n. fresh butter.

কলেন্ত kalala, as, am, m. n. the womb, the uterus; a small round lump, a term for the embryo a short time after conception; [cf. kalana.]

নজন kalalaja, as, m. the resinous exudation of the Shorea Robusta; [cf. kala-kala.] — Kalalajodbhava (°ja-ud°), as, m. the tree Shorea Robusta.

कलिद्ध kalavinka, as, m. a sparrow; a spot, a stain [cf. kalanka]; a white Camara; the plant Echites Antidysenterica [cf. kalingaka]; N. of a Tirtha.

πορη kalaśa, as, ī, am, m. f. n. a waterpot, a pitcher, a jar, a dish; (as), m., N. of a poet; (z̄), f. the plant Hemionitis Cordifolia; N. of a Tirtha; a chum; [cf. kalasa and drona-kalaśa; Gr. κάλιξ; Lat. calix.] – Kalaśa-dir, īr, m., Ved. one whose pot or pitcher is broken. – Kalaśa-potaka, as, m., N. of a Nāga. – Kalaśī-kanṭha, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of this man. – Kalaśī-padī, f. having feet like a waterjar. – Kalaśī-mukha, as, m. a sort of musical instrument. – Kalaśī-suta, as, m. an epithet of Agastya. – Kalaśū-suta, as, m., N. of a Daitya. Kalaśū is, f. a water-pot nitcher, dish water-jar.

Kalasi, is, f. a water-pot, pitcher, dish, water-jar; the plant Hemionitis Cordifolia.

Kalasa, as, ī, am, m. f. n. a pot, a water-jar; (as), m. a Drona measure; a rounded pinnacle or ball on the top of a temple; (ī), f. the plant Hemionitis

Cordifolia. - Kalasodadhi (°sa-ud°), is, m. the ocean.

केल्ड kalaha, as, am, m. n. strife, contention, quarrel, war, battle; the sheath of a sword, a scabbard; a road, a way; deceit, falsehood; violence without murderous weapons, abuse, beating, kicking, &c. — Kalaha-kandala, as, m., N. of an actor. — Kalaha-kāra, as, ī, am, quarrelsome, turbulent; contentious, pugnacious; (ī), f., N. of the wife of Vikramaćanda. — Kalaha-kārin, ī, inī, i, quarrelsome, contentious. — Kalaha-nāsana, as, m. the tree Cæsalpina Bonducella. — Kalaha-priya, as, ā, am, fond of contention, quarrelsome, turbulent; (as), m. an epithet of Nārada; (ā), f. the bird Gracula Religiosa. — Kalahāntaritā ('ha-an'), f. a heroine-separated from her lover in consequence of a quarrel; an appeased wife, one who has been angry and is sorry for it. — Kalahāpahrita ('ha-ap'), as, ā, am, taken away by force.

Kalahaya, nom. A. kalahayale, -yitum, to

quarrel, contend.

Kalahin, ī, inī, i, contentious, quarrelsome.

কলা kalā, f. (said to be fr. 3. kal), a small part of anything, any single part or portion of a whole, but especially a sixteenth part; a digit or one sixteenth of the moon's diameter (personified as a daughter of Kardama and wife of Marići); interest on capital, considered as a certain part of it; a division of time (according to some 100 of a day, i. e. I minute and 36 seconds; according to others 1800 of a day, i. e. 48 seconds; according to others 20 10 Kalas = 1 Muhūrta or 30 of a day, therefore 1 Kalā = 2 minutes and 20 20 1 seconds; according to others 30 10 Kalās = 1 Muhūrta, therefore 1 Kalā = 1 minute and $35\frac{205}{301}$ seconds; according to others a Kalā = 8 seconds); the sixtieth part of one thirtieth of a zodiacal sign, a minute of a degree; (in prosody) a syllabic instant; a term for the seven substrata of the elements or Dhatus of the human body (which according to one reckoning are seven, as follows, flesh, blood, fat, phlegm, nine, bile, and semen; but according to Hemacandra rasa 'chyle,' asthi 'bone,' and majja 'marrow,' take the place of phlegm, urine, and bile); an atom (there are 3015 Kalas or atoms in every one of the six Dhatus, not counting the rasa, therefore in all 18000); a small round lump, a term for the embryo shortly after conception [cf. kalana]; the menstrual discharge; any practical art, any mechanical or fine art (sixty-four such are enumerated, as carpentering, architecture, jewellery, farriery, acting, dancing, music, medicine, poetry, &c.); skill, ingenuity, contrivance, fraud, deceit; a boat; title of a grammatical commentary; N. of a deity; [cf. a-kala, nishkala, sakala.] - Kalākuśala, as, ā, am, skilled in the elegant arts, singing, dancing, &c. - Kalā-keli, is, is, i, gay, frolicsome, wanton; (is), m. an epithet of Kāma, the god of love. - Kalā-dhara, as, m. bearing a digit of the moon; an epithet of Siva; N. of a copyist. - Kalā-nidhi, is, m. 'a treasure or storehouse of digits,' the moon. - Kalantara (°lā-an°), am, n. interest, profit. = $Kal\bar{a}pa$ (° $l\bar{a} + \bar{a}pa$ fr. rt. $\bar{a}p$), as, m. 'that which holds together the single parts,' a band, a bundle (e. g. muktā-kalāpa, an ornament consisting of several strings of pearls; rasanā-kalāpa, a zone consisting of several strings, worn by women round the waist; jaṭā-kalāpa, a tust or knot of braided hair); totality, whole body or collection of a number of separate things, a zone, a string of bells wom by women round the waist; the rope round an elephant's neck; a bundle of arrows, a quiver with arrows, a quiver; a peacock's tail (as consisting of a multitude of single feathers); an omament in general; N. of a grammar, supposed to be revealed by the god Kumāra or Kärttikeya to Sarva-varman; a village where the destroyer Kalki is to be born; the moon; a clever and intelligent man; a poem written in one metre;