bad sacrificer.

क्यव ku-yava, as, a, am (see 1. ku), Ved. epithet of the demon Sushna, who was slain by Indra, 'causing a bad harvest?;' (as), m., N. of another demon; (am), n. a bad harvest.

क्रयवाच kuya-vac, k, m. (kuya = 1. ku), Ved. speaking ill, abusing; or N. of a demon who was slain by Indra (?).

क्योग ku-yoga, as, m. (see t. ku), an inauspicious conjunction of planets, signs, periods, &c.

Ku-yogin, i, m. a false devotee, an impostor, a hypocrite.

क्योनि ku-yoni, is, f. (see 1. ku), a base womb, the womb of a low woman.

kur, cl. 6. P. kurati, -ritum, to utter a sound, to sound in general.

क्रका kurakā, f. the olibanum tree, Boswellia Thurifera (= sallakī).

काइर kurankara or kurankura, as, m. the Indian crane, Ardea Sibirica.

क्राङ्ग kuranga, as, m. (said to be fr. 1. kṛī), a species of antelope, an antelope or deer in general; N. of a mountain; (i), f. a female antelope. - Kuranga-nayanā, f. a handsome woman ('fawn-eyed'). - Kuranga-nābhi, is, m. musk (formed in a bag attached to the belly of the deer above the navel).

Kurangaka, as, m. a species of antelope, an antelope, a deer; (ikā), f. a kind of bean (= mudgaparnī).

Kurangama, as, m. a species of antelope or deer. Kurangāya, nom. A. kurangāyate, -yitum, to become or take the shape of an antelope.

करिचल kuraćilla, as, m. a crab; (a wrong reading for kuru-cilla.)

क्रिक्ट kurața, as, m. a shoemaker, a leatherseller, a currier; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people.

क्रांट kuranța, as, m. or kuranțaka, as, ikā, m. f. yellow amaranth (pītāmlāna), and a yellow kind of barleria (pītajhințī); (am), n. the blossom of this plant. Also kurandaka and kurunțaka.

क्रास्ड kuranda, as, m. enlargement of the testicles or rather of the scrotum, including inguinal hernia, hydrocele, &c.; N. of a plant, commonly called Sākurunda.

कर्राडक kurandaka, as, m. yellow amaranth; a yellow kind of barleria; [cf. kuranta.]

क्रायाण kurayāṇa, as, m., N. of a man; [cf. kaurayāna.]

करा kurara, as, ā, m. f. (said to be fr. rt. 3. ku), an osprey; also another species of eagle; (1), f. a female osprey; a sheep, an ewe; (as), m., N. of a mountain. - Kuraranghri (ra-ano), is, m. a kind of mustard (deva-sarshapa). - Kurari-gana, as, m. a flight of ospreys.

Kurarāva, am, n. a place abounding with ospreys,

কুলৈ kurala, as, m. an osprey [cf. kurara]; a curl, a lock of hair upon the forehead.

कर्प ku-rava, as, ā, am (see 1. ku), having a bad voice; (as), m. a bad or harsh sound; N. of a plant, = sitamandāra; a red or a yellow kind of barleria.

Kuravaka, as, m. a crimson species of amaranth; a purple or a yellow sort of Jhinti or barleria; a species of rice or grain; (am), n. the blossom of the amaranth or of the barleria.

कुरस ku-rasa, as, ā, am (see t. ku), having bad juice or flavour or essence; (as), m. spirituous or

क्रपांचन ku-yajvin, ī, m. (see 1. ku), a vinous liquor; (ā), f. a wild creeping plant, a species of hieracium; [cf. go-jihvā.]

क्राजन ku-rājan, ā, m. (see 1. ku), a bad king.

Ku-rājya, am, n. bad dominion, bad administration.

कराल kurāla, as, m. a light bay horse with black legs; (wrong reading for kurāha, which is a various reading for urāha.)

att kurī, f. a kind of grass or corn.

करार kurira, am, n. (said to be fr. 1. kri), Ved. a kind of head-dress for women; copulation.

Kurīrin, ī, inī, i, Ved. decorated with the headdress called kurīra.

कि kuru, avas, m. pl. (said to be fr. 1. kri), N. of a people of India and their country, situated near the country of the Pancalas (hence often connected with Pańćāla or Pāńćāla; see kuru-pańćāla below); the Kurus derive their origin from Kuru (son of Samvarana and Tapati, daughter of the Sun), who is the ancestor of both Pandu and Dhrita-rashtra, though the patronymic derived from his name is usually applied only to the sons of the latter, the sons and descendants of the former being called Pandavas; another Kuru is the son of Agnīdhra and grandson of Priya-vrata. The uttara-kuravah or uttarah kuravah are the northern Kurus, the most northerly of the four Mahā-dvīpas or principal divisions of the known world (distinguished Mahā-bh. I. 4346. from the dakshināh huravah or southern Kurus), by other systems regarded as one of nine divisions or Varshas of the same; it was probably a country beyond the most northern range of the Himālaya, often described as a country of everlasting happiness, and considered by some to be the ancient home of the Aryan race. Kurū, ūs, f. a princess of the Kuru race. According to native lexicographers the word kuru has also the following meanings: a priest; boiled rice; the plant Solanum Jacquini, = kantakārika; [cf. kaurava, kauravaka, kauravya.] - Kuru-kata, ās, m. pl. the Kurus and Katas. - Kuru-kandaka, am, n. horse-radish, Raphanus Sativus (=mūlaka). - Kurukurukshetra, am, n. the country of the Kurus and Kurukshetra. - Kuru-kshetra, am, n. the field of the Kurus, N. of a region or extensive plain near Delhi, the scene of the great battles between the Kurus and Pāṇḍus; (ās), m. pl. the inhabitants of this country, renowned for their bravery. - Kurukshetrin, i, ini, i, with yoga, a solar day, in the course of which three lunar days, three asterisms and three yogas occur. - Kuru-cilla, as, m. a crab; [cf. kuracilla.] - Kuru-jāngala, am, n., N. of a country; (as), m. pl., N. of the people inhabiting it. - Kuru-tīrtha, am, n., N. of a Tīrtha. - Kurunadikā, f. according to native authorities, = ku-nadíkā. - Kuru-nandana, as, m. a descendant of Kuru as Arjuna, Yudhishthira. &c. - Kuru-pancāla, ās, m. pl. the Kurus and Pańćālas. - Kurupańćālatrā, ind., Ved. as among the Kurus and Pańćālas. -Kuru-patha, as, m., N. of a man (?); [cf. kaurupathi.] - Kuru-pungava, as, m. a Kuru chief. - Kuru-rāj, t, m. an epithet of Duryodhana. - Kuru-rāja, as, m. an epithet of Yudhishthira. - Kuru-rājya, am, n. the Kuru realm. - Kuruvatsa, as, m., N. of a prince. - Kuru-varnaka, ās, m. pl., N. of a people; or perhaps (as, a, am), belonging to the race of the Kurus. - Kuru-vasa, as, m., N of a prince. - Kuru-vājapeya, as, m. a particular kind of Vājapeya. - Kuru-vista, as, m. a Pala of gold, a weight of gold equal to about 700 troy grains. - Kuru-vriddha, as, m. an epithet of Bhishma. - Kuru-śravana, as, m., N. of a prince. - Kuru-śreshiha or kuru-sattama, as, m. an epithet of Arjuna. - Kuru-hāra, as or am (?), m. or n. (?), N of an Agra-hāra. Kurulea, as, m., N. of a prince; (a various reading

for ruruka.)

Kurukullā, f., N. of a Buddhist deity.

Ach kurunga, as, m., N. of a prince.

किट kuruta, as, m. a kind of pot-herb;

कुरुटिन kuruțin, i, m. a horse.

कर्गट kurunta, as, m. yellow amaranth; yellow barleria; (i), f. a doll, a puppet made of wood; the wife of a Brāhman or teacher.

Kuruntaka, as, m. yellow or white amaranth; a yellow species of barleria, B. Prionitis.

Kurunda, as, m. = kurunia.

करताचि kurutāvi, a particular high num-

कर्म kurumba, am, n. a kind of orange, = kulapālaka; (ā), f., N. of a plant, commonly called Drona-pushpī; (i), f. another plant, commonly called Sainhall.

Kurumbikā, f., N. of a plant, commonly called Drona-pushpi.

क्रिंगे kururi, f. a species of bird with a plaintive note; (a wrong reading for kurari.)

क्र kurula, as, m. a curl or lock of hair, especially on the forehead.

कर्वक kuruvaka, as, m. the crimson amaranth; a purple species of barleria; also a yellow kind; (am), n. the blossom of this flower; [cf. kuravaka.]

कर्तवन्द kuruvinda, as, m. (fr. kuru and vinda!), N. of several plants; a fragrant grass, Cyperus Rotundus; a kind of barley, see kalmāsha; the bud of a flower?; (as, am), m. n. a ruby; (am), n. black salt; cinnabar, or the plant Terminalia Catappa (?).

Kuruvindaka, as, m. a kind of Dolichos Biflorus, a wild variety.

कर्रविख kuruvilva or kuruvilla (?), as, m. a ruby; [cf. kuruvinda.]

Kuruvilvaka, as, m. a kind of barley. See kulmāsha and kuruvinda.

कुरुस्ति kurusuti or kurustuti, is, m., N. of a Vedic poet.

कहित् kurūțin, ī, inī, i, Ved. = kirīțin (?).

कर्प ku-rūpa, as, ā, am (see 1. ku), illmade, of an ugly shape, deformed, ugly; (am), n. ugliness. - Kurūpa-tā, f. or kurūpa-tva, am, n. ugliness.

Ku-rūpin, i, inī, i, ill-made, deformed, ugly, frightful

Ku-rūpya, am, n. tin, (lit. bad silver.)

कि kurūru, us, m., Ved. a species of worm.

and kurkuta, as, m. [cf. kukkuta], a cock; rubbish, sweepings (?).

क्वेटाहि kur kuţāhi, is, m. a kind of serpent; [cf. kukkutāht and kukkutābha.]

कर kurkura, as, m. (an onomatopoetic word), a dog or bitch; [cf. kukkura.]

कचिका kurćikā, f. the milky juice of a bulbous root; a needle; (a wrong reading for kūrcikā.)

क्यांज kurnaja, as, m., N. of a plant, commonly called Kulanjana.

कह kurd and kurdana, incorrect forms for kurd and kurdana.

कपर kurpara, as, m. the knee; the elbow; [cf. kūrpara.]

क्पास kurpāsa and kurpāsaka, as, m. a sort of bodice or jacket for women; [cf. kūrpāsa.]