origin or plot of a play or poem; that on which an opinion or judgment is founded; a sign, a mark, a document, a proof; a legal instrument; an organ of sense; an action; agency, instrumentality; a father (as the cause of being); a deity as the remote or proximate cause of creation; the body; a kind of musical instrument; a sort of song; a number of scribes or kāyasthas; (ā), f. pain, agony; casting into hell; an astronomical period; kāraṇāt, abl. c. from some cause or reason (e.g. kasmāt kāranāt, from what cause, often with gen., e.g. mama kāranāt, 'for my sake,' and at the end of compounds; according to native grammarians every case of karana may be used in this manner, but only the inst., dat., abl., and loc. occur; a-kāranena, without a reason; yena kāranena, because; yasmin kārane, from which motive, wherefore). - Karanakāraņa, am, n. a primary cause, an elementary cause, an atom. - Kāraņa-gata, as, ā, am, referred to its cause, resolved into its principles. - Karanaguna, as, m. a quality of cause; an elementary or causal property. - Karanagunodbhava-guna ('na-ud'), as, m. a secondary or derivative property, as form, taste, smell, &c., produced by combinations of elementary or causal particles. - Kāraņa-tas, ind. from a certain reason; [cf. kārya-kāranatas.] - Kāranatā, f. or kāraņa-tva, am, n. causality, causation. -Karana-dhvansa, as, m. the obviating or removing a cause or occasion. - Kārana-dhvansaka, as, ikā, am, or kāraņa-dhvansin, ī, inī, i, obviating or removing the cause or reason of a thing. - Kāraņa-bhūta, as, ā, am, caused. - Kāraņamālā, f. a series or chain of causes or events, a term for a figure in rhetoric. - Kārana-vādin, ī, m. a complainant, a plaintiff. - Kārana-vāri, i, n. the original water which was produced at the creation, from which, as from a reservoir, the Hindus suppose all the water in the universe to be supplied. - Kārana-vihina, as, a, am, without a cause or reason, unreasonable. - Kārana-sarīra, am, n. the inner rudiment of the body or causal frame, the seat of the soul. - Kāranānvita (ona-ano), as, ā, am, having a cause or reason, following as the effect from its cause. - Kāranābhāva ('na-abh'), as, m. absence of cause. - Kāraņottara ('na-utt'), am, n. special plea, denial of the cause of complaint, admission of the charge generally, but denial of the issue; (thus with regard to the demand of a debt, acknowledgment that it was incurred, but assertion that the loan has been repaid &c.)

Kāranaka, at the end of compounds = kārana,

cause, reason.

Kāranika, as, ā and ī, am, causal, causative, in-

vestigating, ascertaining the cause.

Kāram, a kind of ind. part. fr. rt. kri at the end of compounds, e.g. svāhā-kāram, namas-kāram, making obeisance; also with an acc., e. g. caurankāram ākrośati, he abuses a person by calling him a thief; svādunkāram, making anything sweet &c.

Kārayat, an, antī, at, causing to do, giving power

or authority to do &c.

Kārayamāṇa, as, ā, am, doing what is appointed, carrying into effect what has been ordered.

Kārayitavya, as, ā, am, to be caused to be done, to be effected, to be made to do anything. - Karayitavya-daksha, as, å, am, clever at performing what has to be done.

Kārayitri, tā, trī, tri, causing or instigating to act or do anything.

Kārayishņu, us, us, u, causing to act or perform. I. kāri, is, is, m. f. an artist, an artificer, a mechanic; (4s), f. action, act, agency, work.

Kārita, as, ā, am, caused to be made or done, brought about, effected; (a), f., scil. vriddhih, interest, the amount of which is fixed by the debtor, he being forced to do so by the creditor; (am), n. the causal form of a verb. - Kārita-vat, ān, atī, at, having caused to be made or done. - Karitanta (°ta-an°), as, a, am, ending with a causal affix.

I. kārin, ī, inī, i, doing, making, effecting, producing, acting, an actor; (i), m. a mechanic, a tradesman.

Kāru, &cc. See s. v.

कार 2. kāra, as, m. (fr. 1. krī, to scatter), tax, toll, royal revenue, tribute; (as, i, am, fr. 2. kara), produced by hail; (as), m. a heap of snow or a mountain covered with it. - Kāra-kukshīya. as, m., N. of the country of king Salva on the skirts of the Himālaya ridge in the north-west of Hindustan; (as), m. pl. the people of this country.

2. kāraka, am, n. (fr. 2. karaka), scil. salila,

water produced from hail.

कार 3. kāra, as, m. (fr. 2. kri, to praise), Ved, a song or hymn of praise, a battle-song.

2. kāri, is, is, i, Ved. raising hymns of praise.

2. kārin, ī, iņī, i, Ved. rejoicing, praising.

कार 4. kāra, as, m. (fr. 2. krī, to kill), killing, slaughter.

2. kāraņa, am, n. killing, injuring.

कारञ्ज kāranja, as, ī, am, produced by or coming from the tree Karanja.

कार्याद्व kārandava, as, m. a sort of duck; [cf. karanda.] - Kārandava-vatī, f., N. of a river (?), abounding in Kārandavas.

कारगडव्यह kārandavyūha, as, m., N. of a Buddha; [cf. karanda-vyuha.]

कारन्धम kārandhama, as, m. (fr. karandhama), a patronymic of Avikshit; (am), n., N. of a Tirtha.

Kārandhamin, ī, m. a brazier, a worker in mixed or white metal; a mineralogist, an assayer.

कारपचव kārapaćava, as or am(?), m. or n. (?), N. of a region near the Yamuna.

कारभ kārabha, as, ī, am (fr. karabha), produced by or coming from a camel.

कारमिहिका kāramihikā, f. camphor.

कारभा kārambhā, f., N. of a plant bearing a fragrant seed, commonly Priyangu; [cf. karambhā.]

कार्य kā-rava, as, m. a crow; [ making a discordant sound; cf. Lat. corvus, cornix; Gr. κόραξ, κορώνη; Germ. Rabe; Eng. crow.]

कारवा kāravallī, f. the plant Momordica Charantia; [cf. kāravella and kāṇḍīra.]

कारवी kāravī, f. the Asa Fætida plant or its leaf, = Hinguparnī; the plant Celosia Cristata; a kind of anise, Anethum Sowa; another plant, Nigella Indica; a kind of fennel; a kind of Cucurbitaceous plant or small gourd.

कारवेल kāravella, as, m. a kind of gourd, Momordica Charantia; (am), n. the fruit of this gourd. Kāravellaka, as, m. and kāravellikā, f. the same.

कार्य kāravya. See under 2. kāru.

कारकर kāraskara, as, m., N. of a poisonous medicinal plant; a tree in general; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people; (a various reading for kāraskāra and kāraskrita.) - Kāraskarātikā (°ra + ātikā fr. n. at), f. a centipede or worm resembling it.

कारा kārā, f. (fr. 1. kṛi?), a prison; binding, confinement, a fetter; the part of a lute below the neck, an instrument for deadening the sound of a lute; pain, affliction; a female messenger; a female worker in gold; [cf. Lith. kaliu, 'I am a captive;' kaliny-s, 'a captive;' kaline, 'a prison.'] - Kārāgara (°rā-ag°), am, n. a gaol or place of confinement. - Kārā-gupta, as, ā, am, captive, imprisoned, confined, a prisoner. - Kārā-griha, am, n. a prison. - Kārā-pāla, as, m. the guard of a prison. - Kārāveśman, a, n. a prison, a gaol.

काराधनी kārādhunī, f., Ved., (Sāy.) a musical instrument, as the conch shell and the like, (or 'impelling the singer.')

काराप्य kārāpatha, as or am(?), m.or n. (?), N. of a country.

कारायिका kārāyikā, f. a female crane, = karāyikā.

कारिका kārikā. See under 1. kāra, p. 221.

कारीर kārīra, as, ī, am (fr. karīra), made of the shoots of reed; connected with the fruit of the plant Capparis Aphylla (as a sacrifice, in which this fruit is used).

Kārīrya, as, ā, am, connected with the fruit of the plant Capparis Aphylla.

कारीप kārīsha, as, ī, am (fr. karīsha), produced from or coming from dung; (am), n. a heap of dung, a great quantity of dried cow-dung.

Kārīshi, is, m., N. of a man; (ayas), m. pl., N. of a family.

कार 1. kāru, us, us or ūs, u (fr. 1. kṛi), a maker, a doer, an agent, artificer, artisan, artist, a mechanic; terrible, horrible; (as), m. an epithet of Viśva-karman, the artist of the gods; an art, a science. - Kāru-ćaura, as, m. one who commits burglary. - Kāru-ja, as, m. the product of an artist or mechanic, a piece of mechanism, any product of manufacture; a young elephant; an ant hill, a hillock; froth, foam; sesamum growing spontaneously; the tree Mesua Ferrea; red orpiment. - Kāru-hasta, as, m. the hand of an artisan or artificer.

Kāruka, as, ā, m. f. an artisan, an artificer.

कार 2. kāru, us, m. (fr. 2. kri), Ved. one who sings or praises, a poet. - Kāru-dhāyas, ās, ās, as, Ved. favouring or supporting the singer; (Say.)

Kāravya, as, ā, am, Ved. belonging to the singer, epithet of certain verses (ricas) of the Atharva-veda.

कार्राणक kārunika, as, s, am (fr. karuna), compassionate, tender, kind. - Kārunika-tā, f. compassion.

Kāruņya, am, n. compassion, tenderness, kindness.

काह्यडी kārundī or kārundikā, f. a leech.

कार्य kārūsha, as, m. a prince of the Karūshas; an epithet of Danta-vakra, the son of Kārūsha Vriddhasarman; N. of a country; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people; (as), m.=karūsha, N. of a son of Manu; an intermediate caste, the son of the degraded or outcast Vaisya tribe.

Kārūshaka, as, ikā, am, reigning over the Karūshas.

arting karenava, as, i, am (fr. karenu), produced by or coming from the female elephant; a patronymic of Pālakāpya.

कारांतर kārotara, as, m., Ved. a filtering vessel, a cloth for purifying the liquor called sura. Kārottama, as, m. yeast, barm, the froth of the

surā liquor. Kārottara, as, m. yeast, barm, the froth which rises on the sura; a well.

काक्या kārkana, as, ī, am (fr. krikana), caused by or relating to a pheasant.

काक न्यव karkandhava, as, i, am (fr. karkandhū), produced by the plant Zizyphus Jujuba.

कार्कवाकव kārkavākava, as, ī, am (fr. krikavāku), relating to a cock, produced by a cock &c.

काकेउय kārkasya, am, n. (fr. karkasa), roughness, hardness; stemness, inflexibility; firmness, solidity; rough labour.

काकेप kārkasha, as, m., N. of a man. Kārkashāyaṇi, is, m. a patronymic from the last. कार्कीक kārkīka, as, ī, am (fr. karka), like

काकाँदक kārkotaka, am, n., N. of a town. कार्ण kārņa, as, ī, am (fr. karņa), being in

a white horse.