commutation, the distance of the sun from a superior planet or of an inferior planet from the sun; mandakendram, argument of anomaly.

Rep, cl. 1. A. kepate, to shake or tremble [cf. kamp and vep]; to go, move, approach [cf. gep].

किपि kepi, is, is, i, Ved. unclean; (or fr. rt. kamp), trembling, shaking (?).

कमद्रम kemadruma in astronomy = the Gr. χρηματισμός.

कमक kemuka, as, m., N. of a plant, = kećuka.

केयर keyūra, as, am, m. n. a bracelet worn on the upper arm; (as), m. a kind of coitus. - Keyūra-bala, as, m., N. of a deity.

Keyūraka, as, m., N. of a Gandharva.

Keyūrin, ī, inī, i, decorated with a hracelet on the upper arm.

कारक keraka, ās, m. pl., N. of a people.

करल kerala, ās, m. pl., N. of the inhabitants of Malabar; (as), m. sing a king of the Keralas; N. of a son of Akrīda, from whom the people of Kerala are derived; (1), f. a kind of science; astronomical science; an astronomical S'astra or treatise; a Hora or period of time equal to about one hour; (am), n., N. of the country inhabited by the Keralas. - Keralotpatti ('la-ut'), is, f., N. of

Keralaka, ās, m. pl., N. of the inhabitants of Malabar.

নিক kel [cf. Prākrit kīl = krīd], cl. I. P. kelati, to shake; to go or move, move about, be frolicsome, sport.

Kelaka, as, m. a dancer, a tumbler, one who walks or dances on the edge of a sword.

Kelāya, nom. P. kelāyati, -yitum, to sport, play. Kell, is or \bar{i} , m. f. play, sport, amorous sport, pastime, amusement; (is), f. the earth. — Keli-kalā, f. amorous or sportive accents or address; sportive skill, wantonness; the Vīṇā or lute of Sarasvatī. - Keli-kila, as, m. the confidential companion of the hero of a drama, in general a sort of buffoon; one of Siva's attendant demi-gods; (ā), f. an epithet of Rati the wife of Kāma-deva, the god of love. — Keli-kīrṇa, as, m. a camel. — Keli-kuṇćikā, f. a wife's younger sister. - Keli-kosha, as, m. an actor, a dancer or tumbler. - Keli-griha or keliniketana, am, n. a pleasure-house, a private apartment. - Keli-nāgara, as, m. a sensualist, an enjoyer of worldly pleasures. - Keli-para, as, a, am, wanton, sportive. - Keli-mandapa, as, am, m. n. or keli-mandira, am, n. a pleasure-house, 2 play-room. - Keli-mukha, as, m. pastime, sport. - Keli-ranga, as, m. a pleasure-ground. - Keliraivataka, am, n. title of a treatise. - Keli-vriksha, as, m. a species of the Kadamba, commonly called Kelikadamba (Nauclea Cordifolia), being abundant in the scene of Krishna's sports with the Gopis. - Keliśayana, am, n. a pleasure-couch, a sofa. - Kelisushi, is, f. the earth. - Keli-saciva, as, m. minister of the sports, master of the revels. - Keli-sadana. am, n. a pleasure-house, a play-room. - Keli-sthali, f. a place of pleasure. - Keli-pika, as, m. a cuckoo kept for pleasure. - Keli-vani, f. a pleasure-park, a pleasure-grove.

Kelika, as, ā, am, sporting, sportive; (as), m. the tree Jonesia Aśoka.

केल kela or kelu, a particular number.

केलास keläsa, as, m. erystal. केव kev, cl. 1. A. kevate, -vitum, to serve, attend to.

केवट kevata, as, m., Ved. a cave, a hollow.

कवत kevarta, as, m., Ved. a fisherman, = kaivarta, q. v.

केवल kevala, as, ā (or Ved. ī), am, exclusively one's own (not common to others); peculiar; alone, only, mere, sole, one, excluding others; not connected with anything else, isolated, abstract, absolute; simple, pure, uncompounded, unmingled, perfect in one's self, entire, whole, all; selfish, envious; (am), ind. only, merely, solely, entirely, wholly, absolutely, certainly; na kevalam-api, not onlybut also; kevalam-na tu, only-but not; (as), m., N. of a prince, a son of Nara; (2), f. the doctrine of the absolute unity of spirit; N. of a place; (am), n. the doctrine of the absolute unity of spirit; N. of a country. - Kevala-jnānin, ī, m., N. of the first Arhat of the last Utsarpini. - Kevala-tas, ind. only. - Kevala-tva, am, n. the state of being alone. - Kevala-dravya, am, n. black pepper. - Kevalanaiyāyika, as, m. a mere logician, not versed in any other science. - Kevala-vaiyākarana, as, m. a mere grammarian, one not versed in any other science. - Kevalāgha ("la-agha), as, ā, am, Ved. alone guilty. - Kevalātman (°la-āt°), ā, ā, a, one whose nature or essence is absolute unity. - Kevalādin (°la-ād°), ī, inī, i, eating by one's self alone or apart from others.

Kevalin, ī, inī, i, alone, one, only; devoted to the doctrine of the absolute unity of spirit; (i), m. with Jainas, an Arhat.

कविका kevikā or kevī, f., N. of a flower, = kavikā, commonly kevera.

क्या keśa, as, m. (said to be fr. rt. kliś), the hair of the head; the mane (of a horse or lion); a kind of perfume [cf. hrīvera]; an epithet of Varuņa; of Vishņu; N. of a Daitya; (i), f. a lock of hair on the crown of the head; N. of several plants, the Indigo plant; another plant, Carpopogon Pruriens; an epithet of the goddess Durga. - Kesakarman, a, n. dressing or arranging the air of the head. - Keśa-kalapa, as, m. a mass or quantity of hair, a head of hair. - Keśa-kara, as, m. a sort of sugar-cane. - Keśa-kārin, ī, inī, i, dressing or arranging the hair of the head. - Keśa-kita, as, m, a louse or other insect in the hair. - Kesa-garbha, as, m. a braid or tress of hair; an epithet of Varuna. - Keśa-garbhaka, as, m. a braid or tress of hair. -Keśa-grihita, as, ā, am, pulled or seized by the hair. - Kcsa-graha, as, m. or kesa-grahana, am, n. pulling the hair. - Keśa-ghna, am, n. morbid baldness, falling of the hair. - Keśa-cūda, as, a, am, one who has dressed his hair in a tuft or topknot. - Keśa-cchid, t, m. a hair-dresser, a barber. - Keśa-jāha, am, n. the root of the hair. - Keśadrinhana, as, i, am, Ved. serving foc fastening the hair. - Keśa-dhara, ās, m. pl., N. of a people. - Keśa-dhrit, t, f., N. of a plant, the root of sweet flag. - Keśa-paksha, as, ni. much or ornamented hair, a tuft. - Kesa-pankti, is, f. a row or line of hair; a quantity of hair. - Kesa-pannī, f. the plant Achyranthes Aspera; also apāmārga. - Keśa-pāśa, as, m. much or ornamented hair, a tuft; (1), f. a lock of hair hanging down from the top of the head. - Keśa-bandha, as, m. a hair-band. - Keśa-bhū, üs, m. the head. - Keśa-bhūmi, is, f. any place on which hair grows. - Keśa-mārjaka, as, am, m. n. (?) a comb. - Keśa-mārjana, am, n. a comb; cleaning the hair. - Keśa-mushti, is, m. a handful of hair; N of two plants, (also visha-mushți and mahā-nimba.) - Keśa-raćanā, f. arranging or dressing the hair. - Keśa-rańjana or keśa-raja, as, m., N. of a vegetable, = bhringa-raja. - Kesa-ruhā, f., N. of a plant, = bhadra-dantikā. - Kesa-rūpā, f., N. of a parasitical plant. - Keśa-luńćaka, as, a, am, pulling the hair. - Kesa-vat, an, atī, at, having a fine head of hair; having long hair; having a mane. - Kesavapaniya, as, m., N. of a festival. - Keśa-var-dhana. as, ī, am, Ved. causing the hair to grow. - Keśa-vardhinī, f., N. of a plant, a kind of Sida. - Keśa-vcśa, as, m. a tress or fillet of hair. - Keśa-

veshta, as, m. the parting of the hair. - Keśa-hantrī, f., N. of a tree, - śamī. - Keśa-hasta, as, m. much or ornamented hair, a tuft. - Keśā-keśi, ind. hair to hair, head to head; pulling each other's hair. - Kesāgra (°sa-ag"), am, n. the top of a hair. - Keśanta (°śa-an°), as, m. the tip or end of a hair; long hair hanging down, a lock of hair, a tuft; cutting off the hair finally, as a religious ceremony performed upon Brahmans at sixteen years of age, Kshatriyas at twenty-two, and Vaisyas at twentyfour. - Kesantika, as, a, am, extending to the end of the hair as far as the forehead; relating to the ceremony of final tonsure. - Keśāri (°śa-ari), is, m. the plant Mesua Ferrea. - Keśāruhā (°śa-ār°), f., N. of a plant, = saha-devi. - Keśarha (°śa-ar°), f., N. of a plant, = mahānīlī. - Keśāvamarshana (°sa-av°), am, n. pulling the hair, especially amorously playing with it, rubbing it, &c. - Keśoććaya (°sa-uć°), as, m. much or handsome hair.

Keśaka, as, ā, am, skilful in dressing hair, be-

stowing care opon the hair.

Kešava, as, ā, am, having long or much or hand-some hair; (as), m. an epithet of Vishņu or Krishņa; N. of the author of a lexicon called Kalpa-dru; the author of the Dvaita-parisishta; the father of Govinda and Rućikara; N. of the father of Brahma and uncle of Mahesvara; N. of the son of Visvadhara and brother of Karinātha; N. of the father of Vopadeva; N. of a plant, = punnāga. - Keśava-jātaka-paddhaty-udaharana, am, n. a commentary by Visvanātha on the work Jātaka-paddhati. - Keśava-jīnanda-sarman, ā, m., N. of an author. - Kesavadāsa, as, m., N. of an author. - Kesava-daivajna, as, m., N. of an astronomer. - Keśara-bhakti, is, f. devotion to Krishna. - Keśara-miśra, as, m., N. of an author. - Keśava-svāmin, i, m., N. of a grammarian. - Keśavāyudha (°va-āy°), as, m. the Mango tree; any of Krishna's weapons. - Keśavärka (°va-ar°), as, m., N. of the author of the poem Krishna-krīdita, a son of Jayāditya and grandson of Rāṇiga; N. of the author of a work called Jātakapaddhati; N. of the author of a work called Vivahavrindāvana - Kešavālaya (°va-āl') or kešavāvāla (?) or keśavāvāsa (°va-āv°), as, m. the holy fig tree, Ficus Religiosa.

Keśi, is, m., N. of an Asura; [cf. keśin.]

Kesika, as, $\bar{\imath}$, am, having fine or luxuriant hair, relating to the hair; (\bar{a}) , $\bar{\imath}$, the plant Asparagus Racemosus.

Kesin, ī, inī, i, having fine or long hair, having a mane; epithet of Indra's and Agni's horses; epithet of Rudra; (i), m. a lion; N. of a race; N. of an Asura slain by Krishna; an epithet of Krishna; N. of a son of Vasu-deva and Kansalya; (ini), f. the plant Chrysopogon Aciculatus; another plant, Nardostachys Jatāmānsī; an epithet of the goddess Durgā; N. of an Apsaras; N. of a daughter of the king of Vidarbha, wife of Sagara and mother of Asamanja; N. of the wife of Ajamīdha (Suhotra) and mother of Jahnu; N. of the wife of Viśravas and mother of Ravana and Kumbhakama; N. of a Rākshasī; N. of a servant of Damayantī. - Keśinisūdana or keši-mathana or keši-sūdana, as, m. or keśi-han, a, m. &c. epithet of Krishna the slayer of the Asura Keśin.

Kesya, as, \bar{a} , am, being in or on the hair; suitable to the hair; (as), m., N. of a plant; (am), n. black Aloe wood.

केश्राट keśata, as, m. a goat; a bug; a louse; N. of a tree, commonly Sonapat, - sonaka; the parching arrow of Kāma-deva, the god of love; a brother; an epithet of Vishnu.

केशाहका keśārukā, f. = kaśerukā, the back-bone.

कसर kesara or kesara, as, am, m. n. (the former form being more usual in Vedic and the latter in classical literature), the hair; the mane (of a horse or lion); the filament of a lotus or of any vegetable; a fibre (as of a Mango fruit); (am), n.