lenged. - Kritershya (°ta-īr°), as, ā, am, envious, jealous. - Kritocchais (°ta-uc°), ind. raised on high. - Kritotsāha (°ta-ut°), as, ā, am, making effort, striving. - Kritodaka (°ta-ud°), as, ā, am, one who has performed his ablutions. - Kritodvāha ('taud°), as, ā, am, performing penance by standing with uplifted hands; married. - Kritopakāra (°taup°), as, ā, am, assisted, befriended; friendly, giving aid. - Kritopaćāra (°ta-up°), as, ā, am, served, waited upon. - Kritopanāyana ("ta-up"), as, m. a student who has been invested with the sacrificial cord. - Kritopabhoga (°ta-up°), as, ā, am, used, enjoyed. - Kritaujas (°ta-oj°), ās, m., N. of a son of Kanaka or Dhanaka.

Kritaka, as, ā, am, artificial, factitious, done artificially, made, prepared, not produced spontaneously; not natural, adopted (as a son); assumed, simulated, false; (am), ind. in a simulated manner; (as), m., N. of a son of Vasu-deva, also of a son of Cyavana.

Kritaya, nom. P. kritayati, -yitum, to take the die called Krita.

Kritanta, kritartha. See under krita above.

1. kriti, is, f. (for 2. see col. 2), doing, making, performing, manufacturing, composing; action, activity; creation, work, literary work; magic; enchantment; an enchantress, a witch; a kind of Anushtubh metre consisting of two Padas of twelve syllables each and a third Pada of eight syllables; another metre, a stanza of four lines with twenty syllables in each; a square number; N. of the wife of Samhrada and mother of Panca-jana; (is), m., N. of several persons. - Kriti-sādhya-tva, am, n. the state of being accomplished by exertion.

Kritin, ī, inī, i, expert; clever, skilful, knowing, mara, wise, learned; good, virtuous; pure, pious; following, cheying, doing what is enjoined; one who has attained an object or accomplished a purpose, satisfied; (i), m., N. of a son of Cyavana and father of Uparićara; N. of a son of Sannatimat.

> Krite and kritena, ind. (originally loc. and inst. fr. krita), on account of, for the sake of, for (with gen. or in comp., e. g. mama krite or mat-krite, on my account, for me).

Kriteyuka, as, m., N. of a son of Raudrāśva.

· Kritnu, us, us, u, working well, able to work, powerful; skilful, clever, an artificer or mechanic, an

Kritya, as, ā, am, to be done or performed; practicable, feasible; right, proper to be done; one who may be seduced from allegiance or alliance, one who may be bribed or hired as an assassin, treacherous; (as), m., scil. pratyaya, the class of affixes forming the fut. pass. part. &c. (as tavya, aniya, ya, elima, &c.); a kind of evil spirit or ghost, either with or without the addition of yaksha, mānusha, asura, &c.; (a), f. action, act, deed; magic; a female deity to whom sacrifices are offered for destructive and magical purposes; N. of a river; (am), n. what ought to be done; duty, office; purpose, end, object; what is proper or fit; motive, cause. - Kritya-kalpataru, us, m. title of a work on jurisprudence. - Kritya-kalpa-latā, f., N. of a work by Vāćaspatimiśra. - Kritya-cintāmaņi, is, m. title of a work by Sivarāma. - Kritya-jna, as, ā, am, who knows what is to be done, learned, wise. - Kritya-tattra, am, n. 'the true nature of duty or obligation,' title of a work. - Kritya-tā, f. seduction from allegiance or alliance. - Kritya-ratnākara, as or am (?), m. or n. (?), title of a work on jurisprudence. - Kritya-vat, an, ati, at, having any business or request or object; busy, active. - Kritya-vartman, a, n. the right way, the manner in which any object is to be effected. - Kritya-vid, t, t, t, one who knows what ought to be done, knowing duty, learned, wise. - Krityavidhi, is, m. the way to do anything, a rule, a precept. - Krityā-krit, t, t, t, Ved. practising magic or sorcery, bewitching. - Krityā-dūshana, as, ī, am, or krityā-dūshi, is, is, i, Ved. counteracting magic, destroying its effect. - Krityā-rāvaņa, as or am (?), m. or n. (?), title of a work.

tress, a witch, a woman who is the fatal cause of injury or destruction, the fatal destroyer, the bane.

Kritrima, as, ā, am, made artificially, factitious, artificial, the reverse of what is naturally or spontaneously produced; falsified, adopted (as a child); (as), m. incense, olibanum; an adopted son; (am), n. a kind of salt, the common Bit Noben, or Bit Lavan, obtained by cooking; a sort of perfume [cf. javādi]; a kind of collyrium [cf. rasānjana]. - Kritrima-dhūpa, as, m. incense, oblibanum. - Kritrima-dhūpaka, as, m. compound perfume, containing ten or eighteen ingredients. - Kritrimaputra, as, m. an adopted son; one of the twelve kinds recognised in law, the son made. - Kritrimaputraka, as, m. a doll. - Kritrima-bhūmi, is, f. a made floor. - Kritrima-mitra, as, m. an acquired friend, one on whom benefits have been conferred, or from whom they have been received. - Kritrimavana, am, n. a plantation, a park. - Kritrimasatru, us, m. an acquired enemy. - Kritrimodasina ("ma-ud"), as, m. an acquired neutral.

Kritvan, ā, arī, a, Ved. causing, effecting; active, busy; practising magic or sorcery in order to bewitch.

Kritvas, ind. at the end of a numeral or numeral adjective, = fold, times (e. g. dasa-kritvas, ten times; bahu-kritvas, many times; panca-kritvas, five-fold). In the earlier language kritvas is used as a separate word, but native grammarians regard it only as an affix, and it is so used in classical Sanskrit; it was perhaps originally an acc. plur. fr. a noun kritu, formed by the affix tu fr. the root 1. kri; [cf. also krit in sakrit.]

Kritvā, ind. having made or done.

Kritvī, f., N. of a daughter of Suka, wife of Anuha (Nipa) and mother of Brahma-datta.

Kritvya, as, a, am, Ved. one who is able to perform anything, strong, efficacious; having accomplished many deeds, exerting one's power.

Kriyamāņa, as, ā, am, being done, made, &c.

2. kri, cl. 3. P., Ved. ćakarti, akarīt, Intens. carkarti, to make mention of, to praise, to speak highly of (with gen.); [cf. kāru, kīri, kīrti.]

3. kri, to injure &c. See 2. krī.

2. kriti, is, m. or f. (for I. see col. 1), Ved. a kind of weapon, a sort of knife or a dagger; (is), f. hurt, hurting, injuring; waylaying. - Kriti-kara, as, m. epithet of Ravana. - Kriti-mat, an, m. the founder of a race, realm, &c.; N. of a son of Yavinara. - Kriti-rāta, as, m., N. of a prince; [cf. kīrttirāta.] - Kriti-roman, ā, m., N. of a son of Kritirāta.

क्रिक krika, as, m. the throat, the larynx.

कक्ण krikana, as, m. a kind of partridge, commonly Kaër, Perdix Sylvatica [cf. krikara and krakara); a worm; N. of a man; N. of a place.

Krikanīya, as, ā, am, belonging or relating to a partridge.

Krikaneyu, us, m., N. of a son of Raudrāśva.

क्कदाजा krikadāśu, us or ūs, m., Ved. one who hurts or injures.

क कर krikara, as, m. a kind of partridge, commonly Kaër, Perdix Sylvatica [cf. krikana and krakara]; a kind of pepper, Piper Chaba; the fragrant oleander tree [cf. karavira]; one of the five vital airs, that which assists in digestion; an epithet of Siva.

कक्ता krikalā, f. long pepper; [cf. pippalī.]

ककलाश krikalāśa or krikalāsa or krikalāsaka, as, m. a lizard, a chameleon. - Krikalāsadīpikā, f. title of a mystical work.

क्कवाक krikavāku, us, m. a cock, a gallinaceous fowl; a peacock; a lizard, a chameleon; [with the

Krityaka, as, m. an injurer?; (a), f. an enchan- | first part of this word of. Hib. ceare, 'a hen. ] - Krikavāku-dhvaja, as, m. an epithet of Kārttikeya.

> कक्षा krikashā, f. a kind of bird; [cf. kankanahārikā.]

क्रकाट krikāṭa, am, n., Ved. the joint of the neck.

Krikātaka, am, n. the neck; a part of a column; (ikā), f. the back of the neck; the raised and straight part of the neck.

क्कालिका krikālikā, f. a kind of bird.

क्रिन krikin, i, m., N. of a mythical king.

कक्लास krikulāsa, as, m. a lizard, a chameleon; [cf. krikalāsa.]

कच्छ krićchra, as, ā, am (perhaps fr. rt. krish and connected with kashta), causing trouble or pain, painful, attended with pain or labour; being in a difficult or painful situation; bad, miserable, evil, wicked, sinful; (am), ind. miserably, painfully, laboriously, with difficulty; (as or am), m. n. difficulty, trouble, labour, hardship, distress, calamity, pain, evil, misery, danger, sin, (often in compounds, e.g. vanavāsa-kṛléchra, the difficulties of living in a forest; mūtra-krićchra, ischury; artha-krićchreshu, in difficulties, in a miserable situation; prāņakritchra, danger of life); bodily mortification, austerity, penance, expiation; torment, torture; a particular kind of religious penance, according to some = prājāpatya, according to others = sāntapana. Kricchrena, inst. with difficulty, with great exertion, painfully, laboriously, hardly, scarcely; alpa-krić-chrena, with little difficulty, easily. - Krićchra-karman, a, n. a difficult act, difficulty, labour. - Krićchra-kāla, as, m. a season of difficulty. - Krićchragata, as, ā, am, undergoing trouble or misery, suffering pain; being in difficulties, distressed. - Kric-chra-tā, f. painful or dangerons state (especially in disease). - Krićchra-prāņa, as, ā, am, one whose life is in danger; breathing with difficulty; hardly supporting life. - Krićchra-mūtra-purīsha-tva, am, n. pain or difficulty in the evacuations. - Kricchrasādhya, as, ā, am, curable with difficulty. - Krićchrätikricchra ("ra-at"), au, m. dn. the ordinary and extraordinary penance, penance; (as), m. sing. a particular kind of penance, taking no sustenance but water for three, nine, twelve, or twenty-one days. - Kricchran-mukta, as, a, am, freed from trouble &c. - Krićchrāpta (°ra-āp°) or krićchropanata (°ra-up°), as, ā, am, gained with difficulty. - Krić-chrāri (°ra-ari), is, m., N. of a plant, a species of Vilva. - Krićchrärdha (°ra-ar°), as, m. an inferior penance lasting only six days. - Kricchre-srit, t, t, t, Ved. undergoing danger; struggling with difficulties. Krićchraya, nom. A. krićchrayate, -yitum, to

feel pain; to have wicked designs.

Krićchrin, ī, iņī, i, encompassed with difficulties, being in trouble, feeling pain; angry.

कुड kṛiḍ, cl. 6. P. kṛiḍati, to become thick or coarse; to become fat or gross, to become solid; to eat; (another form for kūd.)

कण्ड krinanja, as, m. a kind of Chenopodium, = kunanjara.

क्या krinu, us, m. a painter.

2. krit, (for 1. krit see under rt. 1. kri at p. 246), cl. 6. P. krintati, cakarta, kartsyati and kartishyati, akartit, kartitum, to cut, cut in pieces, cut off, divide; to tear asunder, destroy: Caus. kartayati, to cut, divide, &c.: Desid. éikartishati and éikritsati: Intens. čarikrityate, čarikartti; [cf. Lith. kertu, inf. kirsti, 'to cut;' Gr. κείρω, κάρσις; Slav. korjû, 'to split;' Lat. curtus, eulter; Hib. eeartaighim, 'I prune, trim, cut; cuirc, 'a knife.]

Kritta, as, ā, am, cut, divided; desired, sought,

wished for.