marries a virgio; kaumāram vratam, a vow of abstinence); soft, tender; relating to the god of war or Sanat-kumāra, belonging or peculiar to them; (i), f. one of the seven divine Matris, the divine mothers or personified energies of the gods, the energy or sakti of Kumära or Kärttikeya the god of war; a kind of bulbous plant, = vārāhī-kanda; (am), n. childhood, youth from birth to the age of five; maidenhood to the age of sixteen. - Kaumaraparvata, as, m., N. of a mountain. - Kaumārabhritya, am, n. the rearing and education of children, a department of medical science; [cf. humārabhrityā.] - Kaumārarājya, am, n. (ft. kumārarāja = rāja-kumāra, yuva-rāja), the position of an heir-apparent; [cf. yauvarājya.].

Kaumāraka, am, n. childhood, the juvenile age. Kaumārika, as, ī, am, endowed with girls; (as), m. a father of girls. - Kaumārika-tantra, am,

n., N. of a Tantra.

कोमद kaumuda, as, m. (fr. kumuda), the month Kärttika, October-November; (i), f. moonlight, moonshine (from its causing the Kumudas to blossom); elucidation, (the word Kaumudī being metaphorically used like other words of similar import (candrika) at the end of the title of grammatical commentaries and other explanatory works to imply that the book so designated throws much light on the subject of which it treats, e.g. padartha-kaumudī, prakriyā-k°, laghu-k°, valshamya-k°, siddhanta-ko); the day of full moon in the month Kārttika, sacred to the god Kārttikeya; the day of full moon in the month Āśvina; a festival in honour of Karttikeya held on the full moon of the month Kārttika; a festival in general; N. of a metre consisting of two lines of twenty-four syllables each; N. of a river. - Kaumudī-ćāra, as, am, m. n. the day of full moon in the month Āśvina. - Kaumudīpati, is, m. the moon. - Kaumudī-vriksha, as, m. the stick or stand of a lamp.

Kaumudika, as, ī, am, relating to a water-lily, abounding with them; (ikā), f., N. of a female

friend of Umā.

कोमोदको kaumodaki, f. (fr. kumodaka), N. of the dub or mace of Vishnu or Krishna, given to him by Varuna.

Kaumodi, f. the club or mace of Vishnu or Krishna.

कीम kaumbha, as, ī, am (fr. kumbha), put into a pot.

Kaumbhakāraka, made by a potter (?).

Kaumbhakāri, is, m. or kaumbhakārya, as, m. the son of a potter.

कौरम kaurama, as, m., N. of a man; (a various reading has kauruma.)

कारयाण kaurayāṇa, as, m. (fr. kurayāṇa), a patronymic of Pāka-sthāman.

कीरव kaurava, as, i, am (fr. kuru), belonging to the Kurus &c.; (as), m. a patronymic from Kurn; a descendant of Kuru; also kauravaka.

Kauravāyaņi, is, or kauraveya, as, m. a patro-

nymic from Kuru.

Kauravya, as, m. a patronymic from Kuru; a descendant of Kuru; N. of a Naga, father of Ulupi. Kauravyāyanī, f. a female descendant of Kuru.

- Kauravyāyanī-putra, as, m., N. of a teacher. Kaurukatya, as, a, am, belonging to the family of the Kurus and Katas.

Kaurukullaka, ās, m. pl., N. of a Buddhist sect. Kaurupańćāla, as, ī, am, belonging to the race of the Kurus and Pańćālas.

Kaurupathi, is, m. (fr. kuru-patha), N. of a teacher.

कोपर kaurpara, as, i, am (fr. kurpara), being at the elbow.

कीर्प kaurpya, as, m. (a word borrowed from the Gr. σκορπίος), the sign of the zodiac Scorpio.

कामे kaurma, as, ī, am (fr. kūrma), belong-

ing or relating to a tortoise, connected with a tortoise, acting as one; belonging or relating to the Avatāra of Vishnu as a tortoise; (as), m., N. of a Kalpa, the day of full moon of Brahmā; (am), n., scil. puranam, title of a Purana on the subject of Vishnu's descent as a tortoise. - Kaurmopapurāņa ("maup°), am, n., N. of an Upa-purana.

कील kaula, as, ī, am (fr. kula), belonging or relating to a family, ancestral, extending over a whole family or race, sprung from a noble family, of a good family, well-born; (as), m. a worshipper of Sakti according to the left-hand ritual; (am), n. the doctrine and practices of the left-hand Saktas. - Kaulopanishad ('la-up'), t, f. title of an Upanishad.

Kaulakeya, as, i, am, sprung from a noble family, of a good family, well-born; (as), m. a bastard;

(wrong form for kaulateya.)

Kaulattha, as, i, am (fr. kulattha), made or prepared with or consisting of Dolichos Uniflorus;

(am), n. a drink prepared with Kulattha. Kaulatthina, as, a, am, sown with Dolichos

Uniflorus (as a field). Kaulika, as, ī, am, belonging to a family or race, customary in a family, ancestral, heritable in the family; (as), m. a weaver; a heretic, an impostor; a follower of the left-hand Sakta ritual.

Kaulina, as, ā, am, peculiar or belonging to a noble family; (as), m. the son of a female beggar; a follower of the left-hand Sakta ritual; (am), n. rumour, report; evil report, detraction; family scandal; combat of animals, of birds, snakes, &c.; cockfighting, &c.; contention of animals as a species of gambling; a privity, a privy part, the pudenda; high birth, family descent; an improper act, a bad deed.

Kaulinya, am, n. high birth, nobility; family honour; family trouble, family scandal.

Kauleya, as, ī, am, sprung from a noble family; of the left-hand Sākta sect; [cf. kaula, kaulika, kaulina.]

Kauleyaka, as, i, am, sprung from a noble family, of good parentage; pertaining to a family;

(as), m. a dog (a domestic animal).

Kaulya, as. a, am, sprung from a noble family, of good family or parentage; of the left-hand Sākta sect.

कोलिटिनेय kaulațineya, as, ī, m. f. (fr. kulațā), the son or daughter of a female beggar; a bastard.

Kaulateya, as, i, m.f. the child of a female beggar; a bastard, the child of a disloyal wife.

Kaulațera, as, ā, m. f. a bastard, son or daughter of a disloyal wife; the child of a beggar.

कालव kaulava, as, m., N. of the third Karana or astronomical period.

कोलाल kaulāla, as, m., Ved. a potter, = kulāla; the son of a potter. - Kaulāla-ćakra, am, n. a potter's wheel.

Kaulālaka, as, ī, am, made by a potter, pertaining to a potter; (am), n. earthenware, porcelain.

कोलितर kaulitara, as, m., Ved. an epithet of the demon Sambara.

कौलिशिक kauliśika, as, ī, am (fr. kuliśa), resembling a thunderbolt.

कौलीक kaulika, as, m., Ved. a kind of

कोलीरा kaulīrā, f. (fr. kulīra), N. of a plant, = karkata-sringī.

कोलत kaulūta, as, m. a king of the Kulūtas; (a various reading has kaulūbha.)

कोल्मलबहिष kaulmalabarhisha, am, n., N. of a Sāman called after Kulmala-barhisha.

कोल्मापी kaulmāshī, f. (fr. kulmāsha), a day of full moon on which Kulmāsha is eaten.

Kaulmāshīna, as, ā, am, sown with or fit for Kulmāsha (as a field).

कावल kauvala, am, n. = kuvala, the fruit of the tree Zizyphus Jujuba.

कांवर kauvera, as, ī, am (fr. kuvera), relating or belonging to Kuvera, coming from him; (7), f., scil. dis, the region of Kuvera, the north quarter; the sakti or female energy of Kuvera; (am), n. a plant, a kind of Costus, Costus Speciosus.

कोश 1. kauśa, as, ī, am (fr. kuśa), made of Kuśa grass; (am), n., scil. nagara, the town of Kuśa, an epithet of Kanyakubja. - Kauśambhas (°śa-am°), as, n. Kuśa grass boiled in water.

Kausya, as, a, am, made of Kusa grass.

कीश 2. kauśa, as, ī, am (fr. kośa), silken,

1. kaustka, as, ī, am, being in a sheath or scabbard, sheathed, incased; silken, silk; (as), m. one who is versed in dictionaries; the compiler of a dictionary, a lexicographer; the fragrant substance bdellium; marrow; (a), f. a drinking-vessel.

Kauseya or kausheya, as, ī, am, silken, of silk; (am), n. silk, a silk cloth, a silk petticoat or trowsers,

a woman's lower garments of silk.

काशल kauśala, am, n. (fr. kuśala), wellbeing, welfare, good fortune, happiness, prosperity; skilfulness, cleverness, experience; (i), f. friendly inquiry, greeting, salutation; a respectful present, a Nazr; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people.

Kausalikā, f. a present, a respectful gift or offering. Kausalya, am, n. welfare, well-being, good fortune, prosperity; cleverness, experience;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. see

kausalya.

काशास kauśāmba, am, n. (fr. kuśāmba), N. of a realm; (i), f., N. of an ancient city on the Ganges in the lower part of the Doab, in the vicinity of Kurrah; also vatsa-pattana.

Kauśāmbeya, as, m. a patronymic from Kuśāmba. Kausambya, as, m. the chief of Kausambi.

कोशाश्वी kauśāśvī, f., N. of a town built by Kuśāśva.

काशिक 2. kauśika, as, ī, am (fr. kuśika), of the family of Kušika &c.; (as), m. a patronymic of Viśvā-mitra, who was the son or grandson of Kusika; N. of a teacher, author of the Sutras of the Atharva-veda; a brother of Paippalādi; N. of a grammarian; N. of one of Jarasandha's generals; an epithet of Indra (as originally perhaps belonging to the Kusikas or friendly to them); N. of a son of Vasudeva; N. of an Asura; an epithet of Siva; N. of the plant Vatica Robusta [cf. kuśika and aśvakarna]; an ichneumon; an owl; love, passion; (i), f., N. of a river in Bahar, commonly called Kosi or Koosa, created by Viśvā-mitra, or identified with Satyavatī, the sister of Viśvā-mitra; an epithet of the goddess Durgā; N. of a Buddhist female beggar or pari-vrājikā; (as, ī, am), coming from an owl. - Kausika-priya, as, m. an epithet of Rama. - Kausika-phala, as, m. the cocoa-nut tree, (said to have been created by the sage Viśvā-mitra when endeavouring to form a human being in rivalry of Brahmā, the nut being the rudiment of the head.) - Kausikānguli, is, m., N. of a teacher. - Kausikātmaja (°ka-āt'), as, m. Indra's son, an epithet of Arjuna. – Kausikāyudha (°ka-āy°), am. n. the bow of Indra, the rainbow. - Kaustkarati (ka-ar), is, m. an enemy of owls, a crow; also kausikāri, &c. - Kausiki-putra, as, m., N. of 2 teacher. - Kauśiky-oja. as, m. (oja = ojas), N. of a tree, = śākhoţā. Kausikāyani, is, m. (a patronymic fr. kausika),

N. of a teacher. Kausikin, inas, m. pl. the pupils of Kausika.

कोशिकार kausikāra, as, m. = kosa-kāra,

q.v. काशिज kauśija, ās, m. pl., N. of a people. कोशीतकी kauśītakī = kaushītakī, q. v.