misha (°ga-ām°), am, n. buffalo's flesh. - Khadgāhva (°ga-āh°), as, m. a rhinoceros.

Khadgata, as, m. a large kind of reed, Saccharum

Spontaneum; [cf. brihat-kāśa.]

Khadgārīta or khadgārāta (?), as, m. 2 shield or the blade of a sword (?); one who observes a particular religious penance peculiar to Buddhists, viz. rubbing the feet backwards and forwards on the edge of a sword made red hot; [cf. asi-dhārā.]

Khadgika, as, m. a swordsman; a butcher, a vender of flesh meat; the cream of buffalo's milk;

[cf. khattika.]

Khadgin, ī, inī, 1, armed with a sword, a swordsman; (i), m. a rhinoceros; N. of a Jina or Jaina saint. - Khadgi-māra, as, m. a kind of creeper, Scirpus Maximus, = khadga-kośa.

Khadgika, am, n. a sickle, a small scythe.

विण्विणाय khanakhanaya (an onomatopoetic word), A. khanakhanāyate, -yitum, to utter or give out any peculiar sound; to tick, tinkle,

Khanakhanayamana, as, a, am, tinkling, &c.

GUS khand, cl. 1. A., 10. P. khandale, -ditum, khandayati, -yitum, to break, tear, break in pieces, crush, cut, divide; destroy, annihilate, defeat, conquer; disappoint, frustrate,

interrupt, disturb, deceive, cheat.

Khanda, as, a, am, broken, torn asunder, divided, having chasms, gaps, or breaks; deficient, defective, crippled; (as, am), m. n. a break, a gap, a chasm, a fissure, a fracture (e. g. kedāra-khanda, a gap or fracture in the embankment of a field); a piece, part, fragment, portion; a section of a work, part, chapter; a party, number, multitude, assemblage; a term in an equation; (as), m. treacle or molasses partially dried, candied sugar; a flaw in a jewel; N. of a people; (am), n. a kind of salt (vid-lavana), black salt; a sort of sugar-cane; [cf. uttara-khanda, karka°, kāla°, kāsî°.] - Khanda-kataka, cs or am, m. or n. (?), title of an astronomical work composed by Brahma-gupta. - Khanda-kathā, f. a fragmentary tale; a tale or story divided into sections (?). - Khanda-karna, as, m. a kind of bulbous plant; sweet potato. - Khanda-kārya, am, n. a fragmentary poem; a poem interspersed with prose(?). - Khanda-giri, is, m., N. of a mountain. - Khanda-ja, as, m. a kind of sugar, treacle, molasses, = guda, yavāsa-sarkarā. - Khanda-jodbhavaja ('ja-ud'), as, m. a kind of candied sugar prepared from Khandaja. - Khanda-tā, f. the being divided, division. - Khanda-deva, as, m., N. of the author of a commentary on Jaimini's Nyāyasūtras, called Bhāṭṭadīpikā; also of the Mīmāṇsā-Kaustubha. - Khanda-dravya, as, m., N. of a man. - Khanda-dhārā, f. shears, scissors; a kind of dance or air (?). - Khanda-pattra, am, n. a bundle of various leaves. - Khanda-parasu, us, m. an epithet of Siva as cutting his foes to pieces with his axe. - Khanda-parśu, us, m. a N. of Siva; of Paraśu-rāma; of Rāhu; an elephant with a broken tusk; a spreader of unguents or fragrant powders &c.; a drug, commonly called Khandāmalaki (see khandāmalaka). - Khanda-pāṇi, is, m., N. of a prince. - Khanda-pāla, as, m. a confectioner, seller of sweetmeats (for khanda-pāna?). - Khanda-pralaya, as, m. a partial destruction of the universe in which all the spheres beneath Svarga or heaven are dissolved in one common ruin; a quarrel; the dissolution of the bands of friendship or of society; (in the latter sense more correctly khanda-pranaya.) - Khanda-prasasti, is, f., N. of a poem attributed to Hanumat; an older N. for the play Hanuman-nātaka. - Khanda-phana, as, m. a kind of serpent. - Khanda-mandala, am. n. a segment of circle, part of a circle, an incomplete sphere; (as, ā, am), gibbous, not full or round - Khanda-maya, as, ī, am, consisting of pieces. - Khanda-modaka, as, m. a kind of sugar, granulated or candied (yavāsaśarkarā). - Khanda-lavana, anı, n. a kind of salt (vid-lavana), black salt. - Khanda-sarkara, f. candied sugar or sugar in pieces. - Khanda-sas, ind. in pieces, by pieces, bit by bit, piece by piece, piecemeal; khandasah kri, to divide or cut into pieces; khandaso bhū, to be divided, to be separated into pieces. - Khanda-sākhā, f., N. of a plant, = mahisha-vallī. - Khanda-sīlā, f. a loose woman, an unchaste wife. - Khanda-sara, as, m. a kind of sugar (yavāsa-śarkarā), candied sugar. - Khandābhra da-abho), am, n. scattered clouds; a bite, the impression of the teeth in amorous sport. - Khandamalaka (da-ām°), am, n. myrobalan cut up into small pieces (to be used as a medicine). - Khandalī (°da-ālī), f. a measure for oil; a pond; a woman whose husband has been guilty of infidelity.

Khandaka, as, ā, am, breaking to pieces, destroying, removing, rendering ineffectual; (as, am), m. n. a fragment, a part, a piece; (as), m. treacle or molasses partially dried, candied sugar; one who has no nails; pared or clipped finger-nails (?); N. of a metre, = āryā-gīti; a kind of dance or tune (?); [cf. khanda-dhārā.] - Khandakālu or khandakāluka ('ka-ālu), am, n. an esculent root, sweet

Khandana, as, ā, am, breaking, dividing, cutting, reducing to pieces, destroying, annihilating, removing; (am), n. the act of breaking or cutting or dividing, burning, injuring, injury; interrupting, disappointing, frustrating; cheating, deceiving; refuting (in argument); rebellion, opposition; discarding, dismissal. - Khandana-kāra, as, m. an epithet of Harsha. - Khandana-krit, t, m., N. of an author. - Khandana-khandakādya (ka-ād°), am, n. title of a work on logic by Harsha. - Khandana-rata, as, ā, am, skilful in cutting or destroying, destructive.

Khandaniya or khanditavya, as, ā, am, to be broken or divided, frangible, fragile, brittle; destruc-

tible, refutable, &c.

Khandala or khandava, as, am, m.n. a piece,

Khandika, as, m. a sugar-boiler, a sugar-baker (?); pease; the armpit; N. of a man; (\bar{a}) , f. the pod of pease; a kind of air or tune in music.

Khandita, as, ā, am, cut, torn, broken in pieces, scattered, dispersed, destroyed; broken as allegiance, disobeyed against, rebelled; refuted, controverted; disappointed, betrayed, abandoned as a lover; (a), f. a woman whose husband or lover has been guilty of infidelity. - Khandita-vigraha, as, ā, am, maimed, mutilated. - Khandita-vritta, as, a, am, one whose manner of life is dissolute, an immoral man. - Khanditāsansa (ota-āso), as, ā, am, disappointed, foiled,

Khandin, ī, inī, i, consisting of pieces, in pieces or parts; divided, comminuted; (1), m. a wild kind of kidney-bean, = Vana-mudga; a N. of Harsha; (ini), f. the earth.

Khandi-kri, cl, 8. P. A. -karoti, -kurute, -kartum, to divide or break into small pieces, to cut up, tear to pieces &c.

Khandīra, as, m. a kind of kidney-bean, Pīta-

Khandu = khanda, a kind of sugar (?).

Khanderaya, as, m., N. of an author.

Khandya, as, a, am, to be broken or divided, fragile, destructible, &c.

वावका khanvakhā, f. (an onomatopoetic word), Ved., N. of a frog.

खतमाल kha-tamāla, &c. See under 3. kha.

বার khatta, as, m., N. of an astronomer.

संदर्भ khad, el. 1. P. khadaii, éakhāda, akhadīt and akhādīt, &c., to be steady or firm, to strike, hurt, kill; to eat (?); [cf. Lat.

Khadira, as, m. the tree Acacia Catechu, having very hard wood, the resin of which is used in medicine, called Catechu, Khayar, Terra Japonica; an epithet of Indra; the moon; N. of a man; (ī), f. a sensitive plant, Mimosa Pudica; (sometimes also

khadirā.) - Khadira-kuņa, as, m. the fruit time of the Khadira tree. - Khadira-pattrikā or khadira-pattri, f. a sensitive plant, a kind of Mimosa (khadirī). - Khadira-maya, as, ī, am, made of the wood of Khadira - Khadira-vana, am, n. a Khadira forest. - Khadira-vanika, as, m., N. of a Buddhist Bhikshu. - Khadira-vat, an, atī, at, overgrown with Khadira; (tī), f., N. of a region.

- Khadira-varman, ā, m., N. of a king. - Khadira-svāmin, ī, m., N. of a scholiast. - Khadiropama (°ra-up'), am, n. a kind of Mimosa (kadara).

Khadiraka, as, m., N. of a mountain.

खदिका khadikā, ās, f. pl. fried or parched

खदरक khadūraka, as, m., N. of a man; (am), n. a dwarf.

खद्रवासिनी kha-dūra-vāsinī, &c. under 3. kha.

सिवंगत, cl. 1. P. A. khanati, -te, ćα-khāna, ćakhne, khanishyati, -te, akhānīt and akhanīt, akhanishta, khanitum, to dig, dig up, delve, to turn up the soil, excavate, root up; to dig into the earth, bury: Caus. khānayati, -yitum, to cause to dig or dig up: Desid. cikhanishati, -te: Intens. ćankhanyate, ćākhāyate, ćankhanti; [cf. Gr. xalvw, xavw; Old Germ. ginêm, ginêm; Mod. Germ. gähne; Angl. Sax. cina, cinan; Lat. cuniculus, canalis.]

Khana, as, ā, am, Ved. digging; rooting up. Khanaka, as, ī, am, digging, digging up, dividing; a digger, excavator; (as), m. a miner; a house-breaker, a thief; a rat; N. of a friend of Vidura.

Khanat, an, antī, at, digging, digging up, ex-

Khanana, am, n. the act of digging, excavating; digging into the earth, burying.

Khananiya, as, ā, am, to be digged, to be ex-

Khani, is, is, i, Ved. digging or rooting up; (is or i), f. a mine, especially of precious stones; a quarry, a cave. - Khani-netra or khani-netra, as, m., N. of a prince with the epithet Karandhama.

Khanitri, tā, trī, tri, a digger, delver, excavator,

Khanitra, am, n. an instrument for digging, a spade, shovel, hoe, pickaxe; (as), m., N. of a prince. Khanitraka, am, n. or khanitrikā, f. a small shovel or scoop.

Khanitrima, as, a, am, Ved. produced by digging. Khanitvā, ind. having dug.

Khanya, as, ā, am, Ved. to be digged or excavated. Khāta, as, ā, am, dug, dug up, excavated; torn, rent; (am), n. digging a hole; an excavation; a ditch, fosse, moat, well; a cavern; a square or oblong pond; (ā), f. an artificial pond; [cf. deva-khāta, &c.] - Khāta-bhū, ūs, f. a moat, ditch. - Khāta-rūpa-kāra, as, m. a potter.

Khātaka, as, m. a digger, delver; a debtor [cf. khādaka]; (ikā), f. a ditch; (am), n. a moat, ditch.

Khāti, is, f. digging, excavating. Khātra, am, n. a spade, shovel, hoe; a moat, a square or oblong pond; a wood; a thread; horror. Khāna, as, m. digging. - Khānoduka ('na-ud'), as, m. the cocoa-nut tree.

Khānaka, as, ikā, am, one who digs, a digger.

Khāni, is, ī, f. a mine.

Khānika, am, n. an opening or hole in a wall, a

Khānila, as, ā, am, a house-breaker; (sometimes read khānina.)

Khānya, as, ā, am, to be digged.

Kheya, as, ā, am, to be dug, to be excavated; (am), n. a ditch, a moat.

खनपान khanapāna, as, m., N. of a prince, a son of Anga and father of Divi-ratha.

खपराग kha-parāga. See under 3. kha.